The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

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THOMAS TIGAR,

EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

OFFICE,—Immediately over the Telegraph Office, corner of Clinton and Columbia streets Third Story.

TERMS:

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Executed with neatness, accuracy and dispatch on the most reasonable terms.

The Knox Insurance Company.

FIRE, MARINE AND LIFE INSURANCE.

Capital Stock—$200,000!

Office on Water Street, in Wises' Brick Row, VINCENNES, IND.

THIS Company, having been duly organized and ten p.r cent. paid on the capital stock subscribed, and the balance secured by mortgage on Real Estate and by personal guarantees, are now prepared to effect Insurance against Loss or Damage by Fire, on Buildings, Merchandize, Machinery, Manufactories, and all descriptions of property; also, Merchandize and Produce in the course of inland transportation, the risks of the seas, &c., &c.; also, the hulls of Steamboats, and other vessels and upon the Lives of individuals going to California. The rates of premium will be as low as those of any other RESPONSIBLE Company.

All Losses liberally adjusted and promptly paid. The stock of this Company is held entirely in the West, and controlled by western men, and in no way connected with New York

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y22

Columbus Insurance Company,

OF COLUMBUS, OHIO.

Capital paid in $300,000.

INCORPORATED IN 1832.

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THE Subscriber, agent at Fort Wayne of this successful and responsible Company continues to insure on risks in Allen and adjacent counties.

This Company, since its organization, has paid nearly $200,000 of dividends to its stockholders. The losses have always been promptly adjusted and paid. The subscriber during the past year paid over $2,500 for losses on policies issued by him. All losses are adjusted at the agency where the risk is taken, and persons insuring in the Company may have full confidence of its ability to pay, and of its liberal, prompt, and honorable dealing with the insured.

JOSEPH K. EDGERTON, *Agent.*

Fort Wayne, Nov. 27, 1849. y22

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Fire & Marine Insurance Company

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THE undersigned, Agent of this old and well known Company is fully authorised to insure Dwellings, Stores, Hotels, Warehouses, Mills, Manufactories, Barns, &c. Also, Household Furniture and Goods, Wares and Merchandise contained or stored therein, against

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INLAND TRANSPORTATION,

Also shipments of Goods, Wares and Merchandize, per good vessal or vessels, between New Orleans and Eastern ports—between New Orleans and other Gulf ports—between all American ports and English or European ports or to any maratime ports whatsoever in the Atlantic waters, against the

PERILS OF THE SEAS.

For terms of Insurance,—also pamphlets containing further information apply to

JOHN HOUGH, Jr,
Agent Protection Insurance Company.

Fort Wayne, Jan. 26, 1850. 45y

Not in the Combination.

THE CITY INSURANCE COMPANY OF CINCINNATI, one of the most substantial in the country, and operating on a capital as large and well secured as that of any other, continues to take risks against fire at the OLD RATES, not being in the *Combination* which has so greatly raised the premium required by other companies.

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Fort Wayne, Jan. 26, 1850. 0f.

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Insurance Company

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E. B. REEDER, *President.*

N. GREGORY, *Secretary.*

*** OFFICE,—No. 8 Front street, between Main and Sycamore, Cincinnati, Ohio.

The subscriber has been appointed agent of the above company in this city, to whom application can be made for policies, pamphlets, information, &c., at Room No 1 Court House.

EDWARD F. COLERICK.

Fort Wayne, Dec. 9, 1849. 28—tf.

WASHINGTON COUNTY MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY. HARTFORD LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

CHARLES WHITMORE.
Nov. 17, 1849 General Agent for Indiana.

Marine Insurance.

THE undersigned Agent of the CITY INSURANCE COMPANY of Cincinnati, is now prepared to insure against loss or damage by the perils of SEA or INLAND NAVIGATION, Boats of all descriptions and their Cargoes, and on Goods, Wares and Merchandize generally.

The above Company is not in the combination that have raised the rates of Insurance.

EDWARD F. COLERICK, Agent.

Fort Wayne, April 12, 1850 34

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

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Land and Collection Agents,

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WILL practice in the State and Federal Courts, and give special attention to *Land Agencies* and the *Securing and Collecting of Debts* in any part of Indiana:

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Grinnell, Minturn & Co. } *New York.*
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Hugh McCulloch,
R. W. Taylor,

OFFICE—On Clinton-st., opposite the Brick Church.

July 27, 1850. y—4

I. H. BEECHER. W. LAWRENCE.

BEECHER & LAWRENCE, *Attorneys and Counsellors-at-Law*, Fort Wayne, Ind. OFFICE.—Over B. SMITH'S *Store*, on the Corner of Columbia and Calhoun Streets. Will attend to COLLECTIONS, and all kinds of WRITING, LAND AGENCIES, &c., &c. y25.

E. F. COLERICK. [1849.] W. H. WITHERS.

COLERICK & WITHERS, *Attorneys and Counsellors-at-Law, and General Land and Tax Agents*, Fort Wayne, Indiana. Will attend to the Collection, and Securing of Debts, and Examination of Titles, &c., in Indiana.

*** OFFICE—Room No. 1, Court House.

Nov. 17, 1849. 20—y.

WM. W. CARSON, *Attorney and Counsellor at Law*, Fort Wayne, Indiana. Will practice in the Courts of the 12th Judicial Circuit, Ind., and will also attend with promptness to any business entrusted to his care.

REFERENCES.

Hon. David McDonald } *Professors of Law*
" William T. Otto, } *Indiana University.*
Samuel Hanna, *Fort Wayne.*
Thos. Hamilton, "
Allen Hamilton, "
Samuel L. Rugg, *Decatur.*

*** OFFICE—On Clinton Street, two doors north of the Bank. y38

JOHN G. WALPOLE, *Attorney at Law*, Fort Wayne, Ind., will attend to any business entrusted to his care in the Court of Allen County, and in the Supreme and U. S. Court at Indianapolis.

Office on Calhoun Street, over B. Smith's store.

Sept. 30, 1848. y13.

G. L. SITES, *Attorney and Counsellor at Law*, Fort Wayne, Indiana. He will practice law in the Courts of the 12th Judicial Circuit, and will attend with promptness to any business entrusted to his care. OFFICE—Removed to room over T. K. Brackenridge's Store, corner Main and Calhoun-st. 1y17.

F. P. RANDALL, *Attorney and Counsellor at Law, and Master in Chancery*, Fort Wayne Indiana. OFFICE on Clinton street, two doors south of H. Colerick's *Brick Store.*

R. BRAKENRIDGE, Jun., *Attorney and Counsellor at Law* Fort Wayne, Indiana. Will attend to the Collection, Adjustment, or Securing of Debts, the payment of Taxes purchase and sale of lands, and examination of Titles in any part of Indiana.

REFERENCES

Messrs. W. G. & G. W. Ewing, *Fort Wayne.*
" A. Hamilton, "
" S. Hanna, "
" Hugh McCulloch, "
" Alfred Harrison, *Indiadapolis.*
" Richard Suydam, *New York.*
" W. Hyslop, "
" Alex. Kevan, "
" Jos Jamieson, "
" J. D. & C. Jones, *Cincinnati, Ohio.*

OFFICE—Over W. Wall & Co.'s Drug Store, on Calhoun-s

M. JENKINSON, Attorney at Law, &c. ANTHONY F. YAGER, Dr. of Laws & German Advocate

MR. JENKINSON informs his friends and the public generally, that he has formed a law co-partnership with Anthony F. Yager, Esq., who has been in the practice for twelve years in Germany. Their firm will be conducted under the name of Jenkinson & Yager. They will attend with promptness to all business entrusted to their care in the courts of Indiana, to making and translating of documents, powers of attorney, and other letters mandatory, deeds, mortgages, &c. in the English, German, and French languages, to the examination of land titles in Northern Indiana, collection of claims, and securing of debts, payment of taxes, purchase and sale of lands, &c. Mr. Yager especially offers his services to his German countrymen in all kinds of legal business and correspondences, as well as the collection of money in Germany, where his numerous and careful correspondents, in every part of that country, will enable him to accomplish all such mandates.

REFERENCES:

Allen Hamilton, Esq. F. & J. Nirdlinger.
Samuel Hanna, Esq. Dr Wehmer.
Hon. Judge W. Borden. George Mayer, Esq.

Fort Wayne, Ia., August 25, 1849. 18.

JOHN HOUGH, JR. WILLIAM F. DAY.

HOUGH & DAY,

Attorneys & Counsellors at Law

FORT WAYNE, IA,

WILL attend to all legal business entrusted to their care; and will give especial attention to the collecting and securing of debts throughout the State.

REFERENCES.

Allen Hamilton, Fort Wayne.	Spofford, Tileston & Co. N.Y
J. W. Townley & Co. "	David Leavitt, "
Young & White, Maumee.	Taylor & Hogg, "
W. A. Otis & Co., Cleveland.	Halstead, Haines & Co., "
Hitchcock, Wilson & Wade, "	Halstead & Brokaw, "
W. B. Robbins, Cincinnati.	Edward Kellogg, Esq., "
Fox & French, "	Loring, Fisk & Co., Boston.
Minor, Andrews & Co. "	Stoddard & Lovering, "
Coram, Tweed & Co., "	McDowell & Day, Philadelphia
Wilkeson & Co., Buffalo.	Wood & Abbot, "
Hayward & Noye, "	Bullitt & Faitthorne, "

E. A. McMAHON, *Attorney and Counsellor of Law, Fort Wayne, Ia.*, will practice in the courts of this (12th) judicial circuit, and in the Supreme Court of the State, and the Circuit Court of the United States at Indianapolis. OFFICE—Front room in the second story of Fellinger's new building, —corner of Main and Calhoun streets,—where he can be consulted—during the usual business hours—by persons who feel it their interest to have his services.

Dec. 25, 1849. y26

MEDICAL NOTICES.

DOCTOR JONES having returned from Mexico, may be consulted by his friends at his Office, on Main Street, north of the Treasurer's Office, *Fort Wayne.*

August 12, 1848. y6

DRS. AYRES & ROWAN will give their attention to the practice of Medicine and Surgery in Fort Wayne and the surrounding country, and will at any hour promptly attend those who may wish their services.

Office, next door to Hill, Wilson & Co's store. Residence, on Clinton Street, two doors north of Washington-st.

Fort Wayne, Dec 7, 1846.

DR. C. E. STURGIS, continues the practice of Medicine and Surgery at his office on Calhoun street. Those requiring his services will meet with prompt attention.

Fort Wayne, August 18th, 1847. tf8

DR. ROBERT McNEILL (late Surgeon in the United States Volunteer Service in Mexico) offers his professional services to the citizens of Fort Wayne and vicinity.—In addition to his experience in the army, he has had the advantage of several years' private practice in the West, and will be found familiar with the diseases incident to the western country.

He may be found at his office on Calhoun street, above T. K. Brackenridge's Store, or at the Spencer House, and will be happy to attend to any business entrusted to him; and at all times when not professionally engaged.

Fort Wayne, July 6, 1849. 6m1.

Huntington Cottage Inn

FOR SALE.

THE undersigned will sell, at a very low price the above well known *Tavern Stand* in Huntington, together with or without five acres of land adjoining. It is well situate for a public house—near the Court House and other public buildings. If not soon sold it can be RENTED for a term of years

He will also sell the New STORE and HOUSE recently built by Patrick McCarty in said town of Huntington.

Also, FOUR OUT-LOTS on the Hill, in Murray's Addition to said town.

F. P. RANDALL.

Fort Wayne, March 30, '50. tf-89.

POETRY.

LIFE IS SWEET.

"Oh, life is sweet!" said a merry child;
"And I love, I love to roam
In the meadows green 'neath the sky serene—
Oh! the world is a fairy home.
There are trees hung thick with blossoms fair,
And flowers gay and bright;
There's the moon's clear ray, and the sun lit day—
Oh, the world is a world of light!"

"Oh, life is sweet," said a gallant youth
As he conned the storied page;
And he pondered on the days by-gone,
And the fame of a former age.
There was hope in his bright and beaming eye.
And he longed for riper years;
He clung to life—he dared its strife—
He felt no dread nor fears.

"Oh, life is sweet," came merrily
From the lips of a fair young bride;
And happy smile she gave the while
To the dear one by her side.
"Oh, life is sweet, for we shall live
Our constancy to prove;
Thy sorrows mine, my trials thine,
Our solace in our love.

"Oh, life is sweet," said a mother fond,
As she gazed on her helpless child;
And she closer pressed to her gladdened breast
Her babe who unconscious smiled.
"My life shall be for thee my child,
Pure guiltless, as thou art;
And who shall dare my soul to tear
From the tie that forms a part!"

"Oh, life is sweet," said an aged sire,
Whose eye was sunk and dim;
His form was bent—his strength was spent—
Could life be sweet to him?
Oh yes, for round the old man's chair,
His childrents children clung,
And each dear face and warm embrace
Made life seem ever young.

Thus life is sweet, from early youth
To weak, enfeebled age;
Love twines with life, through care and strife,
In every varied stage.
Though rough, perchance, the path we tread,
And dark the sky above,
In every stage there's something yet
To live for and to love.

$200 PRIZE SONG.

GREETING TO AMERICA.

Sung by JENNY LIND at her First Concert in N. York.

BY BAYARD TAYLOR.—MUSIC BY BENEDICT.

I greet with a full heart, the Land of the West,
Whose Banner of Stars o'er a world is unrolled;
Whose empire o'ershadows Atlantic's wide breast,
And opes to the sunset its gateway of gold!
The land of the mountain, the land of the lake,
And rivers that roll in magnificent tide—
Where the souls of the mighty from slumber awake,
And hallow the soil for whose freedom they died!

Thou Cradle of Empire! though wide be the foam
That severs the land of my fathers and thee,
I hear, from thy bosom, the welcome of home,
For Song has a home in the hearts of the Free!
And long as thy waters shall gleam in the sun,
And long as thy heroes remember their scars,
Be the hands of thy children united as one,
And Peace shed her light on thy Banner of Stars!

From Thompson's Bank Note Reporter.

"LIN'D STOCK,"—Quoted.

JENNY HAS SUNG!—A short time since, she sang in private before *her* majesty, Queen Victoria; and last night, she sang in public before *their* majesties "*John Smith,*" "*John Jones,*" and some seven thousand other of the sovereigns of Uncle Samuel's broad domains. Queen Vic, in a voice modulated boudoir-fashion, graciously condescended to indicate her satisfaction, and most generously presented the cantatrice with a "*King Charles*" *lap dog:* the Sovereigns *Johns* sent up from unsophisticated breasts, a volume of applause as resonant as the billows which surge against the sea girt walls of Castle Garden, and gave her *their hearts.* Let the pallor which overspread Jenny's face, the diamonds of perspiration standing on her brow, and the tremor of her entire frame as the greeting of *our* Sovereigns met her first advance evince which was the more momentous occasion.

But she has sung, and the question is momentarily asked, "What do you think of her?" Now, we are *no* musical critic,—being far better versed in "shorts," "longs," "bears," "bulls," "lame-ducks," and such other Wall-street animals, than in "cadenzas," "bravuras," "sforgatas," etc., yet we feel that in our fashion, we must answer the query.

Her "notes," then, we quote as undeniably "above par." The "issue," though not secured by "State Stocks," and such like perishable commodities, have yet, as discount clerks would say, "a good backer." She draws "ad libitum," on Nature, and from our brief "transactions" with her, we should deem her account there unlimited, and her drafts never liable to dishonor.

We have had the good fortune to hear most of the opera performers who have been before our public, but Jenny is like none of them,—No, not a particle! She is emphatically "suo generis," and therefore not to be measured by comparison. She is not, as some fancy-cravat penny-a-liners would have us believe, the "Queen of Song,"—for such a prefix would imply that she merely presides over that which has been heretofore created; but she is the producer or creator of her own commodity:—a commodity of which there are not, and never has been any "samples," excepting her own in the market. And a most unique, most pure, most heart-acceptable commodity indeed is it in which she deals. We are free to confess, that notwithstanding the high panegyric which has been bestowed on her abroad, we feared her execution might "smell of the shop," or in other words, show a painful training, admirable indeed as evincing skill and high culture, but not searching out and satisfying the deeper and more ethereal emotions of the heart. In this we are happily disappointed. Jenny appeals to the heart with irresistible power. Her "offerings" cannot be refused. One may button up his coat, and folds his arms across his breast, fanciedly secure in the panoply of critical resolve, but at her first notes, the frosts of criticism dissolve, and ere the index on the dial can take ten short steps, the arms drop lax, the coat is pierced just over the heart, and she has found the "little joker" and leads it captive. Her voice, in the extreme scope from "dolce" to "fortissimo," from "andante" to "staccato," is clear, pure, natural, with no haze, no scream, no underdone attempt at inappreciable "bravura"—in brief, with not one linament of schooling perceptible in any single phase of its execution. And then her laugh! Ah! that is positive, palpable witchery! The "ha," "ha," in the "Echo Song" is without parallel in the entire range of things bearing a name. It alone is worth the price of admission to any who would know what a laugh really can do. We have heard a sleek coated "bull" laugh, after tossing some cornered "bear" to the tune of $10,000 in a well planted "do;" but that laugh though glitteringly coin-like in its modulations, is yet a mere mockery to the cachination executed by sweet Jenny. The "Nightingale" is glorious, radiant, good, and the produce of an entire new "stock" in the "exchange" of song. Barnum, in giving us Jenny, has proved himself a regular "brick"—not a 4 by 8 slack-baked four dollar concern—but a smooth, 6 by 12 hard-burnt, "facing" article, such as Tripler might well wish to put in the choicest "jam" or "coping" of the new Hall. We close our quotation by advising all who have a "V" to spare, to go and hear Jenny.

THE NEW CONTRACT between Barnum and Jenny Lind provides that Miss Lind shall sing at one hundred and fifty concerts, giving two a week, or extending through two years, in this or any country, at $1,000 per night, with one-half the receipts whenever they exceed $6,000, Mr. Barnum engaging to pay all expenses. The New York Commercial says that in all minor details Mr. Barnum has most handsomely and liberally deferred to Miss Lind's wishes.

A Tale.

Charlotte Christina Sophia de Wolfenbuttol, wife of the Czarovitz Alexis, son of Peter I., was unfortunately an object of aversion to her husband, although beautiful and amiable; in a fit of passion he gave her one day a blow, which caused her to be prematurely confined with a dead child. The Countess of Konnismarek, who attended on the princess, being aware that if she recovered she would be exposed to further acts of violence determined to declare that she had died. The Czarovitz, to whom this was agreeable news, ordered her immediate interment; couriers were dispatched to inform the Czar of the event, and all the courts of Europe went in mourning.

The princess escaped to America with an aged domestic, who passed for her father, and a female attendant. Whilst she was living in privacy at Louisiana, an officer of the name of D'Auband, who had seen her in Russia, recollected her, and made an offer of his services. Soon after, they heard that the Czarovitz was dead; and D'Auband then engaged to conduct the princess back to Russia, but she found herself happier in a private station, and declared her intention of remaining in retirement. The old domestic dying about this time, she was without any protector, and D'Auband, who had long been attached to her, offered her his hand—she accepted it. Thus she who had been destined to wear the imperial diadem, became the wife of a lieutenant of infantry.

The princess had no reason to regret her second marriage;—happy in the affection of the man she had wedded from choice, she lived in uninterrupted peace and comfort for ten years, without a wish to mingle in the splendid scenes where she had known only misery;—but D'Auband fell into ill health, and his wife anxious above all things for his recovery, proposed that they should go to France to procure the best medical advice, and try the effect of a change of climate. They accordingly embarked for his native land, and soon after he was restored to health. He then solicited an employment, in the Isle of France, where he was appointed major. The princess, however, previous to their quitting France, had been recognized by the Marshall de Saxe, who after having called on her, and heard the story of her adventures, informed his king of the discovery he had made. His majesty desired his minister of marines to write to the governor of the Mauritius, directing that every mark of distinction should be showed on Mons. and Madame D'Auband, and that they should always be treated with the highest consideration. These orders, we are told, were punctually obeyed; the princess lived in tranquil happiness in that island until 1747, when her beloved husband died; she then returned to Paris where she lived to a great age.

Cherry Brandy.—Its Humorous Effects.

The Laird of Boniemoon was very fond of his bottle. On one occasion, he was asked to dine with Lord R——, a neighbor of his; and his Lordship, being well acquainted with the Laird's dislike to small drinks, ordered a bottle of cherry brandy to be set before him after dinner, instead of port, which he always drank in preference to claret, when nothing better was to be got. The Laird thought this fine, heart-some stuff, and on he went, filling his glass like the rest, and telling his jokes, and ever the more he praised his Lordship's *port.* It was a fine full-bodied wine, and lay well on the stomach, not like that poisonous claret that made a body feel as if he had swallowed a nest of puddocks. The Laird had finished one bottle of cherry brandy, or as his Lordship called it, his "particular port," and had just tossed off a glass of the second bottle which he thought to be even better than the first, when his old confidential servant, Watty, came staving into the room, and making his best bow, announced that the Laird's horse was at the door.

"Get out of that, ye fause loon," cried the Laird, pulling off his wig and throwing it at Watty's head. "Do na ye see, ye blethring brute, that I am just beginning *my* second bottle?"

"But maister," says Watty, scratching his head, "it's amaist twell o'clock."

"Well, what though it be?" said the Laird, turning up his glass with druken gravity, while the rest of the company were like to split their sides with laughing at him and Watty. "It canna be ony later, my man, so reach me my wig, and let the nag bide a wee."

It was a cold, frosty night, and Watty was soon tired of kicking his heels at the door—so in a little while back he comes, and says he, "Maister, maister, it's amaist one o'clock!"

"Well, Watty," says the Laird, with a hiccup—for he was far gone by this time—"it will never be any earlier, Watty, my man, and that's a comfort; so you may just rest yoursel a wee while longer, till I finish my bottle. A full belly makes a stiff back, you know, Watty."

Watty was by this time dancing mad; so after waiting another half hour, back he comes, and says he—

"Laird, Laird, as true as death the sun's rising."

"Well, Watty," said the Laird, looking awful wise, and trying with both hands to fill his glass, "let him rise, he has further to gang the day than you or me, Watty."

This answer fairly dumfounded poor Watty, and he gave up in despair. But at last the bottle was finished; the Laird was lifted into the saddle, and he rode off in high glee, thinking all the time that the moon was the sun, and that he had fine daylight for his journey home.

"Hech, Watty, my man," said the Laird, patting his stomach and speaking awful thick, "we were none the worse for that second bottle, this frosty mornin."

"Faith," says Watty, blowing his fingers, and looking as blue as a bilberry, "your honor is, may be, nane the worst for it but I'm nane the better; I wish I was."

Well, on they rode, the Laird griping hard at horse's mane and rolling about like a sack of meal, for the cold air was beginning to make the spirits to tell on him. At last they came to a bit of a brook that crossed the road, and the Laird's horse being pretty well used to having his own way, stopped short, and put down his head to take a drink. This had the effect to make the Laird loose his balance, and away he went, over the horses ears, into the middle of the brook. The Laird, honest man, had just sense enough to hear the splash, and to know that something was wrong; but he was so drunk that he did not in the least suspect that it was himself.

"Watty," says he, "there has surely something tumbled into the brook."

"Faith, say that," replied Watty, ready to roll off his horse with laughing, "for it's just yoursel, Laird"

"Hout, fie, no, Watty," cried the Laird, "it surely canna be me."

"Surely, maister, it is yoursel."

"It canna be me, Watty—for *I'm here.*"

A NEW WAY TO GET RID OF A WIFE.—We announced in the Tribune of Saturday that Dr. Bassett was drowned from the Southerner, on her way from Cleveland to Detroit. We did it on good authority, but it now seems there is a little romance in the story, and Dr. Basset is still alive and kicking.

The facts, as they are related to us, are as follows: A gentleman came on board the Southerner, and purchased a ticket for himself, calling his name Morse. The clerk gave him a state room and told him he should be compelled to put another man in the room with him. All satisfactory. Mr. Morse was very indifferently dressed. In a very short time, a person very genteelly dressed, called for a ticket under the name of Dr. Bassett. The clerk gave him a berth in the state room with Mr. Morse.

On the passage up, the story was started by Morse that Dr. Basset had fallen overboard while in the act of vomiting. All credited it. After a few moments the Captain came to the conclusion that it was singular that no other person than Mr. Morse saw the accident, and some surmised foul play.

Dr. Bassett's baggage was looked for in his state room, but nothing but an old russet leather valise, with his name on it, could be found. This appeared rather singular for so genteel a traveller, who at least would require a change of linen. Thus matters remained until after the boat's arrival at our wharf, and Mrs. Bassett was telegraphed that she was a widow.

On reviewing the whole circumstances, it was concluded that Mr. Morse ought to be arrested and an investigation had. Accordingly, a warrant was obtained and an officer took charge of him. Mr. Morse and Dr. Bassett, from the story of the prisoner, are *one and the same man*, and the unfortunate plot was a stratagem to rid himself of his wife at the east. He tells the story thus: When he got the ticket he wore an old suit. As soon as he got the key of his state room, he entered at once, and placed upon his person another suit of clothes and a pair of false whiskers and went to the clerk for another ticket, as Dr Bassett, which he says is his real name. The drowning scene was got up for an eastern market, where he has a wife, and desired it for *home* consumption.

But here again is the dilemma. The Doctor is a stranger here, and the last we heard from him, he had not been able to prove that *he was himself*, or in other words, that he was the identical Dr. Basset, and the police still hold him a prisoner, until he can make satisfactory evidence that Dr. Bassett is not now a drowned man in Lake Erie.—*Detroit Tribune.*

A MOUSE STORY.—A gentleman who was exceedingly averse to that little animal denominated a mouse, was one day traveling in northern part of the State, and as night set in, put up at a country hotel. After retiring to his room, he carefully examined the corners and crevices to ascertain if there were any holes from which these little marauders might be likely to issue forth, but finding none, he divested himself of his wearing apparel, and consigned himself to the guardian care of Morpheus.

After sleeping soundly for about three hours, he again became conscious of his existence in this world of transitory bliss, but being still in a somewhat dreamy state, he had no clear perception as to what might disturb his disordered imagination. As he was thus lying, midway between sleep and consciousness, he heard something going pit-pit-pit-pit upon the table which closely approximated to the head of his bedstead on which he was sleeping.—He listened more attentively and observed very softly to himself:—

"As I live, this house is beset with those infernal mice, and there is one now gnawing at something on the table."

So saying, he slipped noiselessly out of bed as possible, and feeling for his boot, took hold of the toe part of it, and the heel up—raised, and very softly approached on tiptoe his intended victim.

When close enough to be within striking distance, he again listened, and to his delight found the noise still there, he then raised his arm, and with unerring precission, let fall the heel of his boot upon the unfortunate intruder, exclaiming—"If you havn't got it now!"

Upon striking a light to examine the body of the mangled victim, what was his horror and consternation, to behold! instead of a poor little mouse, it was his own beautiful gold repeater that he had placed upon the table on going to bed, that had made the noise, and which now lay smashed and destroyed.

THE GREAT WORLD'S FAIR.—We are indebted to our Minister in England for English journals communicating some interesting details in regard to the World's Great Industrial Convention to be held in London in 1851. The buildings to be erected for this fair in Hyde Park will, at the lowest estimate, cost a half million of dollars. Mr. Paxton, famous for his botanical works and as a builder of floral conservatories, is the chosen architect, having presented to the commissioners the most suitable plan. The edifice is to cover 18 acres, is to be one 100 feet in height, and is to contain 8 miles of tables. 1,200,000 square feet of glass, 24 miles of one description of gutter, 218 miles of sash bar, and 4000 tons of iron.—Two thousand men will soon be employed on the work.

The sides and roof of this immense structure will be chiefly of glass; and the structure will be so built that it may be permanent, and used as a winter garden. The amount already obtained by subscription is over $300,000. It is estimated that at least half a million of people will visit the exhibition, in the course of the six months it is to continue, and the receipts from this source, at the probable admission price of one shilling, or twenty-four cents, per head, will give $120,000. But the funds derived from every source will fall short of the enormous expenses to be incurted, and the deficiency will, in the end, probably have to be made up by Parliament. Meetings are continually held throughout the kingdom, especially in the manufacturing districts, for the purpose of promoting the enterprise. Prince Albert is at the head of the commission of management.

The arrangements for the reception of foreign contributions are very liberal. Every facility is afforded for their convenience and safe keeping. More space in the bazaar has been allotted to the United States than to any other nation excepting France; but though we have 80,000 square feet allotted to us, we shall probably have to ask for more room.—The American agent, Mr. Thompson, writes that the State of New York alone would, if allowed, fill the entire space assigned to the country. The prizes to successful competitors will amount to at least $100,000, and will be awarded without distinction of country, by as perfectly impartial a jury as can be obtained.

GOLD AND SILVER GLASS.—A new method of manufacturing ornamental glass, has lately been discovered which presents the brilliant appearance of highly polished gold and silver. This mode of "silvering" glass is a new invention, which is now being carried on by a company in London. The various articles are blown of two separate thicknesses of glass throughout, and the silver is deposited upon the two interior surfaces of the double hollow glass vessel. The silver is deposited from a solution of that metal by the reducing agency of saccharine solutions; in short, the process is entirely a chemical one. The double hollow vessels are hermetically sealed, and thus the silver deposit is protected from wear and from atmospheric influences. The brilliant silver deposit being seen through the colored glass, communicates to that substance, in a curiously illusive manner, the appearance of being entirely formed of gold or silver itself. When the glass is cut, the brilliancy of the silver is heightened; and, on the other hand, when the glass is ground, the effect of frosted silver is produced.

By staining, and he employment of variously colored glasses, the effect is modified in a variety of ways; thus, with certain yellow glasses, the effect of gold is produced; with deep green and ruby glass, colored mettallic lustres, equal in effect to the plumage of birds are obtained. As every form into which glass can be blown is silvered with facility, the extent to which this beautiful invention can be carried is perfectly unlimited. The new process extends to flower vases, chimney ornaments, and, in fact, every article usually made of glass. For ornaments, it presents all the lustrous brilliancy of highly polished gold and silver, at a great reduction in cost; and for imitation jewely and illuminations. It will far surpass anything known. In fact, the invention is at present quite in its infancy, and promises soon to fill the houses of the middle classes, usually destitute of brilliant ornaments, with cheap articles, presenting all the striking appearances of costly plate, &c. The *Ladies' Newspaper* lately gave several engravings of vases, &c., made on this new principle.

Free Banking.

According to the last report of the Comptroller of the State of New York, there are organized under the free banking system in that state 113 banks, with a circulation of 11,180,675 dollars, secured by pledges of stock and other securities in value some $00,000 more. The principal error in the system, as at first adopted, consisted in issuing bills on a pledge of real estate mortgages, leaving room for fraudulent valuations, and loss from the depreciation of property. The law now requires one half the circulation to be secured by stocks of the state of New York, or an equal portion of New York and United States stocks, and permits the securing of the remaining half by mortgages upon productive real estate.

Public sentiment in Indiana, we doubt not, will demand the adoption of some system of free banking, and none seems more likely to meet general approbation than to make our own *five per cent. stocks the basis for the circulation*, or rather the pledge for its redemption. These stocks will amount to $5,532,500, nearly three times the amount of the capital of our State Bank, or about fifty per cent. more than its average circulation. After exhausting our own state bonds, should more banking capital become necessary, other stocks might be substituted.

There would be no necessity of interfering with the present organization of our State Bank until the expiration of its charter, when we believe the State should withdraw her capital, disconnect herself entirely from the institution, and leave it optional with the individual stockholders to continue their organization under a free banking system or not, as they might think proper.

The opinion is prevalent and we believe a correct one too, that no man or set of men should be endowed by constitutional or legislative provision, with the right to monopolize the business of Banking. If we must have banks, and it may be doubted whether the time has yet come for entirely dispensing with them, let the business of banking be open like all others to fair and honorable competition, the Legislature contenting itself with imposing such restrictions and safeguards, as shall most effectually protect the community from loss.

With such competition, and with such restrictions, the business of banking is no more odious or discreditable than any other. We are not of those who think every stockholder in or officer of a Bank, of necessity, a swindler, or who seek to excite prejudices among the masses against the money-lender. There have been great wrongs perpetrated by the Banks, great rascalities projected under the reserved rights of a chartered monopoly, but retribution should only be visited upon the heads of the guilty. We pray, as ardently as any one, for the dawn of that political millenium, when there shall be no necessity for banks or monopolies of any kind, but until that time, must content ourselves with exacting their fangs, and rendering them as innocuous as possible.—*Indiana Statesman.*

The Only Dissentient.—The Southern Press at Washington, "the organ of the extreme South," is the only paper that seems to despond in view of the recent action of the House. The leader of Saturday was an article from which we make the following extract:

The Texas dismemberment and New Mexico territorial bill has passed. It has passed the House by a majority of ten votes; and in our opinion it is the most calamitous event which has yet befallen this Union.

When winter comes the Legislatures of the other Southern States will assemble, and we will then see what they meant by their resolutions last winter. If they shall determine that, in declaring their resolution to resist the Wilmot proviso, *they meant the name and not the thing*, that they will have ended the most comprehensive and memorable farce that has ever been enacted before the civilized world, and the South will have sunk to rise no more—

"Unwept, unhonored, and unsung."

But, before that becomes her fate, it is our opinion that

"Many a banner will be torn,
And many a knight to earth be borne."

☞ The Lagro Eagle, published in Lagro, Wabash county, comes out in favor of R. D Owen as the next United States Senator. The editor says:

As by the returns of the late election it is very evident that the Convention has a large majority in favor of the Democrats, and also the Legislature; our party will no doubt have the pleasure of sending some one of like views with themselves. Let the choice then be a good one. Mr. Owen is just the man we want.

Manslaughter.—In St. James' Court, South Carolina, last week, George, a slave, aged eleven years, was tried for the murder of Julia, a slave, aged eight years. The case was ably argued and the jury rendered a verdict of "guilty of manslaughter."

THE CHOLERA ON THE PANAMA—*Frightful Scenes!*—The cholera which broke out on the steamer Panama, on her late trip from San Francisco, created great consternation, and was unusual'y fatal. The Boston

The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 28, 1850.

☞ Mr. V. B. Palmer, Tribune Buildings New York; Third and Chesnut Streets, Philadelphia; and Scollay's Building, Boston, is *Sole Agent* for the Sentinel in those cities; and is alone authorised to receive subscriptions advertisments, &c. on our account.

☞ We are under obligations to Hon. Jesse D. Bright, and Hon. A. J. Harlan, for valuable public documents.

Fire.—On Monday evening last, about half past seven o'clock, a barn in the rear of Messrs. Ewing, Chute, & Co's office was destroyed by fire, supposed to have been the work of an incendiary, as a man was seen to get out of the window of the loft a few moments before the fire was discovered. There were several stacks of hay quite near the building, but by the exertions of the citizens, the flames were prevented from extending to them.

Congress.—We do not see anything of much interest in the proceedings in Congress this week. The bounty laud bill has not yet passed the Senate; it has been amended in several particulars, and if it pass the Senate will have to be returned to the House, where it will most likely be left among the unfinished business. We do not think it will pass this session. A bill making free grants of land to actual settlers was voted down in the Senate—45 to 3.

Congress will adjourn next Monday.

Hon. E. M. Chamberlain.—We have often heard the inquiry made whether this gentleman was a candidate for the U. S. Senate.—The State Sentinel has received a letter from the honorable gentleman, in which he says.—"I am not a candidate for the U. S. Senate, nor shall I be unless the democracy bring forward my name, among others, for that high station."

The State Convention to form a new constitution will assemble at Indianapolis next Monday week, the 7th October. The convention will have a serious and sacred duty to perform, and we hope it will discharge its high trust in such a manner as to merit the approbation of the entire people of the state. Notwithstanding the weighty nature of its duties as all the leading reforms demanded by the spirit of progress which distinguishes the present age have been fully and freely discussed by the people, we do not think there will be the least necessity for a lengthy session. We therefore trust the convention will prove a *working* rather than a *talking* body, and as such will at once proceed to act upon the various measures necessary to perfect the reforms demanded by the people, instead of wasting their time, and abusing the patience of those who elected them by indulging in the too prevalent vice of making long speeches for Buncombe. All the business of the convention can easily be accomplished in six or eight weeks, if the members pursue a proper course, and the session ought not to be extended beyond that time.

The democrats, having a large majority in the convention, will be held responsible for any failure to meet the just expectations of the people in this respect; it will therefore become the duty of the democratic members to discountenance as far as possible any attempt to delay its proceedings by senseless and unmeaning debates, or long winded speeches. There will be many aspiring men in the convention, some of whom may probably so far forget their duty as to seek to obtain a notoriety and prominence by the indulgence of their oratorical powers, or by riding some hobby which they may think calculated to obtain them popularity in their own particular districts, or with certain classes or parties. Now this, we take it, is not the object of the convention, and any one who so far departs from his duty as to indulge in such a course ought to be discountenanced and held up to the contempt of his fellow-citizens as a faithless and unprofitable public servant. The press could do much to lessen the evil indicated in these remarks and to keep the delegates in the line of their duty, by a fearless exposure and condemnation of every one—no matter what his politics—who should thus transgress. It is a duty encumbent upon them as the guardians of the public interests, and we hope they will faithfully discharge it.

Dr. Rutherford's Physiological Lectures.—We are pleased to notice the growing interest manifested by our citizens in this gentleman's admirable lectures. The audience last night was much larger than at any previous lecture, and all were highly pleased with the manner in which the subject was handled. We had no previous idea that a lecture on such an apparently dry topic could be made so interesting.

The lectures will be continued this evening, and on Monday, Tuesday, Thursday, and Friday evenings of next week. We would strongly recommend those who have not already heard this gentleman to attend this evening.

No charge is made for admittance. It is proposed to raise by voluntary subscription, a sum sufficient to remunerate the lecturer, and have the lectures free and open to all who choose to attend. The necessary amount is not yet subscribed, but we trust there is sufficient liberality among our citizens to raise the small amount requisite. Many have not yet subscribed, who we are confident would do so if they only would attend the lectures and satisfy themselves of their value. The laborer in this instance is truly worthy his hire.

☞ We observe the following complimentary notice of Dr. Rutherford, in the Toledo Commercial Republican.

"Dr. Rutherford, who so completely won the esteem of our citizens, by his able course of lectures, this spring, is now lecturing on his favorite science, at Ft. Wayne."

Arkansas Election.—All the returns are in. The Legislature stands—Senate, twenty-one Democrats and *four* Whigs. House, fifty-one Democrats and twenty-four Whigs.

From Maine to Arkansas, the Whig party with its many professions and no principles, appears to have scarcely got a foothold to stand on

Maine Election.—The Democrats have elected their Governor, and a majority in both branches of the Legislature. Both the Whig and Democratic vote is considerably increased from last year; the Free soil vote is diminished 538 in 130 towns, comprising perhaps one-third of the State. The Congressional delegation will comprise two Whigs and five Democrats, as in the present Congress.

The result of the election is a triumph of the friends of the Union over a coalition of free soilers and whigs, for which complete success had been predicted and claimed. The sentiment prevails that whatever party unites with the free soilers will be overthrown.—Judging from the groans of the Albany organ of Sewardism, that portion has received its *coup de grace* in the Empire State.

"The Union—*It must be preserved.*"—By a telegraphic report dated Washington, Sept. 23d, we learn that Edmund Burke, formerly editor of the Union has purchased the establishment, in conjunction with Mr. Overton, one of the present editors. Mr. Ritchie retires.

This a most acceptable change, and cannot fail to be beneficial to the cause of democracy. Mr. Ritchie was too strongly tinctured with southern predjudices—too much wedded to "Old Virginia,"—to publish a paper at the capital that could render efficient service to the democratic party. Mr. Burke, we are satisfied, will take more liberal and national grounds than his predecessor, and under his guidance the party will again become united and invincible. He will preserve the *Union*, which was losing the confidence of the democracy of the north, and secure the union and supremacy of the great democratic party.

More Gass.—Gov. Towns of Georgia has issued a proclamation calling a convention to meet on the 25th *December* next to determine what "the South" must do in view of the *recent* action of Congress on the California, New Mexico, and Texas questions.

"The South" will soon become as celebrated in the *gass* line as Mr. Paine; and this coming exhibition will we predict prove like Mr. Paine's humbug—a great flourish, and a mighty *fizzle* out.

Erie (Pa) Money.—We are told that attempts are being made, by certain wellknown *operators* at Milan to put in circulation the notes of this bank, in exchange for the produce of the Farmers. We know nothing of the condition of this rag factory, but from the fact of its having failed two or three times within the last fifteen years, there is at least a suspicion that it has been galvanized into life with a view to another smash. So look out.—*Norwalk Experiment.*

Spain and the U. States.—The Active Naval Movement.—The special correspondent of the Philadelphia Inquirer telegraphs from Wasington in relation to orders having been dispatched to Norfolk, for the immediate fitting out of all the vessels at that station, as follows:

"Their destination is said to be the West Indies—probably Cuba, and we have various rumors afloat as to the cause. Some affirm that another Cuban Expedition is on foot, and others that Spain has assumed a tone towards the United States, which cannot for a moment be tolerated. One story is, that demands having been made by the American Minister at Madrid, at the instance of this Government, for the release of American citizens resident in Cuba, who had been imprisoned and ruined, without any evidence of a participation in the Lopez invasion—that the Spanish government had refused the required satisfaction—and hence, this movement. It is, perhaps, more precautionary than otherwise.

Rapid Increase of the Revenue on the W. & E. Canal.—We find in the N. Y. Evening Post the following statement of the amount collected for tolls up to the 1st of September, and for the corresponding periods of 1848–9 It will be seen that the tolls on the canal for the month of August, 1850, compared with August, 1849, show an excess of $12,245, an increase of more than 100 per cent.:

Wabash & Erie Canal, Indiana.—The tolls of the Canal for the month of August, 1850,

were.....	$21,023 48
The tolls for August, 1849.....	8 777 55
Increase,.....	$12,245 93
The tolls to 1st Sept 1848. were.	85,437 60
" 1st Sept. 1849, were.	97,090 48
" 1st Sept. 1850, were.	105,514 95

These returns show evidence of a rapid progress, and a proof of the importance of the Canal to western interests.

The Explanation.—Many have tried to explain Webster's apostacy as a bid for the Presidency, but that is not it. He has always been more fortunate in obtaining fees than office. Were we to affirm, on the authority of a member of Congress who claims to know, that Webster holds $80,000 of Texas scrip, which will be increased perhaps 90 per cent, by the ten million bill, and that others from Massachusetts, Vermont, N. York, and Rhode Island, are also in the same game, we should state only what we have the best authority for saying. Read Mr. Benton's speech and get further light on these matters.—*Portland Inquirer.*

Important Contract for the Construction of the Wabash Canal to the Ohio River.—The Trustees of the Wabash Canal have closed a contract with Samuel Forrer, Solomon Sturges, and S. R. Hosmer, of this State, to contruct the Evansville division of the canal This work is to be commenced within thirty days, and finished by the first of November, 1852. This division, from Petersburgh to Evansville on the Ohio river, (fifty-four miles in length,) embraces thirty five miles of very heavy and expensive excavations and embankments. The line to Petersburgh was put under contract some time since and the work is in a forward state.

Commenting on the progress of this magnificent work, the Wabash & Erie Canal, and the prospect of its speedy completion, the N. Y. Evening Post says:

"The Evansville division was the last, to finish the entire canal to the Ohio river. The contractors agree to take the obligations of the trustees, payable at such dates after the work is completed as will enable them to meet the payment out of the tolls of the canal and the sales of the lands without inconvenience. The high character of the contractors, and their abundant responsibility and great experience place the completion of this work, according to the terms of contract, beyond a question. Thus we may look at an early day to the completion of this great canal, which traverses a region of country unsurpassed in fertility by any portion of the Mississippi valley. The contract is understood to be highly advantageous to the trust. The canal is now finished and navigable from Lake Erie to Point Commerce, forty-two miles south of Terre Haute.—*Toledo Commercial Republican*

The Nashville Convention.—The Nashville Convention, it will be remembered, adjourned to meet again six weeks after the adjournment of Congress, at the call of the president of the convention. The Charleston Mercury learns that Judge Sharkey is satisfied with the action of Congress and declines to issue his call for the re assembling of the convention.

COMMERCIAL.

Office of the Sentinel,
Fort Wayne, September 28th, 1850.

The downward tendency of the eastern markets has affected prices here. Wheat has declined to 66 a 68, with a prospect of a still further reduction unless a favorable change should take place at the east

Flour 3 25 Corn 37; Oats scarce and in demand at 30 a 31; Rye 50; Barley 56 a 62; Potatoes 25 a 30; Butter 8 a 10; Eggs 6a8; Apples, green, 25; dried, 1 00; Peaches, green, 37 a 50; dried 1 75 a 2 00.

Toledo, Sept. 26.—Wheat 77 a 78; Flour 3 70; Corn 50; Salt 1 06.

New York, Sept. 24.—Flour, new western, 4 62 a 4 75; pure Genesee, 5 06, Corn 64 a 65.

Buffalo, Sept. 24.—Flour dull at 3 90 a 4 06; Wheat 81 a 81½; Corn 52½ a 53.

Proceedings of Congress.—*Important.*—The business transacted in both houses of Congress, on Saturday, was of a very important character. In the Senate, the bill to suppress the slave trade in the District of Columbia was finally passed by a vote of ayes 32 nays 19. This is the last of the compromise bills.

The House was engaged all day discussing and voting on the Tariff. And from present appearances there is some prospect of the passage by the House of a provision to favor the iron interests. The Committee of Ways and Means have reported a resolution declaring it inexpedient at this time to attempt any legislation on the subject of the Tariff. Mr. Vinton moved an amendment, striking out all after the word resolved, and inserting a resolution instructing the committee to report a bill in the following words:—

Be it enacted, &c., That the proviso of the second section of the civil and diplomatic appropriations bill, approved 10th August, 1846, shall be construed to require the appraisers in appraising all goods, wares and merchandize imported after thirty days from the passage of this act, into any port of the United States, to adopt the average market value of similar articles in the principal ports of the United States during the year ending the 30th of June, 1846, under such general regulations to be prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury as shall prevent frauds and under valuations, and secure a uniform valuation throughout the the United States. Provided, however, that in no case shall duties be assessed on a valuation less than the market value of the article in the principal ports of the United States at the time of entry.

The proviso proposed to be construed by the above act is as follows:

"In appraising all goods at any port of the United States, heretofore subjected to specific duties, but upon which *ad valorem* duties are imposed by the act of 30th July last, entitled 'an act reducing the duties on imports and for other purpose,' references shall be had to orders and invoices of similar goods imported during the last fiscal year, under such general and uniform regulations for the prevention of fraud or under valuation as shall be prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury."

Mr. Vinton's amendment was rejected by a vote of 93 ayes to 96 nays. The resolution of the committee was also subsequently rejected by a vote of 94 to 93, and the matter was finally laid on the table by a vote of 93 to 92. Mr. Vinton't amendment is intended mainly for the benefit of the pig-iron interest, but would afford relief to other branches of manufacture. The matter will doubtless be taken up again this morning, and the friends of the amendment of Mr. Vinton, on account of the closeness of the vote entertain some hope of success.—*Baltimore Sun, Sept 16.*

Wilmot Defeated for the Nomination.—The last Bradford (Pa.) North Pennsylvanian brings us the proceedings of the Democratic Congressional Conference, in the 12th (or Wilmot) district, from which we gather the following:

"Tioga, in the regular democratic county convention, in which the friends of Wilmot participated, and were beaten nearly three to one, elected three conferees, and instructed them for Mr. Lowry, of that county, as their candidate for Congress. Susquehanna, one of the other counties of the district, having previously conceded the Congressional candidate to Tioga, the choice of the latter, being fairly and unquestionably ascertained, became, in effect, the choice of Susquehanna. Wilmot, of course, carried the Bradford conferees, the stronghold of Van Burenism in 1848, and of free-soilism now. Having but two to the four of Susquehanna and Tioga, and seeing defeat staring him in the face, he set about to find a pretext for running against the regular candidate. *Accordingly, his free soil friends in Tioga called a 'mass' meeting and elected two conferees to oppose the two originally chosen by the regular convention, in which Wilmot was beaten nearly three to one!* The object was to exclude the regular and to get in the irregular conferees from Tioga, or else to exclude both. But the trick was too palpable, and, failing in their object, the Wilmot or Bradford conferees withdrew, leaving the four conferees from the other two counties in session; conferees regularly and fairly elected, according to the usages of Susquehanna and Tioga. They forming the regular majority, then proceeded to a nomination, when Jas. Lowry, Esq, of Tioga county, was unanimously nominated as the democratic candidate of Congress in the 12th district. He is a staunch, steady and thorough national democrat. The conferees from Bradford, with their abolition or free-soil confederates from Tioga, then nominated Wilmot as their candidate for Congress.—*Phil. Pennsylvanian.*

Government Expenditures.—For many years the Whig presses have kept up an unceasing complaint against the Democrats, (says the Hartford Times,) on account of the government expenses. In broad terms, without giving reasons, they declared the expenditures to be far too high. They grumbled continually during the Mexican war, though the maintenance of an army in a foreign land was accomplished at a surprisingly low sum—and though more was done in comparison with the amount of money expended, than any army ever before did. But it was their life to grumble—it was their main stay to *oppose*. When did the Whig party ever come up nobly to the aid of our government during a Democratic administration? When was there an appropriation made that did not meet the hostility of Whiggery!

A Year ago last March the Whig administration came into power, and we would ask for the evidences of *economy* which they have so often promised. An expenditure of *fifty two millions of dollars* in one year, is not the kind of retrenchment which the people had a right to expect, after all the fair professions that were made to them. We are at peace with all the world now, and still the expenses amount to just about the same sum of money that they did under Mr. Polk's administration, when there was a war, and an army was supported and sustained in the midst of the enemy. The Whigs may talk of interest on a comparatively small national debt, and may twist and wriggle as they well know how, but they cannot justify their expenses, nor their promises.—*Ohio Statesman.*

Bonds of the Ohio Counties.—The N. Y. Eve. Post says the railway bonds of the cities and counties of our western states, particularly those of Allegheny and Pittsburgh, and of and of the counties in Ohio, have been in considerable request, with many states for French and Swiss account.

Ohio and Pennsylvania Railroad.—More than two thousand men and horses are employed upon this road, and the work done in August amounting in value to $50,000. The improvement is fast advancing towards completion.—To finish it to Massillon, without incurring a floating debt, it is said additional subscriptions of stock are required to the extent of $120,000.

Senator Benton & the Presidency.

A few weeks ago we published a rumor that the Washington Globe, now a neutral paper, was soon to pass into the hands of T. P. Blair, (well known as the editor of the Globe in Jackson times,) who would support Mr. Benton for the Presidency. Mr. Benton has recently written the following to a friend in St. Louis on the subject:

Washington City, Aug. 25. 1850.

Dear Sir. The New York Evening Post, of the 17th. inst., contains a letter from this place, which concerns me, and which it is right that I should notice, to prevent my friends from being led into any mistake, or doubt, with respect to my future course.

The letter says that the Democratic party intend to start a newspaper at this place, in order to re-organize the party, and to support me for the Presidency. The Post very justly remarks upon this communication, that a paper started to support any particular person for the Presidency, cannot be the organ of a party, but of an individual, and could do no good; but agrees that a new democratic paper ought to be established here. These are my opinions—a new paper for the party, not for an individual. Gen. Jackson was never more right than when he warned Mr. Polk against bringing Ritchie here, and foretold the ruin of the party if he did. Every day's experience since he was brought, has confirmed the truth of that warning, and if he remains here we shall remain ruined, and shall again lose the Presidential election, and shall deserve to lose it, because we know it. But my object in writing this note was to notice what concerned myself in that letter to the Evening Post, and to tell my friends what they ought to know, that they may not be misled by erroneous reports.

The new paper, if one is established here, is not to support me for the Presidency, or for anything else. This I have told my friends here, and those who know me, know there it nothing more to be said upon that point; so that the letter to the Evening Post, so far as it concerned me, was dead here before it was known in Missouri.

The election of Senator is considered in the hands of the Whigs and Nullifiers, and the report we have here is that the latter will join the former, and elect a Whig. If so, it will still be a victory in behalf of the Union, and will show that Missouri will not "*co-operate*" with other slaveholding states in establishing a Southern confederacy. It will also *assort* the party, and fix every man in his right place.

You have done nobly in St. Louis, (city and county,) and have deserved success if you have not commanded it, and have ensured it for the time. You have shown that the anties are a small minority, not one-fifth of the party; and of these, I am told, there are not above one hundred and fifty disunion and nullification men among them, the rest who voted for them being in reality good hard money and Union men, but led astray by continual falsehoods. These deceived citizens will find out the truth of themselves during the ensuing elections, and will return to the hard money Union democracy to which they belong. So of other counties. The nullification disunion democracy are a minority, a miserable minority in every county—in some counties none at all—and of themselves able to do nothing; but by creeping into our party, and by caucus frauds, and trade in votes, have contrived to make themselves prominent, and often to rule the state, and this year to give it to the Whigs, after having first tried to give it to the Southern confederacy.—But this is about the last harm they will do us. The ensuing elections will give them their proper places in the ranks of the Whigs, and will free us from them forever, and will leave us stronger than ever.

The appeal is now decided and sustained, and the object I had in making it is accomplished. The nullification resolutions of the General Assembly are condemned; the people waked up to the reality of the plot to dissolve the Union, and the State of Missouri redeemed from the pledge to *co-operate* in it.

Yours truly,
THOMAS H. BENTON.

Mr. John Smith, St. Louis, Mo.

Arrival of Steamer from California—$1,100,000 Gold.

New York, 20th Sept.

The Philadelphia arrived this P. M., having left Chagres on the 9th inst. She brings $800,000 in gold dust, and $300,000 in the hands of passengers. Her dates from California are to the 15th Aug. The mails from San Francisco, by the Carolina, had not arrived. When the Philadelphia left Chagres, there was some few cases of the prevailing disease—fever—which, however, were confined to the native population. With proper care and attention to health, no fear need be felt by persons wishing to cross the Isthmus. No reliance can be placed in the accounts of persons passing through the placers, as they are generally highly exaggerated. It is the opinion of Mr. Gould, who resides in Chagres, that by the middle or latter part of October, the sickness will have entirely disappeared, as at that time the dry season commences, and the principal cause of the unhealthiness of the place is removed.

Great Riot in Sacramento City—Several Lives Lost—The City laid in ashes!

A terrible excitement pervades the City of Sacramento. The Senator delayed her departure for San Francisco to gather particulars. The issue is one between the squatters, or settlers and the citizens, holders of property under the Sutter titles—and a bloody issue it promises to be. Several persons are already killed and wounded on both sides.

The history and result of the affair, thus far, is briefly thus: Large tracts of ground, covering the city and vicinity of Sacramento, are held by grants from Captain Sutter, who claims under his New Helvetia Spanish grant. The settlers hold, that Cap. Sutter's grant does not cover this territory: that it belongs to the government. They have moved on and erected buildings; a suit for forcible entry and detainer is brought against them; decided in the plaintiffs' favor; a writ of restitution issued; the officer attempts to execute it; is met by a body of armed squatters, who resist him; this occurred Saturday, 10th; prior to this date an appeal to the county court had been made by the attorneys for the settlers. Judge Willis presiding and the right of appeal denied. Exasperation of course was the effect upon the party seeking redress in the higher court. Meetings were held and resolutions were passed to resist the law. Nothing was done more by legal process from Saturday until yesterday, (Tuesday,) when some six or eight persons were arrested for rebellion or resisting the officers and the process of the court on Saturday, and two, in default of bail, incarcerated in the prison brig. One of them is McClatchy, carrier of the *Sacramento Transcript.*

To day a body of settlers repaired to the brig to release their two companions, where they met sheriff McKinney, Mayor Bigelow, and a posse who drove them from the ground but no force was used until the settlers had retreated as far east from the river, up to J street, at the corner of Fourth, near the Crescent City Hotel, when they were overtaken and turned at bay with pistols and guns.—Forty or fifty shots were fired between the parties, and in the period of five minutes Mayor Bigelow was shot from his horse, through the body, arm, and in the face; not expected to live. The leader of the settlers, Mahloney was also shot dead.

The horses of both leaders were pierced with balls. Assessor Woodland, an auctioneer, was also killed while supporting the officers Mr. Harper, Assistant P. M., was shot in the left hand and right shoulder, and others of the same side are wounded.

Another man of the settlers was killed—shot through the body. A little girl was wounded while passing along J street; the shots flew in all directions around the corner of J and Fourth, and the blood of the wounded streamed upon the sidewalks as they were carried along. One man leading a mule along the street, was shot through the head; from the top the ball passed downward through the neck.

The greatest excitement still prevaded the city, when the boat shoved off. From six to nine hundred settlers had assembled at the corner of J. and Ninth streets, resolved to fire upon any who approached them. The city is declared under martial law, and every citizen required to enroll his name at the City Hotel.

W. W. CHAPMAN.
Of Sacramento Reading Room.

P. S.—In addition to the order for citizens to enroll their names, at the City Hotel, Lieut. Governor McDougal, also directed an order to be published, that all non-combatants keep clear of the streets, and directed a cannon, supplied with twenty-four pounds, to be placed at the foot of J street, and will, by the "Gold Hunter," take up from Benicia, by Thursday morning all the implements of war, with which he is resolved to take the enemy, and bring them to a speedy and summary trial.

W. W. C.

Very Latest—Sacramento City in Ashes.—Just as the steamer Carolina was getting under way, (about 4 P. M.,) a dispatch was received on board the Pacific News office, stating that an express had just arrived, bringing the intelligence that Sacramento City had been reduced to ashes, and the squatters were receiving reinforcements of men from the mines.

From the Sacramento Transcript.

Overland Emigration to California

A great variety of estimates have been made of the probable number on the way to this country. All accounts agree that the rush this season is unprecedented. Fifty thousand is the *most moderate computation*, and some of the first papers in the States think 100,000 people have started on the long journey across the plains. Occasionally we hear accounts from advance parties, which are truly surprising. A Mr. Collins, late a member of the Illinois Legislature, has recently arrived in this country. He left home on the eighth of and has had a remarkably quick trip. He states that before he reached Fort Laramie he passed 8,000 teams, and after leaving that point, although he could not count, he thinks he passed twice that number of teams.

The following letter was sent to the Mayor of San Francisco:

Information of a direct and reliable charcter has reached us, of extraordinary suffering among the overland immigrants.

Several, who arrived a few days since, at Sacramento City, state that they saw fifteen or twenty dead bodies on the road. These came to their death from starvation. Provisions gave entirely out, and the only subsistence now left to the immense train still on their way, are mules and horses. The grasses have also given out, and even the horses and mules their only hope, are dying."

The following is an extract from a letter in the Sacramento Transcript:

"The number now on the plains is variously estimated at from 50,000 to 100,000 souls, destined to this El Dorado, the one half of whom will not reach here without suffering, and one quarter without subsisting on their animals, or enduring starvation. I have seen hundreds more than 150 miles on the other side of the sink of St. Mary's river, that were out of provisions, or hat but a few pounds to sustain a miserable and wretched existence, with animals that could never reach the Desert, by reason of the scarcity of forage.

Mary's river is six or seven feet higher than it was ever known to be before; the bottoms, where the only feed grows, are almost entirely under water. Not being able, myself, for several days, to get grass on this side of the river, I hired some Indians for $15 to swim across and float some over, to keep my animals from perishing. Had I been utterly destitute of means, as thousands are, I would have suffered in that particular in the same manner. From this circumstance alone, it may be possible that three-fourths of the animals now on the plains must perish from hunger, and the immigrant, with his scanty fare, must foot it till life itself becomes a burthen.

Those who started later will fare still worse; as the season becomes warmer, feed less and provisions shorter. I saw one man with two small boys, 120 miles beyond the Sink, who had left his wagon and lost all his animals but one, and all the provisions he had was three or four pounds of rice; another with his wife and children, I overtook seventy-five miles beyond the Sink, with four horses that were just able to move with the empty wagon, the wife walking ahead, in the burning sand and scorching sun, to relieve the poor laden animals, that were never destined to reach the Sink. I saw, on the road side, where slices had been taken out of dead horses and mules to appease the gnawing appetite of immigrants.

The Sacramento Times says:

Mr. T. A. Springer, late publisher of the Galena Advertiser, arrived on Wednesday last. He left his party at Placerville, having reached there in eighty-five days from St. Josephs, whence they started on the 29th of April. The immigration is reported generally short of provisions, but in good health. No cholera has been heard of among them, as far as Mr. S. was informed. The only sickness was a mountain fever which was seldom of a serious character.

A great difficulty encountered on their journ was the height of the rivers. About twenty miles this side of the South Pass of the Rocky Mountains, they took the Sublette Cut-off, thence the distance to Green river, fifty-two miles, was entirely without water. They found this stream very high, requiring them to raft their wagons and swim their animals.—Again at Ham's Fork of Green river, the same thing had to be done, as also at Smith's Fork, on Bear river, and Thomas's Fork.

From this point to the Soda springs, the grass was plenty and good, and the road easy. Here they took the Hudspeth Cut off, a very mountainous route, to Raft and Goose rivers; thence to Mary's river, where their troubles commenced. The valley is almost entirely inundated with water for three hundred miles.

While they were in it, there were but three nights when they were not compelled to cut the grass for their animals in water from a foot to swimming depth, and in many instances to rope and haul it over the river.

At this place the animals gave out, and left the immigrants without the means of carrying the supply of water requisite in crossing the desert. After leaving the Humboldt, a painful scene of devastation and misery was witnessed—men who could not speak from thirst, and offering, (when fortunate to have it,) five dollars for one drink of water; animals dead and dying by the path; provisions, wagons, and every article of the traveler's necessity or comfort cast away.

Mr. Springer's party fouhd between five and six hundred persons at the Sink of St. Mary's river on the 15th of this month. At the Carson Valley they first met provisions, a train of twenty pack mules from a house in this city, which they advised to push on to the desert. The traders here (Carson Valley) buy broken down animals at from one to twenty dollars; the emigrants are compelled to sell them at any price, being too poor to travel further. The water and grass are fine, and the animals will soon recruit, to be of use perhaps to those who arrive there a month hence

They (Mr. S's party,) came in on the Lawson route, taking the Truckee river Cut-off from the second peak of the mountains, saving thereby about fifteen miles for pack animals.

CONGRESSIONAL.

Senate.—After the consideration of the routine business, the bill providing for the settlement of land titles in Oregon, and making donations of land to actual settlers, was taken up.

Mr. Yulee moved to strike out the section of the bill making donations of land to actual settlers, which was debated at length.

The section proposed to be stricken out, was then amended so as to donate lands only by actual settlers in future, who shall settlers in future, who shall settle in Oregon prior to the 4th of March, 1853

The motion to strike out was then withdrawn.

Mr. Mason moved to strike out a provision extending the benefits of future donations of lands to foreigners who shall have declared their intention of becoming citizens; which motion, after debate, was rejected—yeas 23, nays 96.

The bill was then reported to the Senate, the amendment concurred in, and the bill ordered to a third reading.

MARRIED,—On the evening of the 25th inst., at the 1st Presbyterian Church, by the Rev. J. G. Riheldaffer, B. C. Rowan, M. D. to Miss Barbara Lotz, all of this city.

"Oh, life is sweet, for we shall live
Our constancy to prove;
Thy sorrows mine, my trials thine,
Our solace in our love."

On Thursday evening, Sept. 26th, by the Rev. J. S. Large, Mr. Allen Hostetter of Ligonier to Mrs. Ann Leporte of this city.

[Cake received with both the above notices, for which the parties will accept our thanks and best wishes. May they find the nuptial state one of unmixed joy and happiness; and if not free from its *responsibilities* may they at least escape its trials and cares.

At Newark, Ohio, on the 19th inst., by the Rev. Mr. Wiley, Maj. William H. Link, of this city, to Miss M. S. Heeley, of the former place.

On Tuesday morning, the 24th inst., by the Rev. Thos. Anderson, Mr. Alfred Hubbell to Rosamond Dunton of Peru, Ohio.

New Goods at the Old Store!

C. A. GREY has just received a full supply of

Dry Goods, Groceries,

Queensware, Hardware, &c.

His stock this season is much larger than usual, and having been purchased for Cash, he feels confident that he can give his friends better bargains than are to be had at any other establishment in the place.

His DRY GOODS includes Broad Cloths, Cassimeres, Satinets, Jeans, Linseys, and other goods suitable for the approaching cold weather. Nor have the ladies been neglected: they will find a beautiful assortment of good, serviceable, and fashionable Dress Goods, of all kinds, such as Calicoes, Ginghams, Delaines, Mohairs, &c. A few pieces of the favorite Ebenezer Blue Calico. A large stock of Hosiery, Gloves, Mittens, Wristlets, German Woolen Shoes, Yarn, &c.; Buena Vista, Kossuth, and California Hats; Cloth, and Plush Caps; Boots and Shoes, &c.

A large and beautiful assortment of QUEENSWARE. Tea and Table setts, Pitchers, Dishes, Bowls, Cups and Saucers, &c. of various styles and qualities, all *cheap!* CHEAP!!

HARDWARE.—A general assortment,—Butts and Screws, Latches, Locks, Knives and Forks, Trace and Log Chains, Nails, &c. &c.

GROCERIES.—A full supply of fresh Family Groceries. Oatmeal, Lentils, Prunes, Pearl Barley, &c. &c.

Sept. 27, 1850. 3m13

Huntington Co. Probate Court, Nov. term, '50

Petition to Sell Lands, Filed Sept. 21, 18 0.

John Hoover, Administrator of the estate of Geo. Hale, dec'd, vs. Michael Hale, Andrew J Crawford, Mary M. Crawford, Sam'l. Hale, John Hale, Jacob Hale, Henry Hale, and the unknown heirs of Geo. Hale, deceased.

WHEREAS it has been made appear to the undersigned, that Michael Hale, Samuel Hale, John Hale, Jacob Hale, and Henry Hale, are non-residents of the State of Indiana; therefore it is ordered by the undersigned, Clerk of the Huntington county Probate Court, in vacation, that said seven non-resident defendants be notified of the pendency of a petition, by the above named plaintiff filed against the above defendants, by publication in the Fort Wayne Sentinel, a newspaper in general circulation in said county, for three consecutive weeks.

JOS. WILEY, Clerk H. P. C.

Sept. 28, 1850. [$2 10] 3w13

NOTICE TO THE Tax-payers of Allen County

THERE has been assessed for the financial year, 1850, the following taxes, to wit:

For STATE PURPOSES, a poll tax of 75 cents on each male resident, over 21 years and under 50 years of age, and 33⅓ cents on each $100 valuation of real and personal property;

For COUNTY PURPOSES, 25 cents on each $100 value of real and personal property;

For SCHOOL PURPOSES, 10 cents on each $100 valuation of real and personal property;

For ROAD PURPOSES, 25 cents on each $100 of valuation of Town Lots, and 2½ cents per acre on Land.

The following Townships have levied, on each $100 valuation of real and personal property, the following taxes, to wit:

Wayne Tp.,	18 cts,	Eel River Tp.	4 cts.
Washington,	5	Cedar Creek,	4½
St. Joseph,	6	Adams,	6
Perry,	10	Aboite,	15
Maumee,	10	Pleasant,	12
Milan,	5	Scipio,	9
Lake,	7	Lafayette,	40
Jefferson,	9		

The following school districts have each levied a tax of 15 cents on each $100 value of real and personal property, to wit:

Dists. No. 2 and 4,	Springfield township,	
"	8, St. Joseph	"
"	7, Perry	"
"	4, Madison	"
"	5, Marion	"
"	2 and 4, Jefferson	"
"	8, Eel River	"
"	8, 4 and 9, Cedar Creek	"
"	1, Aboite	"
"	1, Lafayette	"
"	4, Wayne	"

All taxes for the current year, not paid on or before the 1st of January, 1851, will be subject to 10 per cent penalty, and 6 per cent. per annum interest. Lands and Town Lots delinquent for taxes for the year 1849, and former years, will be advertised for sale on or about the 1st of Nov. 1850, after which the costs of advertising will be charged.

T. T. DeKAY, Treas. A. C.

Fort Wayne, Sept. 23, 1850. 6w13

AHEAD OF THE EQUINOCTIAL STORM!

OLD No. 3

IS again up to time, in tip top order, with another GREAT STOCK of all kinds of

Fall & Winter Goods:

such a Stock as you often read of in the *Gasometers*, but seldom see with the naked *eye*. It is

One of THE Stocks,

just as big as they get them up East.

THE GREAT COTTON BUCK

is not dead; the darkies of the South have not sung his death song. In proof of the fact, you can buy

Sixteen Yards of Heavy, Yard wide Cotton Cloth for One Dollar!

Goods are dog cheap. No use of taking about it—they speak for themselves. CASH PRICES at all times strictly adhered to.

Cash for all kinds of PRODUCE,

MOSES DRAKE, Jr., *Capt.*

Sept. 14th, 1850.

Branch Bank Ft. Wayne, September 24, 1850.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the regular Annual meeting of Stockholders of the Branch at Fort Wayne of the State Bank of Indiana, for the election of seven Directors, for said Branch, on the part of said Stockholders, for the year ensuing, will be held at the Banking House of said Branch, in Fort Wayne, on the first Monday of November next, between the hours of ten and six of said day.

6w13 H. McCULLOCH, Cashier.

FARMERS' HOTEL.

(LATE WASHINGTON HALL.)

Corner of Columbia & Barr-sts. FORT WAYNE.

JACOB KECKLER having the above well known and old established Tavern, and fitted up and furnished anew, is prepared to entertain travellers in the most comfortable manner, and on the LOWEST TERMS.

The TABLE will be well supplied with the choice t the country affords, served up in the best style The STABLING is extensive and convenient, will at all times be plentifully supplied with hay and grain, and under the charge of a careful and attentive hostler.

As no pains will be spared to secure the comfort and convenience of all who give him a call, the proprietor confidently hopes to receive a share of the the patronage of the travelling community,—to merit which will ever be his study and aim. Sept. 25—3w13

CLOTHING STORE

I Inform my friends and customers that I have now on hand a large assortment of WINTER CLOTHES, which I warrant to be well made, as they are done under my own inspection. I sell them at the very cheapest prices, as

Waistcoats, from	$1 25 to	$3 00
Pantaloons, "	1 50 "	4 00
Coats, "	3 00 "	10 00

Farmers will please to give me a call.

At Mr. Foellinger's } G. THEIME,
Phœnix Block, Calhoun-st. } 3m12

Cutlery Manufactory,

ON CALHOUN-STREET, THREE DOORS SOUTH OF THE PALO ALTO HOTEL.

FREDERICK SEIGWALT returns his thanks for the liberal support he has received and respectfully informs the public that he is prepared to make Knives, Scissors, Carpenter's Tools, and every description of Cutlery to any pattern desired. He will also GRIND Razors, Scissors, Surgeon's Instruments, &c.

Locks repaired and Keys fitted; Silver and Brass Plating; Turning in Wood Brass, Ivory, Horn, &c.; and all descriptions of Jobbing, Altering, and Repairing done in a workmanlike style.

MILLER'S PICKS dressed and tempered and warranted to stand better than those dressed by any other man in the country. For proof of this he refers to the millers at the City Mills, Empire Mills, and other mills in this vicinity.

Having worked in some of the most celebrated Cutlery manufactories in Europe, he feels confident of giving entire satisfaction to all who may favor him with a call

Fort Wayne, Sept 21, 1850 3m12

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Boot and Shoe Store.

THE undersigned feeling most grateful for the liberal patronage heretofore extended him, would again most respectfully announce to the Ladies and Gentlemen of Fort Wayne and surrounding country

On Commission.

A Choice lot of Liquors which will be sold low —at wholesale—including Brandy, Rum, Gin, Whiskey, Port and Sherry Wines, &c., &c. The attention of dealers is called to these Liquors, as they must and shall be sold soon, and at unusually low rates for cash.

Sept. 7. WALES & McMULLEN.

GO IT, BOOTS!!

NOW receiving at the Boston Boot and Shoe Store, the best, cheapest, and most tremendous

Full Stock of Boots and Shoes

ever seen in Indiana. It comprises between 200 and 300 cases of superior

Stoga, Kip, and Calf Boots,

Brogans, Shoes, &c., &c., besides an almost innumerable lot of

Ladies', Misses', and Children's Wear,

Gaiters, Buskins, Excelsiors, Walking Shoes, &c., &c.

In addition to the above, we have on hand, and are constantly manufacturing a large stock of

Home Manufactured Boots & Shoes

of the best quality, either as regards stock or workmanship, which we will sell

50 per cent. lower than usual!!

Men's Good Stogy Boots, from $1 25
" Home-made " " 1 75, sold elsewhere at 2 50
" Men's Eastern Shoes, from 62 cents!
" Home made " 1 25, sold elsewhere at 1 75
Men's Kip Boots, 1 50
Do. do. do. Home-made, 2 50, sold elsewhere at 3 50
Calf Boots and Shoes, proportionably low
Ladies Calf Shoes 37½

Ladies', Youth's, Misses', and Children's Boots, Gaiters, Shoes, &c. every style and variety, of New York, Philadelphia, and Boston manufacture, 25 per cent. lower than ever before sold in Fort Wayne.

Men's Best Rubber Over-Shoes, at 1 00
Ladies' " " 25
Misses' and Children's " proportionably low.

These are the RETAIL PRICES. A liberal DISCOUNT will be made to WHOLESALE PURCHASERS.

Sole & Upper Leather, &c.

A Large Stock of Spanish Sole at 15 cts. a pound.

Staughter and Oak Sole; Thick Upper; Kip French, Jersey, German, Eastern, and Domestic Calf. Linings, Binding, Findings, &c., &c. at unprecedented low rates.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS can purchase here on better terms than in eastern cities, and will therefore find it to their advantage to give us a call. Our retail customers will find our present assortment larger and better and

PRICES MUCH LOWER

than ever before. The stock is heavy, and to insure its rapid sale it will be offered CHEAP!

T. P. ANDERSON & Co.

Fort Wayne, Sept. 7, 1850.

PROSPECTUS

OF THE

INDIANA STATE SENTINEL

THIS old established newspaper was purchased by the undersigned on the 1st of June last, of G. A. & J. P. Chapman (the sole proprietors.) Its largely increased circulation since then, and the almost universal commendations of the press strengthen the belief that its course meets the approval of the Democratic party and the people. The Editorial Department is conducted by William J. Brown and National Bellton—the latter as Assistant and local Editor.

In politics, it will be thoroughly and radically democratic, and will maintain the principles of the great national democratic party, unmixed with any new isms or doctrines whatever. Its mission will be to proclaim truth, and combat error, to preserve the Union of the States and the Union of the democratic party. It will endeavor to allay sectional prejudices, and to cultivate that spirit of amity, and justice, which is the true basis of our national Union. It will be the organ of the party and not of any man, clique, or faction. It will be firm and decided in the advocacy of its principles, but courteous and respectful to its political opponents. It will know no enemies but the enemies of Democracy.

In addition to political, the Sentinel will always contain the latest foreign and domestic news, literary matter and commercial intelligence. A competent and faithful correspondent will be employed at Washington, whose pen will be engaged in communicating the important events from the National Metropolis.

During the Sessions of the CONVENTION and LEGISLATURE full and faithful reports of the Debates and proceedings will be given.

The business and financial department will be conducted by the undersigned, to whom all communications on that subject must be addressed.

AUSTIN H. BROWN.

TERMS.

THE INDIANA STATE SENTINEL is printed with entire new materials, on paper of a superior quality, and contains a larger amount of reading matter than any paper in the State.

THE SEMI-WEEKLY EDITION will be issued every Wednesday and Saturday, and these times a week during the Session of the Convention and Legislature, at Four Dollars per annum, payable in advance.

THE WEEKLY PAPER will be published every Thursday at the following low rates.

One copy, one year, ... $2 00
Three copies " " 5 00
Five copies " " 8 00
Ten copies " " (in clubs) 10 00
One copy, six months, ... 1 00
One copy, three months 50

☞ *The money in all cases to accompany subscriptions.*

Any person sending a Club of *Ten*, with cash, at the rate of $1 00 each, shall have a copy *gratis* for one year. For a greater number than ten, the gratuity will be increased in proportion.

All Post Masters are requested to act as Agents, and, as such, by a recent decision of the Department, they are authorized to *frank* letters for the benefit of subscribers.

AUSTIN H. BROWN.

Indianapolis, Sept. 4, 1850.

Daily Indiana State Journal.

THIS paper will be published Daily, (as well as Weekly) during the sessions of the Constitutional Convention and of the Legislature.

As the people will make a great interest in the proceedings of, and debates in, the Convention, we shall avail ourselves of the labors of an experienced stenographer to present them in our columns, as full as possible. Persons desiring to preserve these debates for future reference, will do well to subscribe for the Daily Journal, as its size will be a convenient one for binding, and in no way can the same amount of reading be so cheaply procured.

The "Daily" will be sent during the session of the Convention and the Legislature for two dollars, or, during the session of either the Convention or Legislature, for one dollar.

The price of the "Weekly" during the session of both bodies will be, to single subscribers, one dollar, or during the session of either, fifty cents.

Payments in all cases to be made in advance. Address

JOHN D. DEFREES.

MEDICAL COLLEGE OF OHIO.

SESSION OF 1850-'51.

THE Thirty first Annual Session of this Institution will open on the first MONDAY in November next, and close on the last of February, under the following arrangements:—

H. Willis Baxley, M. D., Professor of Anatomy.
John Locke, M. D., Professor of Chemistry and Pharmacy.
J. M. Lawson, M. D., Professor of Physiology and Pathology.
T. G. Edwards, M. D., Professor of Materia Medica and Therapeutics, and Medical Jurisprudence.
M. D. Mussey, M. D., Professor of Surgery.
Landon C. Rives, M. D., Professor of Obstetrics and the Diseases of Women and Children.
John Bell, M. D., Professor of Theory and Practice of Medicine.
John Davis, M. D., Demonstrator of Anatomy.

☞ The following branches will be included in the course: Anatomy, Chemistry, Pharmacy, Physiology, Pathology, Materia Medica, Therapeutics, Medical Jurisprudence, Medical Botany, Surgery, Obstetrics, Diseases of Females, Diseases of Children, Practical Medicine, and Physical Diagnosis.

☞ The Dissecting Rooms will be opened for classes on the first of October.

☞ Clinical Lectures, on Medicine Surgery, will be delivered at the Commercial Hospital three times a week.

OCTOBER LECTURES.

A course of Lectures will be delivered by the Faculty (free of charge), commencing on the 1st of October, and embracing the following subjects:

Anatomy and Physiology of the Senses; Diseases of the Eye; Medical and Elementary Botany; Functional and Organic Diseases of the Uterus; Medical Jurisprudence; Physical Diagnosis.

☞ Also, Clinical Lectures in the Commercial Hospital.

FEES—For a full Course of Lectures, $84; Matriculation and Library Ticket, $5; Dissecting Ticket, $8; Graduation Fee, $20; Hospital Ticket, $5.

☞ Board (including the expenses of room, fuel, and lights) can be obtained at from $2 to $3 per week.

Further information may be obtained by addressing the Dean.

L. M. LAWSON, M. D.,
Dean of the Faculty.

South side of Sixth-st., bet. Walnut and Vine.
Cincinnati, July, 1850. sept.11—3w11

PORT WAYNE

Classical & Mathematical Academy.

THE exercises of this school will be resumed on Monday, September 16th.

A class of girls will be received.

Sept. 7. JAMES GREER.

The Farmers' Depot

Is again in Full Blast, and those who want anything had better call soon.

ORFF & SCHWEGMAN are now receiving an unusually large and well assorted stock of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS

particularly suited to the wants of this section of country; it includes all the newest styles and most approved fabrics of

DRY GOODS,

such as Broad Cloths, Sattinetts, Cassimeres Pilot Cloths, Coat Blankets, Jeans, Tweeds, &c. Cashmeres, De Laines, Alpaccas, Paramattas, Worsted Plaids, &c. Calicoes, Muslins, Drillings, Flannels,—in short a little of everything, and a good deal of most sorts. As to prices, we are not in the habit of bragging, but we must be allowed to state that goods can be bought cheaper of us than almost any other place in the Western Country. For example, we have a fine article of

Calico at 5 cents a Yard!

" madder, warranted fast colors, 6d
Splendid Sheeting at 6d.
Alpacca from 25 cents!!!

everything else in the same proportion.

Bonnets; Cloth, Silk, Plush, and Fur Caps; Ladies' Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, &c.; Gents' *understandings*—all kinds, from fine Calf to coarse Stogy; Children's do a full stock.

READY MADE CLOTHING.

A good assortment of well-made winter Clothing, such as Beaver and Pilot Overcoats; Cloth, Satinet, Blanket, and Jeans Coats; Cassimere, Cloth, Satinet and Jeans Pants; Vests, all sorts and sizes; Knit Worsted Jackets; Cohoes, Shirts, Drawers, &c., &c.

Groceries, Hardware, Queensware, Books, Stationery, Nails, Glass, &c.

In short, a full stock of everything called for in this part of country. Purchases cannot fail to be suited; they will find just the goods they want, and can have them almost at

THEIR OWN PRICES.

All kinds of Produce taken in exchange for Goods at cash prices. Cash paid for Wheat

Sept. 10. 1850. y11

SHAWLS.—Long, Plaid Worsted, Black Cashmere and Merino, Stradilla, and Rob Roy Shawls—good articles and lower than ever.

Sept. 10. ORFF & SCHWEGMAN.

Take Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given to all the subscribers of stock, and all others interested in making the Fort Wayne & Goshen Turnpike, or Plank Road, over the high road in Allen, Whitley, and Noble counties, are respectfully solicited and requested to subscribe and pay in to the Treasurer of said company, within six days from this date, 10 per cent. CASH, on all stock heretofore subscribed, or to be hereafter subscribed, whether in money, labor, materials, or otherwise; and special subscriptions in money are respectfully solicited to build a steam saw mill, five miles from this place, on Peter Carrigan's premises, on said road, and the Board of Directors have appointed myself, and others, a committee to contract for the building of said mill, and to permanently locate said road to the Whitley county line, which work has as yet been delayed for the want of funds. If the money to build the mill can be raised, my word for it the road will be speedily commenced and made in this county, and that done, the other part will soon be made, and, instead of having to wallow and roll in mud and mire, the public can travel with comfort and pleasure. I therefore hope that all concerned and interested will lend a helping hand for so desirable an object.

Notice is also hereby given to the stockholders of said Fort Wayne & Goshen Turnpike or Plank Road Company, that an election will be held at the house of David Wolf, in Whitley county, on the first Tuesday in December next, agreeable to law, of nine directors for said company, for the ensuing.

The Directors of said Company are hereby notified that a meeting will be held at the house of D. Wolf, on Friday, the 11th day of October, at 10 o'clock A. M., to transact business for said company; also, those who have subscription books in their possession are respectfully requested to use every exertion in their power to procure all the cash and other subscriptions, and report to said meeting.

By order of the Board of Directors.

JOHN SPENCER, Prest.
Dr. Geo. W. SHELDON, Treas.
Fort Wayne, Sept. 18, 1850. 11w12

☞ The Albion Observer will please copy this notice and oblige their sub ctibers.

Another Arrival of New Goods.

AND MORE COMING!

WALES & McMULLEN have just received from Cincinnati a seasonable assortment of

DRY GOODS,

Groceries, Hardware, Queensware,

&c., &c., and are daily expecting a full stock from New York, when they will be able to accommodate their friends and the public with everything in that line the wants of the country require. The stock of Dry Goods has been carefully selected with reference to this market; and it will be found to include all the

Latest Styles and Best Fabrics

now in vogue, and will be offered at the smallest possible advance on first cost, as we do a cash business exclusively, and can therefore afford to sell at less profit than others who have to encounter the heavy losses of the credit system. We are determined

NOT TO BE UNDERSOLD

by any establishment in the state. It is needless to particularize our articles. Purchasers are invited to call and examine for themselves. We have on hand a large stock of

Stoneware, Woodenware, &c.

☞ COUNTRY PRODUCE taken in exchange for Goods. Sept 7, 1850

50 Barrels superior VINEGAR; 25 bbls MOLASSES,—for sale cheap for Cash.

Sept. 7 WALES & McMULLEN.

Domestic Manufactures.

We have now on hand a good assortment of WOOLEN GOODS, such as

CLOTHS Cassimeres, Sattinetts, Tweeds, Blankets, Flannels, &c.

which we will dispose of on liberal terms by

WHOLESALE

to Merchants who can be obtained East or elsewhere. Merchants wishing to purchase will find it to their advantage to call at our Woolen Manufactory and examine our stock.

We will exchange any of the above articles for WOOL or FLAXSEED.

Aug. 30, 1850. RUDISILL & WOLKE.

GRINDSTONES.—The real grit—a large lot for sale cheap.

Aug. 31. ORFF & SCHWEGMAN.

PAILS.—Farmers who want a good 3 hooped Pail, can find it at the Farmers' Depot.

ORFF & SCHWEGMAN.

Medical Books.

A FEW NEW STANDARD WORKS.

TURNER'S CHEMISTRY,
Carpenter's Physiology,
Churchill's Midwifery,
Dunglison's Medical Dictionary,
Practical Treatise on diseases of Children.
Pancoast's Wistar,
Elements of Surgery,
Bell and Stokes' Practice.

HEUSTIS & STOPHLET.

Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given to the subscribers of of the Fort Wayne & Bluffton Turnpike Company, that 15 per cent of the capital stock of said company, or three 75-100ths on each share thereof, will be called for at the end of 60 days from the date hereof (which will be on the 31st of October next), payable to the Treasurer of this company at his office in the city of Ft Wayne

THOMAS W. SWINNEY, President.
PETER P. BAILEY, Treasurer.

Fort Wayne, Ia, Aug. 31, 1850. td9

"Of those for whom we fond emotions cherish,
Secure the shadow are the substance perish."

D. B. ANDREWS, Daguerrian Rooms over B. Smith's corner of Columbia and Calhoun streets, having lately returned from the east with a carefully selected assortment of

CASES, PLATES AND CHEMICALS,

possessing a superior instrument, and a knowledge of all the latest improvements in the Art; all those desirous of having

LIKENESSES

taken, may rely on having them executed in a superior style and at prices lower than ever offered in this place.

Ladies are recommended to wear dark colors when sitting for their likenesses—especially avoiding light blue or purple.

Full and careful instruction given in the art, apparatus and materials furnished 10tf.

Drugs and Medicines.

SAML. H. SHOAFF having this day bought the entire stock in trade of Drugs and Medicines, &c. belonging to J. B. Shoaff, would respectfully say that his predecessor's former low prices will continue; as I intend to have a new and complete stock in a few days, I invite the attention of Physicians and the generally to give me a call at the Old Stand under the Odd Fellows' Hall, Calhoun street, Ft. Wayne.

Sept. 7. 10tf.

TO THOSE INTERESTED.

NOTICE.—I have this day sold my stock of Drugs and Medicines to Samuel H. Shoaff, and as I expect to leave this place soon, I want all indebted to me to call and settle with me at the old stand. J. B. SHOAFF.

Fort Wayne Sept, 2, 1850.

New Stock of Fall Goods

AT THE CHEAP CASH STORE.

B. MASON has just received a general assortment of new

Fall and Winter Goods,

to which he respectfully invites the attention of the ladies and gentlemen of Fort Wayne and the surrounding country. It is needless to particularize—it may be sufficient to say the assortment is GENERAL, and selected with a peculiar view to accomodate the tastes & wants of all classes in this section of country. It includes

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

of all varieties and the newest styles—such as Merinos, Alpaccas, Cashmeres, Calicoes, &c. &c.

Also, Ribbons, Trimmings, Fancy Articles of every description, Sheetings, Shirtings, Flannels, Linseys, &c.

Broadcloths, Sattinetts, Jeans, Tweeds, &c.

Also, Shoes and Boots, Hats and Caps, Ladies and Children's Gaiters, Shoes, Lace Boots, &c. Together with a full supply of

Groceries Hardware, Queensware, Nails, Glass, &c.

Persons wishing to purchase are desired to call, as they will find everything they want, and can purchase at the very lowest prices. I am determined to maintain the reputation of my establishment, as

"THE CHEAP STORE,"

and will not be undersold by any Store in the West. Buyers will therefore study their own interests by buying of me.

Fort Wayne, Aug. 23, 1850.

FIRST ARRIVAL OF FALL GOODS.

MRS. DYKES has just received a general assortment of Fall Goods, of the newest styles, including beautiful English and American Calicoes, French Ginghams, White Quilts, &c., &c., and a general variety of articles suitable for the approaching season. Further supplies will be regularly received until the close of navigation. Aug. 17, 1850.

BOOKS! BOOKS!

JUST RECEIVED, and for sale at C. L. HILL'S Cheap Bookstore, Calhoun street:

Splendidly Illustrated Works.—Life of Christ and the Apostles, Paul and Virginia, Vicar of Wakefield, Rasselas, Poems by Amelia, Tapper's Proverbial Philosophy, Headly's Parlor Book, Moore's Poetical Works, Pope's, Byron, Burns, Shakespeare (40 illustrations), Polleck, Cowper, Milton, Hemans, Howitt, Cook, and Langdon, Life and Beauties of Shakespeare.

Historical.—Russell's Europe, Hildreth's United States, Rollin's Ancient History, Josephus, Border Warfare in New York, Bloss's Ancient History, Robinson's History of England, Macaulay's History of England, vols. 1 and 2, Frost's Wonders of History, School Histories.—Hale's United States, Robinson's Outlines, Willard's United States, Wilson's United States, Allison's History of Europe.

Biographies, Travels, &c.—Colton's Life and Times of Clay, Life and Voyages of Americus Vespucius, Heroes of the American Revolution, Signers of the Declaration of Independence, Headley's Washington and his Generals, " Life of Cromwell, Bancroft's Washington, Mansfield's Life of Gen Scott, Life of Gen. Jackson, Life of Gen Taylor, Marion, Greene, Putnam, Life of Gen. Lafayette, Robespierre, Life and Writings of DeWitt Clinton, What I saw in California, Lynch's Red Sea and Jordan

Scientific, Religious, Law, &c.—Lefevre's Architect, last edition Benjamin's Architect, Knapen's Mechanics' Assistant, Jones's Millwrights' Guide, Davies' Shades and Shadows, Young's Arithmetical Dictionary, Seven Lamps of Architecture, Gillespie's Roads and Railroads, Landowner's Manual, Dick's Works, Barnes' Notes, entire series, Fowler's Phrenology, Combe's do., History of Wonderful Inventions, Dunglison's Med. Dictionary, Shaw's Hydropathy, do. Water Cure Manual, Gully's Water Cure in Chronic Diseases.

School Books, of every kind used in the country: German, French, Latin, Italian and Spanish Grammars, Readers &c.

Children's Books—An extensive and beautiful lot—including all the most popular Juvenile Publications.

Fort Wayne, Aug. 31, 1850. 9

THE INDIANA STATESMAN.

THE undersigned will commence the publication of a Weekly Newspaper with the above title, at Indianapolis, Ind., on or about the 4th day of September, 1850.

The paper will be devoted chiefly to the Domestic and Foreign Intelligence of the day, Agriculture and the Arts, while its Miscellaneous department will be filled with the choicest gullings from the works of eminent writers. Our aim will be to make it a welcome visiter to the Counting-room, the social circle and the quiet fireside.

Politically, the STATESMAN will sustain the principles, organization and usages of the democratic party, endeavoring by all honorable means to promote its harmony, unity, and success.

A weekly summary of Congressional and Legislative reports and of the proceedings of the Constitutional Convention, will be given during the sittings of these respective bodies.

Our experience in the Newspaper publishing business leads us to the belief that we can make such a sheet as will meet the wants of a large portion of the reading public; but its usefulness necessarily greatly depends upon the amount of patronage bestowed upon it. Those of our friends, therefore, who will be active in forwarding their own names as subscribers and procuring others, will lay us under obligations.

☞ Editors in this State who will give this prospectus a few insertions or favorable notice editorially, will receive our thanks, and payment in kind as opportunity may offer.

TERMS.—The Statesman will be published every Wednesday morning, on a double medium sheet, at the following rates.

Office and City subscribers, $2 00 per ann.
Single subscription by Mail, 2 00 " "
Three copies, 5 00 " "
Seven copies, 9 00 " "
Ten copies, 10 00 " "
Single copy during the session of the Convention, 50
" " " " Legislature, 50

☞ Any person procuring 10 subscribers and remitting $10, will receive the eleventh copy gratis.

☞ No paper will be sent by mail without payment in advance.

☞ A limited amount of Advertising will be received at fair rates.

☞ Persons addressing us will please pay their own postage.

Indianapolis, Aug. 8, 1850. ELLIS & SPANN.

F. R. THOMPSON,

GROCER,

Commission and Forwarding Merchant.

ALSO,

Dealer in all kinds of Grass Seeds.

No. 290 MAIN STREET,
BETWEEN SIXTH AND SEVENTH STREETS,
CINCINNATI, OHIO. 6ypd

Doyle's Line.

A Daily Line will run through to Toledo, direct, without stopping at the Junction, on and after August 15th, 1850.

Aug. 2. GEO. W. HOSKINSON, Ag't.

Cash for 30,000 Bushels of Wheat

WE will pay Cash and the highest market price for 30,000 bushels Wheat—or any lesser quantity—delivered at our Warehouse, on the eastern basin.

Aug. 3. COMPARET, HUBBELL. & Co.

Indiana Land Agency.

THE subscribers, having greatly extended their operations still continue their business in all its various branches, and tender their services to the public for the *Sale of Lands, Investigation of Titles, Payment of Taxes, Procuring of Patents*, and other services pertaining to a Systematic and

GENERAL LAND AGENCY.

They are provided with numerous and accurate Maps of different counties, and of the State—have personally visited the greater portion of Northern Indiana—have numerous and careful correspondents, and are prepared to furnish extensive and thorough information with regard to the *ownership, soil, location, and value of Lands*, which will be afforded *gratuitously* to all who desire such information.

They offers for sale

Large Tracts of Valuable Land,

well adapted to farming purposes, situate as follows:

	Acres.		Acres.
Allen County	18,706	Noble County	8,847
DeKalb "	7,624	Whitley "	8,698
Steuben "	2,368	Huntington "	5,974
Lagrange "	1,905	Wabash "	7,703
Kosciusko "	7,480	Miami "	1,627
Blackford "	2,774	Carroll "	1,920
Jay "	1,696	Cass "	2,640
Wells "	2,820	Fulton "	1,989
Adams "	2,996	Marshall "	1,319
Elkhart "	1,720	White "	1,549
Fountain "	2,848	Montgomery "	1,789
Putnam "	1,897	Clinton "	1,897
Parke "	1,535	Marion "	1,020
Boone "	1,980	Porter "	2,230

The above lands will be sold for cash, or a part cash and the remainder on a liberal credit. Title, indisputable.

They also offer for sale several valuable

Improved Farms,

in the counties of ALLEN, HUNTINGTON, NOBLE, and WABASH and a large number of

TOWN LOTS

in the towns of FORT WAYNE, HUNTINGTON, LAGRO, WABASH, PERU and MARION.

Prompt attention will be given to all communications from persons desiring to purchase.

Office at the "INDIANA LAND AGENCY," on Calhoun Street. HOUGH & DAY.

Fort Wayne, July 22, 1850. y4.

Town Lots for sale.

THE proprietors of the INDIANA LAND AGENCY offer for sale the following lots in Fort Wayne, viz:

HANNA'S ADDITION.
Lot No. 63
" " 80
" " 81
" " 111
" " 141
" " 166
" " 244
" " 345
" " 536
" " 538
" " 561

EWING'S ADDITION.
Lot No. 3 Block No. 27
" " 4 " " 27
" " 8 " " 21
" " 9 " " 21
" " 4 " " 26
" " 3 " " 28
" " 8 " " 30
" " 4 " " 32

COUNTY ADDITION.
Lot No. 48
" " 49
" " 72

TABOR'S ADDITION.
Lot No. 3
" " 29
" " 30

ROCKHILL'S ADDITION.
Lot No. 42
" " 61
" " 65
" " 66
" " 118
" " 119
" " 120

OLD PLAT.
Lot No. 28
" " 59
" " 62
" " 69

Out Lot No. 8, Hanna's Addition, ¼ Acre.

The above are offered *low* for Cash, or on a liberal credit. HOUGH & DAY

Fort Wayne, July 22, 1850.

SELECT SCHOOL.

THE second quarter of Miss S. J. MARKLE'S Select School for girls commenced on Wednesday, the 10th inst. She devotes her attention to all the branches of a thorough English education, including the higher Mathematics, Natural and Mental Philosophy, Chemistry, Botany, &c. Having had very considerable experience in her profession, she hopes by strict attention to merit a liberal share of patronage.

Common English branches, per quarter, $2.50
Higher " " " 4 00

Fort Wayne, July 17, 1850. 3—tf

C. L. HILL'S BOOK STORE

REMOVED to Watson Wall & Co's old Stand, on Calhoun st., next door to P. Kiser's.

C. L. HILL informs the public that he has removed to Watson Wall & Co's old stand, where he will be happy to see his old customers, and give them his usual good bargains in Books, Stationery, Fancy Articles, &c.

Having a BINDING Establishment attached, he is prepared to bind books in a good, substantial manner, and after the latest styles.

Call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

June 26, 18 0

CITY MARKET.

THE subscriber has fitted up a meat market on Calhoun street, one door south of Mrs. Dykes' store, in the store room formerly occupied by R. C. Filson, where he keeps constantly on hand, the

BEST MEATS

the country affords. A word to the farmers:—You that have FAT CATTLE, Calves, Sheep, and Hogs, can get the highest market price, in Cash by delivering them to the subscriber.

HARRISON ROBERTS.

July 6, 1850 tf—1

NOTICE.

THE Bookselling and Stationery Business heretofore conducted by Stophlet & Co. will hereafter be continued under the firm of Heustis & Stophlet. A. C. HEUSTIS, SAM'L STOPHLET.

POST OFFICE BUILDINGS, Fort Wayne, July 5, 1850 } 1

BRISTOL BOARDS, Perforated Paper, Drawing Paper, &c., &c., just received.

HEUSTIS & STOPHLET.

HYMN BOOKS.—Methodist from Books New & Old School Presbyterian do.

HUESTIS & STOPHLET.

GERMAN BIBLES and Testaments; French do. do. just received. HUESTIS & STOPHLET.

GENUINE SALERATUS!

A good supply constantly on hand of a first rate article, *made in the good old way.—at wholesale only*—at the old stand, next door to Messrs. Hill & Orbison's, by

F. H. TYLER.

Fort Wayne, July 17, 1850. 3

To Farmers.

THE fair market price in CASH will be paid by the subscribers for any quantity of wheat delivered at the Stone Mills of Samuel Edsall. Receipts cashed by Orff & Schwegman, at our old stand on Calhoun-street.

July 29. S. & W. S. EDSALL.

N. B. Particular attention paid to grinding Grists for Farmers. SAMUEL EDSALL.

CITY MILLS.

CLINTON-ST, NORTH SIDE OF CANAL.

THE subscribers will purchase any amount of WHEAT at the highest market rates. They are prepared and ready to FLOUR promptly any quantity of Wheat, on the most reasonable terms.

Farmers who have *Custom Work or Grists* to grind will always find one or more Runed Stones in readiness for this purpose.

All kinds of *Bread Stuffs* and *Mill Feed* at all times for sale.

HOAGLAND & COMSTOCK.

Ft. Wayne, Aug. 3, 1850. y5

Sand and Gravel.

ALL persons are forbid taking sand or gravel from North side of the St. Mary's, on the land known as the WALLER PROPERTY. The land has been greatly damaged by trespassers, and the owner, J. B. Varnum, is determined to enforce his rights.

Application to purchase the land west of the bridge, where the Slaughter House stands, can be made to the subscriber.

July 25, '50. JOSEPH K EDGERTON.

PRODUCE WANTED.

ALL kinds of Produce—Corn, Oats, Butter, Eggs, Ginseng, Deer Skins, &c., ta. en at the highest rates for goods.

Aug. 17. ORFF & SCHWEGMAN.

MISSINGAY MAPS.

BIDWELL'S Large Maps of the World, Eastern Asia, China, Sandwich Islands, and East Indies—well calculated for Schools, being on the largest scale, with all the subdivisions, names of towns, rivers, &c. distinctly marked. Also, showing all the missionary stations, &c., &c. Just rec'd. C. L. HILL.

Aug. 3, 1850.

Cash paid for Wheat.

THE very highest market price paid in CASH for any quantity of WHEAT, at the Farmers' Depot ORFF & SCHWEGMAN.

CALICOES.—A beautiful assortment of Fall and Winter styles.

Aug. 31, 1850. ORFF & SCHWEGMAN.

FRESH ARRIVAL OF

NEW BOOKS

At C. L. HILL'S Cheap Bookstore, Calhoun st. South of P. Kiser's, Fort Wayne.

C. L. HILL has just received a large and splendid stock of NEW BOOKS, which he can sell at unusually low prices. It includes every variety of School Books in use in this place; some splendid editions of Standard Poets; Bibles, Prayer Books, Histories, Scientific and Miscellaneous Works, Novels, &c., &c. Also, a large stock of

Cap, Letter, and Note Paper

Envelopes, Ink, Gold and Steel Pens, Fancy Stationary, Music and Musical Instruments, &c. A choice lot of

BLANK BOOKS,

&c., &c. All of which are offered at but a trifle above Eastern Prices.

COUNTRY DEALERS supplied at Wholesale Prices. Aug. 23, 1850.

New Hardware.

THE Subscriber has this week received a new stock of HARDWARE, and having greatly increased his assortment is prepared to supply any demand in the way of hardware.

To Mechanics he offers extra inducements in the way of

TOOLS,

and can furnish any variety of undoubted quality.

Purchasers of STOVES will find as great a variety as can be found in the West, without any exception.

Scythes, Snathes, Cradles, Shovels, Spades, Hay and Manure Forks, Hoes and Axes,

in every variety and of the most approved patterns.

DOOR LOCKS and LATCHES of new patterns, with a general assortment of

BUILDING MATERIALS.

He has also added to his business a

NEW TIN SHOP,

and is prepared to do any work in *Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron*, on the most favorable terms.

Dealers in the above Goods are respectfully invited to call before purchasing.

June 1. y48 HORACE DURRIE.

Iron and Nails.

JUST RECEIVED, Round and Square Iron 3 16ths to 2 inches; Flat Bar do., of all sizes; Hoop and Band do., of all sizes; Oval Nail Rod, a superior article; a large lot for sale.

HORACE DURRIE.

Note Paper and Envelopes.

A large and splendid lot of various descriptions on and and for sale.

C. L. HILL.

HAVANNA SEGARS.

A Choice lot of Havanna Segars, consisting of Principes, Casadoras, La Normas, Yaras, spotted Lastres Coronas, &c., &c. For sale at

C. L. HILL'S Book Store.

BONNETS.—French Lace, Gimp, Lawn, Pearl Straw, Straw, and Leghorn Bonnets; Leghorn Flats and other Misses' Bonnets; Boy's Birdseye Hats, &c., &c.

ORFF & SCHWEGMAN.

New Light!

JUST received, a New BURNING FLUID that gives a superior light without danger of exploding; also a small assortment of LAMPS For sale by HORACE DURRIE.

CONVEYANCING.

THE subscribers give special attention to the drafting of Deeds, Mortgages, Leases, and other legal instruments.

JOHN HOUGH, Jr., *Commissioner of Deeds for New York, Ohio, and Massachusetts.*

WILLIAM F. DAY, *Notary Public. Also, Commissioner of Deeds for the following States:—Vermont, Connecticut, Maine, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Maryland, North Carolina, Florida, Alabama, Kentucky, Louisiana, Tennessee, Mississippi, Missouri, Illinois, Iowa, Wisconsin, and Michigan.*

Holding the above appointments, they have peculiar facilites for taking the proof and acknowledgments of Deeds and other instruments, to be used in this and other States.

HOUGH & DAY.

Fort Wayne, Ia, July 20, 1850.

20,000 Lbs. Wool Wanted

AT THE

FORT WAYNE

Woollen Manufactory.

RUDISILL & WOLKE return their thanks to the public for the liberal patronage they have received, and respectfully inform them that they have made large additions to their Machinery of the newest and best kinds, and having obtained skillful workmen from the east, are now prepared to take any quantity of wool in the fleece and manufacture it into

CLOTHS, Cassimeres, Sattinetts, Flannels, Blankets, &c.

warranted as good, if not better, than any other establishment in the west. Wool will be worked on shares, or taken in pay for goods. They have also on hand

4,000 YARDS OF WOOLEN GOODS

which they offer for sale or in exchange for wool on the most liberal terms.

WOOL CARDING

We have two double and two single carding machines ready for operation and will do any amount of Custom Carding in the best manner and on the shortest notice. Persons to expect good rolls must have their wool well cleaned and free from burrs, and to every eight pounds of wool one pound of clean lard, otherwise the price of lard will be charged extra. All wool brought in the above condition will be warranted to be well carded. Price for Carding is 5 cents per pound; wool will be received in pay for carding and price will be according to quality. Directions should be given when wool is brought whether the pay is to be Cash or Wool.

CLOTH DRESSING AND DYEING.

We are also prepared to do any amount of Country Cloth Dressing and dyeing, on the shortest notice, and in the best workmanlike manner.

LINSEED OIL.

We have also on hand the article of Linseed Oil by wholesale or retail; and the highest price in Cash or Oil will be paid for Flaxseed.

RUDISILL & WOLKE.

Fort Wayne, April 27, 1850. y44.

Saleratus Manufactory.

THE undersigned being now engaged in the manufacturing of SALERATUS on the most approved principles, can fill orders for any quantity, and of a *quality far superior* to any before made in the place. He begs to call the attention of dealers along the canal line and surrounding country, to his establishment, as he is now able to compete with any other, and is determined that the quality and price of his article shall be such as to make it to the interest of buyers to deal with him; he would therefore invite the trade to call and examine quality, price, &c. before purchasing elsewhere. Orders attended to with dispatch.

OFFICE, on the canal, south side, east of Hanna's Block. OSCAR BLAIN.

Fort Wayne, March 23, 1850. 38tf

WANTED,—At the Book Store of the subscriber, on Calhoun st., 10,000 pounds Beeswax and Ginseng, for which the highest market price in CASH will be given.

July 27, 1850. C. L. HILL

SHOES, GAITERS, &c.—Just received at No 3, a nice assortment of Ladies', Misses' and Children's Gaiters, Excelsiors, Buskins, Walking Shoes, and Slippers—cheap and good.

April 27, 1-50. M. DRAKE JR.

JOY TO THE AFFLICTED!

GENUINE ORIGINAL

W. B. FARRELL'S

CELEBRATED ARABIAN LINIMENT.

THE high reputation of this extraordinary medicine, in the cure of many diseases of Horses and Cattle, has attracted the attention of the whole farming community. Many of the most learned Physicians, Farriers, and Hotel Keepers of the day have given their testimony in its favor, and it is now extensively used in most of the Livery and Sale stables of our western cities with never failing success. It is six years since I first offered this article to the public, and although counterfeited by many, the Original and Genuine stands high above all the Liniments and Ointments ever introduced in this or any other age of the world.

On the Human System it is used with the most unbounded success in all kinds of Rheumatism, or loss of Muscular Power, and all other diseases of the Muscles and Joints, Numbness, Sprains and Bruises, Swellings of all kinds, Pains, &c.; Frosted Limbs, Burns, Wounds and Cuts, Spinal Affections, Crick or Lameness of the Back, Old Sores, Goitre, or So called Neck, Sore Throat, Benlings of the Female Breats, Bites of poisonous Snakes, Corns and Warts, Salt Rheum, Mange, Erysipelas, Sore Eyes, even to partial Blindness, Sore Lips, Sore Hands, Nervous Headache, Neuralgia, or darting pains through the Head or Face, and all inflammatory and Nervous diseases.

For the following diseases of Horses and Cattle it is an absolute specific, viz:—Sweeney, Stiff Complaint, Big Head, Founder, Spavin, Splint, Hard Tumors, Galls, Chafes, Sprains, Bruise, Scratches, Old Wounds, or Cuts, and fresh ones, Sore Eyes, Hollow Horn, and all Inflammatory diseases.

A host of testimonies of cures the most wonderful and extraordinary can be seen by reference to the pamphlets with the agents.

FROM THE MEDICAL FACULTY.—*Copy of a Letter from my Agent at St. Louis, Missouri.*

Mr. W. B. FARRELL: Dear Sir, You will please send us another supply of your Arabian Liniment. The quantity you left with us is nearly all sold. I think a large quantity can be sold, as every person that has used the liniment speaks of it in the highest terms of praise.

Yours, with respect, Dr. E. EASTERLY.

St. Louis, Mo., April 27, 1848.

BURNS, SORES, ACHES AND PAINS.—Mr. James Landis, living on Jefferson street, Chicago, March 18, 1850, says:

Your Arabian Liniment is now our Family Medicine. We use nothing else for Burns, Sores, Aches and Pains. Our neighbors prize it as highly as we do. Send me a dollar bottle by the bearer.

STILL MORE WONDERFUL!

I, Daniel B. Schillinger, of Westchester township, Porter county,

CIGARS! CIGARS!

50,000 IMPORTED Cigars, warranted the best brands that can be found, and as cheap as you can buy them in New York. H. B. REED.

VALUABLE

Mill Property for Sale.

THE undersigned offers for sale his Mill Property situate on the Elkhart River, in Noble County, Indiana, 40 miles north west from Fort Wayne and the Wabash and Erie Canal.—The property is now improved with a SAW-MILL, and Head Gates for GRIST and other MILLS. The Dam is one of the best in the country, and has been built only two years, but during that time has withstood without the slightest injury unusual freshets that caused more or less dam go to all other dams on the river. The supply of water is unfailing, and sufficient with the head of 7½ feet of driving 4 run of 4½ feet stones, Saw Mill and Woollen Mill at all times, and during most of the year almost any amount of machinery could be propelled.

The Saw Mill has recently been put in first rate order, and is considered one of the best in the west. Logs in any quantity of the best kind, such as Poplar, Black Walnut, Ash, Oak, and Ghest, can always be obtained.

The property is situate in the midst of a thickly settled country, where mills are much needed and water power scarce, thereby insuring to the owner a monopoly of the milling business of the country, if well managed.

In connection with the mill and water power, will be sold

160 ACRES OF LAND

on which the mill is situated, together with Timber got out for the erection of a Flouring Mill.

For particulars as to the construction of the dam, amount, durability, and value of the water power, &c. inquire of Mr. S. V. BYRD, Millwright, Fort Wayne.

A. B. MILLER.

For particulars apply, if by letter post paid, to T. Tigar, editor of Fort Wayne Sentinel.

Fort Wayne, Ia. August 18, 1849. t7

☞ *Ohio Statesman* (Weekly) put this 3 month and send account to this office.

For Sale.

THE commodious Brick STORE and Warehouse, eligibly situate on Columbia street and the canal, known as the Niagara Store, and occupied by A. B. MILLER. For terms, inquire on the premises or at the Sentinel office.

August 4, 1849. t5

Palo Alto Hotel.

THIS establishment is now fitted up in superior style for the accommodation of travelers and others. The subscriber will spare no pains to give satisfaction to all who may favor him with their custom. His Table will at all times be furnished with the best market affords. Having a careful ostler, travellers may be assured that their horses will be well attended to. A large and convenient Wagon Yard has recently been fitted up for the accommodation of teamsters, drovers, &c. His charges will be moderate to suit the times.

GEORGE MAYER.

October 13, 1849. 15y

Marble Monuments & Tombstones.

THE subscriber has on hand a large supply of the above articles, of the BEST QUALITY which he will sell very low. ☞ All persons wishing anything in that line are particularly requested to call and examine for themselves before purchasing elsewhere.

CUT STONE OF ALL KINDS.

Principal Yard on the Canal, west of Ewing's Warehouse and Boat Yard. Finishing Shop in Columbia Street, in Block between H. B. Reed's Drug Store and Hill, Orbison & Co's warehouse.

JAMES HUMPHREY.

Fort Wayne, March 30 1850. y39.

Removal.

THE BOSTON SHOE STORE has been removed to the premises lately occupied by I. Lauferty, west of Aylsworth & Borden's where we shall be happy to see our old customers and as many new ones as want anything in the *Boot and Shoe Line. Leather, Findings, &c.* We are prepared to sell at wholesale or retail as low as any establishment in the West.

May 24, 1849. T. P. ANDERSON & Co.

A NOVELTY IN THE TRADE!

Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods.

AND READY MADE CLOTHING

AT WHOLESALE, BY THE SAME HOUSE!

WEEDY, MOULTON & PLIMPTON, Importers and Jobbers, 47 Broadway, New York, are now receiving from Europe an extensive assortment of FOREIGN DRY GOODS, which they offer for sale, on Credit, or for Cash, by the piece or package; also, a very extensive assortment of DOMESTIC DRY GOODS, to which they invite the attention of Merchants, upon the same terms.

The stock of READY MADE CLOTHING is offered in the second story of our extensive warehouse, and is under the direction and control of our associates in this department, under the firm of DAVENPORT & GARDNER, who are practical Tailors, and have had a long experience in this branch.

Our *Stock of Dry Goods and Ready Made Clothing* is unrivalled for the extent of the assortment, and cheapness and style of the fabrics which are designed for the West and South-western trade.

New York, June 10, 1850 3m51

Engines! Engines!

THE undersigned respectfully informs the public that he is now prepared to manufacture at his Foundry in this city, **ENGINES** of all sizes and patterns, and after the most approved styles. Persons wishing Engines will do well to give him a call before making permanent arrangements elsewhere. JAMES STORY.

Fort Wayne, July 14, 1849. 2

UNRIVALLED ATTRACTION!

NEW BOOK STORE.

South West Corner of Main and Calhoun Streets, Post Office Buildings.

GREAT BARGAINS!

THE undersigned have just received and now offer for sale, at a bargain, one of the largest and best selected stocks of

Books and Stationery

ever brought into Indiana, consisting of Miscellaneous and School Books, of every variety and description; also, all kinds of

Stationery and Fancy Articles.

ATTENTION.—We would say to those wishing to make purchases in our line, either a

WHOLESALE OR RETAIL,

give us a call, and examine for yourselves before purchasing elsewhere, and our word for it, you shall go away feeling a *richer* if not a *better* man.

TO POST MASTERS.—We are prepared to furnish to post masters, at a short notice, post office paper, and all other materials used in their offices. So send on your orders

REMEMBER—"There is a tide in the affairs of men which, taken at the flood, leads on to fortune." Do you wish to get into the current? Then call at Stophlet & Co.'s, and save your money.

Don't forget the place, Corner of Main and Calhoun-sts, Post Office Buildings.

OUR MOTTO—*Quick sales and small profits.*

☞ RAGS taken in exchange for trade.

STOPHLET & Co.

Fort Wayne, May 13 1850 y45.

Great Excitement in California

AND GREAT BARGAINS

At the California Store, Calhoun st., Ft. Wayne.

SELLING off at cost for CASH,—Wholesale or retail. We intend to change our trade to one kind—Groceries and Provisions. Country Merchants, call and see.

N. B. FARMS and WILD LANDS for sale; inquire at the CALIFORNIA STORE, Corner of Calhoun & Pearl sts., Fort Wayne.

June 1, 1850. J. C. BOWSER & Co.

Undertaking.

THE undersigned are now prepared to attend on Funeral occasions as they keep READY MADE COFFINS of all sizes and different qualities; viz. Mahogany, Walnut and Cherry, flat and raised lids;—also, covered with Black Cloth or Silk Velvet if desired. They will be able to furnish the same promptly and lower than the usual rates. Strict attention will be paid to Funeral Hours, causing no delay.

☞ *A Hearse and good Carriage furnished, free of charge.*

Room on Calhoun st. near the Spencer House

JOHN M. MILLER,
LOUIS PELTIER.

Fort Wayne, June 1, 1849. y48

CONSUMPTION

in all Christianized and civilized countries, has caused a larger proportion of deaths than any other malady that afflicts the human family; and, until within a few years, there has not been any *certain remedy* to stop the devastation of that destroyer. But now—

BRANT'S INDIAN PULMONARY BALSAM

cures very many of the most *strongly marked and developed cases* of PULMONARY CONSUMPTION—*real, undoubted* cases of *ulcerated and diseased* LUNGS—such HOPELESS cases as were never before cured by any other medicine. *So utterly hopeless* were some of the afflicted persons, as to have been pronounced by *physicians* and friends to be ACTUALLY DYING. Some, who had their burial-clothes made, have been cured, and yet live; others, who it was said would not live another day, are now as well and nearly as they ever were.

It possesses all the cleansing and purifying virtues nearly as powerful and active as the preparation which we call

BRANT'S INDIAN PURIFYING EXTRACT.

The Balsam differs from the Extract, because it possesses *several medications which are peculiarly adapted to, and are essentially necessary for, the cure of*

COUGHS AND CONSUMPTIONS,

and all diseases of a pulmonary nature—such *diseases* as usually prove so fatal under ordinary treatment, when they attack the

Breast, Throat, Lungs, and Heart.

This BALSAM HEALS AND CURES ULCERS *in the LUNGS*, and elsewhere *internally*, as *certainly and easily as the* PURIFYING EXTRACT *cures* and *heals* ulcers *externally*. This Balsam cures *NINE cases of Cough* and *Consumption* out of TEN, after all other remedies have *failed to do good.*

Thousands of Consumptions

and *Chronic Coughs* abundantly prove its *unfailing efficacy* in such diseases, and its undoubted curative power, and soothing, healing properties, in the following complaints and diseases, viz.: *Spitting of Blood, Bleeding at the Lungs, Pain in the Breast and Side, Night-Sweats, Nervous Complaints, Palpitation of the Heart, Cholera Infantum, Dysentery* and *Summer Complaints* in *Children* and *Adults*, and ALL FEMALE WEAKNESSES.

CONSUMPTION.

A DYING WOMAN CURED!

We state this cure, to prove the POWER TO SAVE LIFE, when this BALSAM is used, even after the person is *considered by physicians and friends* to be in the *last stages of disease*—actually DYING—and, in this case, so FAR GONE, *that the* SHROUD *and* BURIAL-CLOTHES *were bought!* For the *particulars* of this case, and the *respectable and undoubted proof* of all the circumstances and facts, we refer to our PAMPHLETS.

This cure was effected on Mrs. ZIBA DYKEMAN, of *Ballston Spa, Saratoga County, N. Y.* We can prove, beyond a doubt, *many others, almost equally hopeless*, and *innumerable cases of Coughs and Consumptions CURED*, which were *pronounced incurable* by SKILFUL PHYSICIANS.

A DOCTOR CURED!

DR J. W. FRENCH, *of Hillsdale, Hillsdale county, Michigan*, about the 1st of January, 1849, wrote as follows: "I have been in the regular practice of medicine in this place for nine years, but was obliged to quit the practice of my profession in consequence of ill health. I was so severely afflicted with a *Chronic Disease of the Lungs*, as to convince me that I HAD THE CONSUMPTION, past doubt. I coughed almost incessantly, night and day, and had severe pains and soreness in my chest, side, and breast. I tried the remedies recommended by the most skilful of the profession, all to no effect, excepting the nauseas and debility caused by them. I was prejudiced against patent medicines, and have no faith now in them generally. But I was induced—as an experiment, more than through faith—to try a bottle of BRANT'S INDIAN PULMONARY BALSAM; and I do here acknowledge, for the benefit of the afflicted, or whom it may serve, that the effect of its use on me was the most prompt and salutary of any medicines I ever witnessed the effect of in all my practice. *My cough was immediately relieved*, and in about eight or ten days I was free from cough, soreness of the chest, and pain, and *now consider and pronounce myself* A WELL MAN."

Dr. French is now a respectable druggist at Hilledale

FITS, FITS, FITS.

Messrs. J. K. LIPPINCOTT & SON, respectable merchants at *Hillsgrove, Sullivan county, Pennsylvania*, wrote to us, May 12, 1849, stating, among other BENEFITS which had been derived from the use of BRANT'S PULMONARY BALSAM, that one of their customers had just informed them that her child, which had been subject to FITS *for several years*, was cured by the use of *BRANT'S BALSAM.*

Would soon be in a Grave.

Mr. WILLIAM D. JENNINGS, a merchant at *Pierpont Centre, Ashtabula county, Ohio*, wrote to us, October 2, 1848, and stated a cure of CONSUMPTION which the use of BRANT'S INDIAN PULMONARY BALSAM had effected in Mr. WILLIAM CROCKET, of an adjoining town. He said Mr. Crocket had sought relief from the best physicians and numerous medicines, but found none, for the fatal hand of that unrelenting monster, *Consumption*, had taken fast hold on his vitals, and was so destroying and debilitating his body, that he was a mere skeleton. He was *given up* by his physicians and all friends, as one who would *soon inhabit a grave*. But even in this last extremity, strange and marvellous as it may seem, yet it is true, that the use of only *five bottles* of BRANT'S INDIAN PULMONARY BALSAM has snatched the land of the destroyer, and restored Mr. Crocket to health, and he is now a *healthy, hearty, rugged man!*

S. D. DANN, Esq., *merchant and postmaster at Jefferson*, an adjoining town, wrote to us about the same time, and stated that he was acquainted with Mr. CROCKET, and *testified to his* CURE, *and all the above-named facts.*

Could not Live a Day longer!

Messrs. E. B. CALDWELL & CO., of *East Otsego, Otsego Co., N. Y.*, respectable druggists, wrote to us: "We have just heard, through Mr. Whiteman, a respectable citizen of this place, of an important cure of *Consumption*, which BRANT'S INDIAN PULMONARY BALSAM has produced on the wife of an acquaintance of his, who resides in the town of Palermo, in this county. She had been long confined to her bed, and was so dangerously diseased, that her friends believed it impossible for her to *live more than* ONE DAY LONGER. But, when all other hope utterly failed, she commenced taking *BRANT'S PULMONARY BALSAM*, and its medical efficacy has raised her from a DYING BED, so that she is now *going about and attending to her domestic household affairs and duties*. She acknowledges, and it is very evident, that she is indebted to BRANT'S BALSAM for her recovery from a long, severe, and dangerous sickness; and her friends and neighbors consider that medicine invaluable."

RAISED FROM THE GRAVE.

Messrs. PRATT & FOSTER, *merchants of West Cornwall, Conn.*, said *BRANT'S BALSAM* had effected cures of such hopeless cases of CONSUMPTION in their town, that now no other cough-medicine could be sold there; that it *had raised some as if from the* GRAVE—some that physicians and all the friends said MUST DIE! One gentleman, in particular, was so far gone, that his physician told him it was *useless to take any more medicine*. He then, *when no hope was left*, began to take BRANT'S BALSAM—GOT WELL—*and is now as well as ever he was!*

Many Consumptions Cured.

Mr. S. H. CLARK, merchant, *Clyde, Wayne county, N. Y.*, wrote to *inform* us that BRANT'S PULMONARY BALSAM sold readily at Clyde, and said: "From the statements of some of our most respectable people, and personal, visible knowledge, can be relied on, its medical virtues have cured *many consumptive persons*, several of whom I am acquainted with, who were so hopelessly sick as to be considered, by physicians and all *friends*, past a possibility of cure; and yet, the *facts* are, BRANT'S BALSAM has restored them to PERFECT HEALTH."

LUNGS BLED—MUST DIE!

Mr. Z. S. TERRY, *merchant, Byron, Genesee county, N. Y.*, wrote, August 24, 1846: "BRANT'S MEDICINE is doing wonders here. It has cured a man of *Consumption* that all the physicians had said *must die*. When he commenced taking Brant's Medicine, he could not raise his hand to his head; he *bled at the lungs*, and every symptom seemed to indicate that he must die; but, astonishing to all, he is now able to labor, and ride all over the county. He used *only five bottles*. It has also cured a young lady of *Consumption* in Orleans county, which her father says *no doctor could cure.*"

Mr. MILLER, a merchant of the same place, has certified to the truth of the above statement.

WAS BELIEVED PAST CURE.

Mr. CORNELIUS H. SMITH, merchant, *Collins Centre, Erie county, N. Y.*, January 16, 1849, said: "Your BRANT'S INDIAN PULMONARY BALSAM and BRANT'S PURIFYING EXTRACT are nearly all sold, and I want immediately another supply, for they sell more rapidly, and *give better satisfaction*, than all the other medicines we have for sale. The *Pulmonary Balsam* has raised a lady here from a bed of dangerous and severe sickness, which all the doctors had given up as INCURABLE. They said she MUST DIE *with a Consumption of the Lungs. After* all had pronounced the case HOPELESS, she commenced taking *BRANT'S BALSAM*—and now *she is well!*"

CHRONIC DYSENTERY,

and SUMMER COMPLAINTS, in *children or grown persons, cured without any failure whatever.* Also—

CHOLERA INFANTUM.

No mother need ever mourn the death of her child by that child-destroying complaint, when *teething* in warm weather—*Cholera Infantum*, or what is called SUMMER COMPLAINT—if "BRANT'S PULMONARY BALSAM" be administered to the child. It should, however, in *such cases* be used in *twice as large potions* as the directions on each bottle prescribe, until the complaint is checked.

☞ *All Letters and Orders must be addressed to*—

WALLACE & CO.,
106 Broadway, New York.

For sale by HUGH B. REED, Fort Wayne.

Also, by the following:

N. Payne, Auburn.
J. B. Hanna, Huntingtown
J. D. Nuttman & Co., Decatur
Bascom & McDowell, Bluffton.
John Davis, Huntington.
Tuttle, Baker & Co., Columbia.
S. T. Clymer, Albion.

JUJUBE PASTE.—Four Boxes best Lemon Jujube Paste, for sale in quantities to suit purchasers. Please call and examine at

JAMES B. SHOAFF'S,
under Odd Fellow's Hall.

Look Here!

COLERICK & WITHERS have several choice pieces of Land in St. Joseph Township in Allen County, which on early application can be purchased lower than ever before offered in that quarter. Call on them at the Court House.

Jan 12, 1850. 28-tf.

A Large quantity of Russian bound County Records can be found at No. 2 Hanna's Block. 31

BLANK DEEDS, Blank Subpoenas, Executions, and etc for sale by C. L. HILL.

SUGAR CORELING. WILLIAM WOOD. ALFRED WOOD.

Conkling, Wood & Co.

North side of Court Street, east of Broadway,
CINCINNATI, O.

MANUFACTURERS OF

Pure White Lead,	Paris Green,
No. 1 Do.	Chrome Green,
Red Lead,	" Yellow,
Litharge,	" Red,
Putty,	Chinese Blue,
Whiting, "fire dried,"	Assorted colored Paints
Paris White,	in Oil,
Cider Vinegar.	

WE have adopted the most approved method, as practised by the Eastern Manufacturers, in manufacturing WHITE LEAD, and will warrant it equal to any made in the United States. Will warrant the quality of each article we manufacture to be as good as can be procured, and to give entire satisfaction.—Offered at the lowest prices on usual time or discount for Cash.

*** *Cash paid for* CASTOR BEANS & FLAX SEED.

January 19, 1850. y29.

Drugs and Medicines.

THE undersigned is constantly receiving new Drugs and Medicines, which he offers at the usual low prices. His stock consists in part of

Quinine	Calomel	Piperine
Epsom Salts	Jujube Paste	Ex't. Logwood
Dr'ctsG asware Ink(superior)		Matches, &c.

JAMES B. SHOAFF,
Calhoun street, at the Big "Drug Sign."

NEW STOCK OF

Genuine Wines and Liquors

AT THE

WHOLESALE LIQUOR STORE.

S. BEAL returns his thanks to the public for their liberal patronage, and respectfully informs them that he has just received a heavy stock of

Genuine Wines and Liquors,

which he can confidently recommend as far superior to any thing ever before offered in the market. Those in want of choice articles of pure old *French Cognac Brandies, Port Wine, Rum, Gin, &c.*, for Medicinal use, warranted genuine and pure as imported, which he offers lower than has been paid for the adulterated articles usually sold in this market.

Common and Domestic Liquors, Cordials, &c., at very low rates.

His stock includes

Old Alex. Seignette Brandy	dark	Pure Juice Port Wine	
" " "	pale	Durand's	"
J. J. Dupuy	"	Other brands	"
Peach	"	Sherry	"
Several fine Domestic	"	Sweet Malaga	"
Old Cherry		Native	"
Jamaica Rum		Madeira	"
St. Croix	"	Kimel	
Old Holland's Gin		Sup'r Rectified Whiskey	
Rose	"	Old Rye	"
Wheeler's	"	East India Bitters	
American	"	Staughton	

He has recently enlarged his Rectifiers, and is now prepared to furnish any quantity of superior

DOUBLE RECTIFIED WHISKEY

at the lowest prices.

Also, *Decanters, Tumblers, Bottles, Loaf Sugar*, &c. All Brandies, Wines, and Glass will be sold from

20 to 50 per cent. Cheaper

than has ever been sold in this market.

Persons wanting any quantity—from a quart to a barrel—of Wines or Liquors will do well to call, as they may depend on every article being exactly what it is represented, and at the lowest rates at all times.

Dec. 1, 1849. y—21.

1850. 1850.

J. E. HILL. A. M. ORBISON.

HILL & ORBISON,

(Successors to Hill, Orbison & Co.,)

Forwarding & Commission MERCHANTS.

FORT WAYNE, IA.

☞ *Liberal advances made on Produce.* ☜

REFERENCES:

E. Haskell & Co.	Toledo!
Smith, Robinson & Co.	
Collins, Brown, & Co.	
Peckham & Scott.	
Field & King,	
Kirk & Lawton, *Piqua, Ohio.*	
Ayres & Tuttle,	New York.
Kent, Pong, & Co.	
Kimberley, Pease & Co. *Buffalo*	
C. McKennell & Co. *Cincinnati.*	
John Rench, *Dayton*,	
H. S. Mayo, *Troy, Ohio.*	

Fort Wayne, September 16, 1848.

J. J. COMPARET. M. W. HUBBELL. D. F. COMPARET.

1850. 1850.

Forwarding & Commission.

THE undersigned having taken an interest with J. J. & D. F. Comparet, in the Commission and Forwarding business, it will hereafter be conducted by them, under the name and firm of COMPARET, HUBBELL & Co.

Their Warehouse is new and spacious—situated on the Basin, at the east end of Columbia Street, and is entirely detached from any other buildings, thereby greatly increasing its security against fire.

They are prepared to purchase or store grain, and their facilities are not surpassed by those of any other establishment in town. Particular attention will be paid to the COMMISSION BUSINESS, and it will be conducted on the most liberal principles.

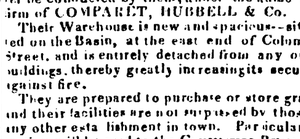
SALT always on hand at the lowest rates.

N. B.—Cash paid for any quantity of good Black Walnut Lumber. M. W. HUBBELL.

REFERENCES:

Kent, Pong & Co.,	*New York.*
N. Lee, Cashier,	*Albany*
J. & C. Hitchcock,	*Buffalo.*
Jno. Holister,	
H. McCulloch, Cashier,	*Fort Wayne.*
Wilford Smith,	
Brownler, Pendleton & Co.	*Toledo.*
Brown & Dodd,	
Peckham & Scott,	
Jos. C. Butler & Co.,	*Cincinnati.*
Julius Hull,	

Fort Wayne, May 8, 1850. tf45.

1850  1850

PETER P. BAILEY,

Storage, Forwarding, & Commission

MERCHANT,

Will pay CASH for Flour, Wheat, Corn, Pearl and Pot Ashes, and most other products of the country, or make liberal advances on the same.

WAREHOUSE NORTH SIDE OF THE CANAL,
FORT WAYNE, Ia.

REFERENCES.

Allen Hamilton, President Branch Bank, *Fort Wayne.*
Hugh McCulloch, Cashier " " " "
Samuel Hanna, " " " "
Isaac L. Williams, Chief Engineer, W. & E. Canal.
B. Smith & Co., *Toledo.*
E. Haskell & Co., "
Collins, Brown & Co., "

Valuable Tavern for Sale

At Huntertown, 12 Miles North of Fort Wayne, on the Plank Road.

WILL be offered for sale until 1st of May next, after which, if not sold, will be RENTED. This property is an excellent stand or entertainment, with a large and convenient house, and stabling for about 50 horses, with a good young orchard, and about seventy acres of land. There is perhaps no more desirable or profitable stand for business in Northern Indiana. It affords a fine opportunity to any one who wants a good location for the above business.

SAMUEL HANNA.

Fort Wayne, March 18, 1850. 36tf.

THE "GREAT"

Indiana Land Agency

EUREKA

THE undersigned has been appointed an agent to sell all of the lands in Northern Indiana owned by the "*Knightstown and Shelbyville Rail Road Company.*"

As this company is successfully operating on the *High* pressure system on their road, they have resolved to put their lands on the *Low*; and have authorized sales to be made at *Two Dollars per acre*, on five years' credit; thus giving every one a rare chance to own a farm.

Emigrants can be accommodated with four or five sections in one locality if desired.

The undersigned has also on sale large tracts of other lands in this, and adjoining counties; and is giving better bargains, and more of them, than is generally known; as he is entirely too modest to puff himself, and is not disposed to pay any one to do it for him.

April 6, '50. [1f40] F. P. RANDALL.

500 Ounces Farr's Quinine, warranted pure, for sale at a reduced price.

Nov. 17, 1849. H. B. REED.

BRUSHES.—A very large assortment of White Wash, Shoe, Marking, Graining, Flesh, Paint, Dusting, &c., for sale very cheap.

Oct. 9, 1848. H. B. REED

MOSES DRAKE, Jr.

3, JONES' BLOCK, FORT WAYNE, IA.

DEALER IN

Domestic & Fancy Dry Goods

GROCERIES,

Crockery, Hardware, Iron, Steel, Nails, Glass, FLOUR, SALT, *Fish, &c.*

Also, the best Northern Sole and Upper LEATHER, just received. All of which are offered at the lowest prices.

SALERATUS at wholesale or retail.

CASH at all times paid for WHEAT.

Fire Proof Paint.

RECEIVED a large supply of all the color of the article, to which we would call the attention of those desirous of making use of all the means to prevent loss from fire, for sale cheap by H. R. REED.

FOR SALE,

A First rate THRESHING MACHINE, new and in good order. Cost $250 in Rochester New York. Liberal terms will be given.

R. BRACKENRIDGE, Jun.

Fort Wayne, June 29, 1849. t52

H. B. REED'S

Drug and Medical Circular

T

Druggists, Physicians, Merchants, Manufactors, Artists, and Dealers generally.

HAVING just returned from the eastern cities with a very large stock of fresh and genuine

Drugs and Medicines,

and all other articles in his line, and believing that he can sell them on as good terms as they can be purchased at any other place in the west, he would respectfully call the attention of his customers and trade generally to an examination of his stock, amongst which will be found

500 ounces Farr's Quinine, (at a reduced price.)	100 do Balsam Copayva,
250 do Pipirine.	5 cases Magnesia.
200 lbs. Powdered Red Bark,	50 lbs Cantharides,
500 do " Yellow "	35 do Ext. Colocynth comp.
100 oz Morphine sulph & Acet	1000 do Cream Tartar,
150 lbs. Blue Mass English,	50 do Dover's Powders.
300 lbs. Calomel	200 do Gum Arabic,
100 do Powdered Ipecac	40 do Gum Gamboge,
200 do " Rhubarb	100 do " Cinac,
75 do Root " Turkey, Russia and East India.	100 do Precip. Carb. Iron,
	6 cases Extract Liquorice,
10 do Nitrate Silver,	100 lbs Turkey Opium,
100 do Powdered Jalap,	75 do Red Precipitate,
400 do Aloes Socotrine,	200 do Pink Root,
600 do Senna Alex and India,	350 do Sarsaparilla Hard,
50 do Sassafras, A row Root,	200 do Epsom Salts,
700 lbs Burgundy Pitch True,	200 do Sulphur,
500 do Gum Camphor,	10 Carboy Spirits Nitre,
300 do Cloves,	10 " Aqua Ammonia,
500 do Red Squills.	6 " Sulphuric Ether,
	5 bbls Olive Oil.

Chemical Preparations.

Chloriform,	Muriatic Quinine,
Strychnine,	Acetate "
Oxiodate Argenti,	Citrate "
Iodide Sulphur,	Ferrocyn "
" Arsenic,	Citrate " and Iron,
" Iron,	Tannate Iron,
Prussic Acid,	Oil Valerian,

Together with all the new preparations in use.

Perfumery and Fancy Articles.

Lubin's Extracts,	Artists' Paints,
Fancy Smelling Bottles,	Toy do
Bandoline,	Violin Strings,
Philocomie,	Chess Men and Boards,
Olophane,	Note and Letter Paper,
Toilet and Shaving Soap,	Envelopes, Pen Wiles,
German Cologne,	Paper, Sand.
Brushes, Hair, Flesh Tooth, Nail &c., &c., a large assortment of everything in the line.	

PAINTS, OILS, &C.

800 kegs White Lead, pure no. 1	nish and Japan Dryer,
2000 lbs do do dry,	1500 lbs Ref. Borax,
1500 do Red do do	10 bbls Mudder,
3000 do Litharge,	10 do Allum,
1000 do English Venetian Red,	10 do best Glue,
5000 do Sp. Whiting, kiln dried	5 do winter Sperm Oil,
2000 do Putty in bladders,	200 lbs Sp. Fl. Indigo,
500 do Paris Green Dry,	20 Reams Sand Paper,
500 do do in Oil,	150 lbs Rose Pink,
300 do Chrome " dry & in oil,	600 do Sal Nitre,
150 do " Yellow,	8 bbls Alcohol,
10 bbls Linseed Oil,	10 do Cider Vinegar,
10 do Spirits Turpentine,	5 do Castor Oil,
5 do Queen city Copal Varnish and Japan Dryer,	4 do Ground Ginger.

ALSO,

500 Boxes Druggists' Glass Ware, Vials, Bottles
150 do Window Glass all sizes, city brands.

Fort Wayne, Dec. 22, 1849. y25.

Abdominal Supporters.

JUST received a large supply of all the most approved styles ns upporters, Trusses, and Shoulder Braces, for of s very cheap.

Nov. 17, 1849 H B. REED.

LOCKS.

A full assortment of Locks and Latches, just received and for sale cheap at

April 27, 1850. B. W. OAKLE 'S.

READ! READ!! READ!!!

Huff's Pulmonary Balsam

TRIUMPHANT,

AFTER the skill of several physicians had been baffled for ten years, Notice the date of this letter.

VERNON, Ia., Dec. 5, 1849.

MR. C. ENY—Dear Sir: I take pleasure in certifying that I have used Huff's Pulmonic Balsam for Coughs, Colds, &c., with the happiest effect.

My mother was cured of a severe Pulmonary disease, which had baffled the skill of several physicians, FOR TEN YEARS, *with* TOW BOTTLES *of the* BALSAM.

I regard it as one of the best medicines now in use for Pulmonic Complaints, and as such would recommend it.

Yours, truly, C. K. JOHNSON,
Editor & Proprietor of Vernon, Ia., Democrat.

The proprietor has so much confidence in the virtue and efficacy of this inestimable medicine, and it has proved entirely successful in so many desperate cases, that he

VOLUNTARILY GUARANTEES,

that if no relief is obtained, after using it strictly according to directions for 24 or 36 hours,

THE MONEY WILL BE CHEERFULLY REFUNDED

upon the bottle being returned: and all agent are hereby authorised TO DO THE SAME.

Price $1 per bottle; 6 bottles for $5.

For sale, wholesale or retail, by

JAMES B. SHOAFF,
47 Sole Agent for Allen Co.

BLANK BOOKS, &c., &c.

JUST RECEIVED,—a large and splendid assortment of BLANK BOOKS of every kind and size. Also, Blank Deeds, Notes, Executions, &c. &c. for sale cheap.

Good Writing Paper at $1,75 per ream. Call at No. 2 Hanna's Block. C. L. HILL.

MUSLIN DE LAINES, Grandilla, Soie de Foie, &c., &c., newest spring fashions, just received. MRS. DYKES.

LADIES' SHOES.

WHITE Satin Slippers, White Kid do. Patent Leather, Kid, Morocco and Lasting Shoes. Buskins, and Gaiters; Children's Shoes, &c., &c. A new and full assortment.

MRS. DYKES

R. SUTHERLAND,

TIN, SHEET IRON & COPPER WARE MANUFACTURER

AND

Dealer in Stoves.

RETURNS his most grateful thanks to his numerous friends and the public for the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed on him, and respectfully informs them that he has now on hand a large variet

Parlor,

COOKING

AND

Box

STOVES,

of the most approved varieties, which he is determined to offer at such prices as will make it an object for those wanting Stoves to give him a call.

He particularly directs attention to a new and beautiful article of

Air-Tight. Self-Regulating parlor Stoves,

on an entirely new principle, which by means of a self acting valve will always keep the room at any required temperature.—For neatness, convenience and economy of fuel, this stove is unequalled by any in the market.

He also received a full supply of

Tin, Sheet Iron, & Copper,

which he will make to order on the most reasonable terms. A general assortment of TIN WARE kept on hand. Jobbing Mending, &c., promptly attended to.

Shop, on Columbia Street, one door east of C. A. Gray's Store, No. 18.

Fort Wayne, Nov. 24, 1849. 21

ISTHMUS HOTELS.

CHAGRES, CRUCES, } AND { GORGONA, PANAMA.

THE IRVING HOUSE,
At CHAGRES, Wallace W. Williams, assisted by Hugh Miller,

THE PANAMA RAILROAD HOTEL,
At GORGONA, under the management of A. B. Miller and J. F. Conger.

THE AMERICAN HOTEL,
At CRUCES, under the management of E. R. Folger and Hugh Miller, *Jr.*

THE UNITED STATES HOTEL,
At PANAMA, under the management of Adrian B. Miller.

MERCHANDIZE

Consigned to WALLACE W. WILLIAMS at Chagres, or ADRIAN B. MILLER, at Panama, will be particularly attended to, and will be transmitted across the Isthmus on the most favorable terms, and with the greatest dispatch, they having more extensive facilities than any house on the Isthmus.

REFERENCES.

Hussey & Murray,	*N. Y.*	Panama Railroad Co.	*N. Y.*
J. Howard & Sons,	"	Coleman & Stetson, Astor House	
Chas. Morgan, Esq.,	"	D. D. Howard, Irving House,	"
R. S. Williams & Co.	"	A. Flower, Pacific Hotel,	"
Geo. Law, Esq.,	"	C. S. Coleman Troy House,	*Troy*
Abbey & Freeman,	"	Miller, Harris & Wald,	*N. Orleans*
John G. Miller, Esq.,	"	Smith & Miller,	
Folger & Clift,	*Sacramento.*	B. F. Folger,	*Panama.*
H. P. Osborne, Esq.,	"	Abraham B. Coleman, Esq.	Burnett House, *Cincinnati.*
Geo Coleman, Esq.	"		49

Great Arrival of New Goods.

SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF

NEW GOODS!!

PURCHASED IN NEW YORK.

AYLSWORTH & BORDEN have received at the CHEQUERED CASH STORE a large and splendid assortment of

Spring and Summer Goods,

direct from New York, which they are determined to sell the citizens of Allen and adjoining Counties cheaper than they can be bought at any other store in this or any other western town.—Their stock is very large and well selected, and feeling confident they can please *new* as well as *old customers*, and the public generally, they invite every *body* to call and examine for themselves. The rest of our stock is bought with a view to WHOLESALE as well as Retail; and we would here say to the Country Merchants that want to replenish their stocks, that we will sell them for CASH as cheap as they can buy in Cincinnati, adding freight, &c.

Their stock consists in part of French and English Wool dyed Cloths; Beaver do.; Tweeds; Black and Fancy Cassimeres; Satinetts, all styles and prices; Kentuky Jeans; Fancy Tweeds; Plain and Fancy Satin and Marseilles Vestings; Gents' Linen Drills, white and plain; Riding Cord, and Beaverteen. One hundred pieces Cottonades, and all kinds of summer wear for Men and Boys; Farmer Drills and Burlaps; Nankeens, Blue Drills, &c.

LADIES' DRESS GOODS

We particularly invite the attention of the Ladies to our assortment of Dress Goods, as we think we can suit every variety of taste. SIX HUNDRED PIECES Fancy Blue and Orange and Mourning Prints; French and English Chambray Ginghams; Plain and Fancy French and Embroidered and Mourning Lawn. Lots of fine Dress Goods, consisting in part of Linen Brayzes, Finen Chambrays, Linen Lustres, Linen Ginghams, Chameleon and changeable Lustres, Jaconets, plain, dotted and Embroidered; and Swiss Muslins.

BONNETS.—French Lace, Florence Braid, English and common Straw, Misses' Bonnets, and Legorn Flats.

HATS.—Fashion Silk and Fur Hats, Leghorn Hats, of all styles and prices; Pedal, China Peath, Canada, and Palm Leaf Hats.

BOOTS & SHOES.—Domestic Manufactured Coarse and Kip Boots, Brogans, and Womenand Children's Lace Boots, received from New York; also a beautiful stock of Ladies' Slippers, Buskins, Excelsiors, Gaiters, new styles; Walking Shoes, and lots of Children's Shoes.

All kinds of Yankee Notions, at wholesale or retail; Groceries, Queensware, Wall Paper, Window Shades, &c.

All kinds of approved COUNTRY PRODUCE taken in exchange for Goods, at *Cash Prices*—Don't forget the place, "CHEQUERED" STORE No. 17, Columbia Street. One thing is certain, we are determined to sell our Goods cheap, and sell them for pay, Our motto is, now, Cash or Produce in hand, or no sale.

Fort Wayne, April 27, 1850. y43

Wholesale Paper Warehouse.

C. L. HILL, Stationer, Calhoun Street, Fort Wayne, has made arrangements to be in the constant receipt of

Writing, Printing, and Wrapping Paper,

of all sizes and qualities;

The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

Vol. 11—No. 13. FORT WAYNE, Indiana, Saturday, September 28, 1850. Whole No. 909.

THOMAS TIGAR,

EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

OFFICE,—Immediately over the Telegraph Office, corner of Clinton and Columbia streets Third Story.

TERMS:

Two Dollars per annum in Advance; Two Dollars Fifty Cents at the end of Six Months; or Three Dollars at the end of the Year.

No paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid up, except at the option of the publisher.

Advertisements inserted at One Dollar per Square of Ten Lines, for the first three weeks, and half that rate for subsequent insertions.

A liberal allowance made to those who advertise by the year.

JOB PRINTING

Executed with neatness, accuracy and dispatch on the most reasonable terms.

The Knox Insurance Company,

FIRE, MARINE AND LIFE INSURANCE.

Capital Stock—$200,000!

Office on Water Street, in Winter's Brick Row,

VINCENNES, IND.

THIS Company, having been duly organized and ten per cent. paid on the capital stock subscribed, and the balance secured by mortgage on Real Estate and by personal guarantees now prepared to effect Insurance against Loss or Damage by Fire, on Buildings, Merchandize, Machinery, Manufactories, and all descriptions of property; also, Merchandize and Produce in the course of inland transportation, the risks of the seas, &c., &c.; also, the Hulls of Steamboats, and other vessels and upon the Lives of individuals going to California. The rates of premium will be as low as those of any other responsible Company.

All Losses liberally adjusted and promptly paid. The stock of this Company is held entirely in the West, and controlled by western men, and in no way connected with New York

DIRECTORS:

Hon. R. N. Carman, Vincennes;
W. J. Hebard, do.
Jno. W. Maddox, do.
Jacob Fea, do.
Samuel Wise, do.
Peter P. Bailey, Fort Wayne;
Thomas T. Bouldrige, Lafayette;
Walter W. Early, Terre Haute;
Henry D. Allis, Evansville;
Simon Bottorff, Jeffersonville;
William Hughes, do.
Levi Sparks, do.
James Keigwin, do.
Hon. R. N. CARMAN, President.
SIMON BOTTORFF, Vice President.
C. M. ALLEN, Secretary.
W. J. HEBARD, Treasurer.

Short Life and California risks taken at this agency at extra rates.

PETER P. BAILEY,
Agent at Fort Wayne.

v22

Columbus Insurance Company,

OF COLUMBUS, OHIO.

Capital paid in $300,000.

INCORPORATED IN 1832.

JOSEPH K. EDGERTON, Agent.

THE Subscriber, agent at Fort Wayne of this successful and responsible Company continues to insure on risks in Allen and adjacent counties.

This Company, since its organization, has paid nearly $200,000 of dividends to its stockholders. The losses have always been promptly adjusted and paid. The subscriber during the past year paid over $2,500 for losses on policies issued by him. All losses are adjusted at the agency where the risk is taken, and persons insuring in the Company may have full confidence of its ability to pay, and of its liberal, prompt, and honorable dealing with the insured.

JOSEPH K. EDGERTON, *Agent.*

Fort Wayne, Nov. 27, 1849. v22

Protection

Fire & Marine Insurance Company

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Capital Stock, $300,000.

THE undersigned, Agent of this old and well known Company is fully authorised to insure Dwellings, Stores, Hotels, Warehouses, Mills, Manufactories, Barns, &c. Also, Household Furniture and Goods, Wares and Merchandise contained or stored therein, against

LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE!

Also, Dry Goods, Groceries, Manufactured Goods Produce, Hous hold Furniture, Live Stock, and every other description of Merchandize or Personal property, shipped or to be shipped per Canal or steamboat, or boats, to or from points on the Western waters, or between Eastern cities, (via Lakes or other inland routes,) and any towns in the Western country, against the hazards of

INLAND TRANSPORTATION,

Also shipments of Goods, Wares and Merchandize, per goods vessel or vessels, between New Orleans and Eastern ports—between New Orleans and other Gulf ports—between all American ports and English or European ports or to any maritime ports whatsoever in the Atlantic waters, against the

PERILS OF THE SEAS.

For terms of insurance,—also pamphlets concerning further information apply to

JOHN HUGH, Jr.,
Agent Protection Insurance Company.

Fort Wayne, Jan. 26, 1850. 45y

Not in the Combination.

THE CITY INSURANCE COMPANY OF CINCINNATI, one of the most substantial in the country, and operating on a capital as large and well secured as that of any other, continues to take risks against fire at the OLD RATES, not being in the *Combination* which has so greatly raised the premium required by other companies.

Payment of all losses made within sixty days after the loss has been ascertained and established, *without any deduction whatever.*

E. F. COLERICK, *Agent.*

Fort Wayne, Jan. 28, 1850. 9f.

CITY Insurance Company

OF CINCINNATI.

Will insure against Loss or Damage by FIRE, *Houses, Buildings, Stores, Mills, Manufactories, Warehouses and Contents, Vessels in part and their Cargoes, Vessels building or repairing, Goods, Wares, and Merchandize generally.*

DIRECTORS.

E. B. REEDER, WM. BURNET
GEORGE CARLILE, J. C. THORP,
J. M. BLAIR, H. RAPER,
J. P. KILBRETH, E. S. HAYES,
H. L. HOFFMAN.

E. B. REEDER, *President.*

N. GREGORY, *Secretary.*

☞ OFFICE,—No. 8 Front street, between Main and Sycamore, Cincinnati, Ohio.

The subscriber has been appointed agent of the above company in this city, to whom application can be made for policies, pamphlets, information, &c., at Room No. 1 Court House.

EDWARD F. COLERICK.

Fort Wayne, Dec. 9, 1849. 28—1f.

WASHINGTON COUNTY MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY. HARTFORD LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

CHARLES WHITMORE,
General Agent for Indiana.

Nov. 17, 1849

Marine Insurance.

THE undersigned Agent of the CITY INSURANCE COMPANY of Cincinnati, is now prepared to insure against loss or damage by the perils of SEA or INLAND NAVIGATION, Boats of all descriptions and their Cargoes, and on Goods, Wares and Merchandize generally.

☞ The above Company is not in the combination that have raised the rates of Insurance.

EDWARD F. COLERICK, Agent.

Fort Wayne, April 12, 1850 34

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

JOSEPH K. EDGERTON. CHARLES CASE.

EDGERTON & CASE,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.

Land and Collection Agents,

FORT WAYNE, IA.

WILL practice in the State and Federal Courts, and give special attention to *Land Agencies* and the *Securing and Collecting Debts* in any part of Indiana:

REFERENCES.

Grinnell, Minturn & Co. } *New York.*
Baldwin, Hebbles & Work, }
John Steward, Jr. & Co. }
Tweedy, Moulton & Plimpton, }
Robert Huxley, Esq. }
Clark, Week & Mallison. }
Stedman, Marwood & Co. *Cincinnati.*
Wm. A. Bowen & Co. *Boston.*
Allen Hamilton, } *Fort Wayne.*
Hugh McCulloch, }
G. W. Taylor, }

OFFICE—On Clinton st., opposite the Bethel Church.

July 27, 1850. 1—1

I. H. BEECHER. W. LAWRENCE.

BEECHER & LAWRENCE, *Attorneys and Counsellors at Law*, Fort Wayne, Ind. OFFICE—Over B. Smith's Store, on the Corner of Columbia and Calhoun Streets. Will attend to COLLECTIONS, and all kinds of WRITING, LAND AGENCIES, &c., &c. v95.

E. F. COLERICK. [1853.] W. S. WITHERS.

COLERICK & WITHERS, *Attorneys and Counsellors at Law, and General Land and Tax Agents*, Fort Wayne, Indiana. Will attend to the Collection, and Securing of Debts, and Examination of Titles, &c., in Indiana.

☞ OFFICE—Room No. 1, Court House.

Nov. 17, 1849. 22—y.

WM. W. CARSON, *Attorney and Counsellor at Law*, Fort Wayne, Indiana. Will practice in the Courts of the 19th Judicial Circuit, Indiana, and will also attend with promptness to any business entrusted to his care.

REFERENCES.

Hon. David McDonald } *Professors of Law*
" William T. Otto, } *Indiana University.*
Samuel Hanna, *Fort Wayne.*
Thos. Hamilton, "
Allen Hamilton, "
Samuel L. Rugg, *Decatur.*

☞ OFFICE—On Clinton Street, two doors north of the Bank. 933

JOHN G. WALPOLE, *Attorney at Law*, Fort Wayne, Ind., will attend to any business entrusted to his care in the Court of Allen County, and in the Supreme and U. S. Court at Indianapolis.

Office on Calhoun Street, over B. Smith's store.

Sept. 30, 1848. y12.

G. L. SITES, *Attorney and Counsellor at Law*, Fort Wayne, Indiana. He will practice law in the Counties of the 19th Judicial Circuit, and will attend with promptness to any business entrusted to his care. OFFICE—Removed to room over T. B. Brackenridge's Store, corner Main and Calhoun st. 1y27.

F. RANDALL, *Attorney and Counsellor at Law, and Master in Chancery*, Fort Wayne Indiana. OFFICE—Clinton street, two doors south of H. Colerick's Brick Site.

B. BRACKENRIDGE, Jun., *Attorney and Counsellor at Law*, Fort Wayne, Indiana. Will attend to the Collection, Adjustment, or Securing of Debts, the payment of Taxes purchase and sale of lands, and examination of Titles in our part of Indiana.

REFERENCES.

Messrs. W. G. & G. W. Ewing, *Fort Wayne.*
" A. Hamilton, "
" S. Hanna, "
" Hugh McCulloch, "
" Alfred Harrison, *Indianapolis.*
" Richard Snydam, *New York.*
" W. Hyslop, "
" Alex. Kerr, "
" Jos. Jamieson, "
" J. D. & C. Jones, *Cincinnati, Ohio.*

OFFICE—Over W. Wall & Co.'s Drug Store, on Calhoun st.

M. JENKINSON, Attorney at Law, &c. ANTHONY E. YAGER, Dr. of Laws & German Advocate

MR. JENKINSON informs his friends and the public generally, that he has formed a law co-partnership with Anthony F. Yager, Esq., who has been in the practice for twelve years in Germany. Their firm will be conducted under the name of Jenkinson & Yager. They will attend with promptness to all business entrusted to their care in the counties of Indiana, to making and translating of documents, drawers of attorney, and other letters mandatory, deeds, mortgages, &c., in the English, German, and French languages, to the examination of land titles in Northern Indiana, collections, attachments, and securing of debts, payment of taxes, purchase and sale of lands, &c. Mr. Yager especially offers his services to his German countrymen in all kinds of legal business and correspondences, as well as the collection of money in Germany, where his numerous and careful correspondents, in every part of that country, will enable him to accomplish all such mandates.

REFERENCES:

Allen Hamilton, Esq. F. & J. Nirdlinger.
Samuel Hanna, Esq. Dr Wehmer.
Hon. Judge W. Burden. George Mayer, Esq.

Fort Wayne, Ia., August 25, 1849. 18.

JOHN HOUGH, JR. WILLIAM F. DAY.

HOUGH & DAY,

Attorneys & Counsellors at Law

FORT WAYNE, IA.,

WILL attend to all legal business entrusted to their care; and will give especial attention to the collecting and securing of debts throughout the State.

REFERENCES.

Allen Hamilton, Fort Wayne.	Spofford, Tileston & Co. N.Y
J. W. Townley & Co. "	David Leavitt, "
Young & Waite, Mumee.	Taylor & Hogg, "
W. A. Otis & Co., Cleveland.	Halstead, Haines & Co. "
Hitchcock, Wilcox & Wade, "	Halstead & Hoskyns, "
W. B. Robbins, Cincinnati.	Edward Kellogg, Esq. "
Fox & French, "	Loring, Fish & Co., Boston.
Minor, Andrews & Co. "	Stoddard & Lowering, "
Goran, Tweed & Co. "	McIlwaith & Day, Philadelphia
Wilkeson & Co., Buffalo.	Wood & Abbott, "
Hayward & Noyes, "	Duffin & Fatchimon, "

F. A. McMAHON, *Attorney and Counsellor at Law, Fort Wayne, Ia.*, will practice in the courts of this (19th) judicial circuit, and in the Supreme Court of the State, and the Circuit Court of the United States at Indianapolis. OFFICE—Front room in the second story of Fishburn's new building—corner of Main and Calhoun streets, where he can be consulted, drafting his usual business—by persons who feel it their interest to have his services.

Dec. 25, 1849. y26

MEDICAL NOTICES.

DOCTOR JONES having returned from Mexico, may be consulted by his friends at his Office, on Main Street, north of the Treasurer's Office, *Fort Wayne.*

August 12, 1848. y6

DRS. AYRES & ROWAN will give their attention to the practice of Medicine and Surgery in Fort Wayne and the surrounding country, and will at any hour promptly attend those who may wish their services.

Office, near the re Hill, Wilson & Coleraine. Residence, on Clinton Street, two doors north of Washington st.

Fort Wayne, dec. 1, 1846.

DR. G. F. STUBBS continues the practice of Medicine and Surgery at his office on Clinton street. Those requiring his services will meet with prompt attention.

Fort Wayne, August 15th, 1847. 16

DR. ROBERT McNELL (late Surgeon to the United States Volunteer Service in Mexico) offers his professional services to the citizens of Fort Wayne and vicinity,—in addition to his experience in the army, he has had the advantage of several years' private practice in the West, and will be found familiar with the diseases incident to the western country.

He may be found at his office on Calhoun street, above T. K. Brackenridge's Store, or at the Spencer House, and will be happy to attend to any business entrusted to him; and at offices when not professionally engaged.

Fort Wayne, July 6, 1849. 6m1.

Huntington Cottage Inn

FOR SALE.

THE undersigned will sell, at a very low price the above well-known *Tavern Stand* in Huntington, together with or without five acres of land adjoining. Here will situate for a public house—near the Court House and other public buildings. If not soon sold it can be RENTED for a term of years

He will also sell the New STORE and HOUSE recently built by Patrick McCarty in said town of Huntington.

Also, FOUR OUT-LOTS on the Hill, in Murray's Addition to said town.

F. P. RANDALL.

Fort Wayne, March 30, '50. tf-33.

POETRY.

LIFE IS SWEET.

"Oh, life is sweet!" said a merry child;
"And I love, I love to roam
In the meadow green 'neath the sky serene—
Oh! the world is a fairy home.
There are trees hung thick with blossoms fair,
And flowers gay and bright;
There's the moon's clear ray, and the sun lit day—
Oh, the world is a world of light!"

"Oh, life is sweet," said a gallant youth
As he caught the starlit page;
And he pondered on the days by-gone,
And the fame of a former age.
There was hope in his bright and beaming eye,
And his fanged far viper years;
He clung to life—he dared its strife—
He felt no dread nor fears.

"Oh, life is sweet," came merrily
From the lips of a fair young bride;
And happy smile she gave the while
To the deer one by her side.
"Oh, life is sweet, for we shall live
Our constancy to prove;
Thy sorrows mine, my trials thine,
Our solace in our love.

"Oh, life is sweet," said a mother fond,
As she gazed on her helpless child;
And the closer pressed to her gladdened breast
Her babe who unconscious smiled.
"My life shall be for thee my child,
Pure guiltless, as thou art;
And who shall dare my soul to tear
From the tie that forms a part?"

"Oh, life is sweet," said an aged sire,
Whose eye was sunk and dim;
His form was bent—his strength was spent—
Could life be sweet to him?
Oh yes, for round the old man's chair,
His children's children clung;
And each dear face and warm embrace
Made life seem ever young.

Thus life is sweet, from early youth
To week, enfeebled age;
Love twines with life, through care and strife,
In every varied stage.
Though rough, perchance, the path we tread,
And dark the sky above,
In every stage there's something yet
To live for and to love.

$100 PRIZE SONG.

GREETING TO AMERICA.

Sung by JENNY LIND at her First Concert in N. York.

BY BAYARD TAYLOR.—MUSIC BY BENEDICT.

I greet with a full heart, the Land of the West,
Whose Banner of Stars o'er a world is unrolled;
Whose empire o'ershadows Atlantic's wide breast,
And opes to the dawn its gateway of gold!
The land of the mountain, the land of the lake,
And rivers that roll in magnificent tide—
Where the souls of the mighty from slumber awake,
And follow the soil for whose freedom they died!

Thou Cradle of Empire! though wide be the foam
That covers the land of my fathers and thee,
I bear, from my bosom, the welcome of home,
For Song has a home in the hearts of the Free!
And long as thy waters shall gleam in the sun,
And long as thy heroes remember their scars,
Be the hands of thy children united as one,
And Peace shed her light on thy Banner of Stars!

From Thompson's Bank Note Reporter.

"LIND STOCK,"—Quoted.

JENNY HAS SUNG!—A short time since, she sang in private before *her* majesty, Queen Victoria; and last night, she sang in public before *their* majesties "*John Smith.*" "*John Jones,*" and some seven thousand other of the sovereigns of Uncle Samuel's broad domains. Queen Vic, in a voice modulated boudoir-fashion, graciously condescended to indicate her satisfaction, and most generously presented the cantatrice with a "*King Charles' lap dog*: the Sovereigns *Johns* sent up from unsophisticated breasts, a volume of applause as resonant as the billows which surge against the sea girt walls of Castle Garden, and gave her *their hearts.* Let the pallor which overspread Jenny's face, the diamonds of perspiration standing on her brow, and the tremor of her entire frame as the greeting of our Sovereigns met her first advance evince which was the more momentous occasion.

But she has sung, and the question is momentarily asked, "What do you think of her?" Now, we are no musical critic,—being far better versed in "shorts," "longs," "bears," "bulls," "lame-ducks," and such other Wall-street animals, than in "cadenzas," "bravuras," "slorgotas," etc., yet we feel that in our fashion, we must answer the query.

Her "notes," then, we quote as undeniably "above par." The "issue," though not secured by "State Stocks," and such like perishable commodities, have yet, as discount clerks would say, "a good backer." She draws "at fishtam," on Nature, and from our brief "transactions" with her, we should deem her account there unlimited, and her drafts never liable to dishonor.

We have had the good fortune to hear most of the opera performers who have been before our public, but Jenny is like none of them.—No, not a particle! She is emphatically "sui generis," and therefore not to be measured by comparison. She is not, as some fancy-crazed penny-a-liners would have us believe, the "Queen of Song,"—for such a prefix would imply that she merely presides over that which has been heretofore created; but she is the producer or creator of her own commodity:—a commodity of which there are not, and never has been any "samples," excepting her own in the market. And a most unique, most pure, most heart-acceptable commodity indeed is it in which she deals. We are free to confess, that notwithstanding the high panegyric which has been bestowed on her abroad, we feared her execution might "smell of the shop," or in other words, show a painful training, admirable indeed as evincing skill and high culture, but not searching out and satisfying the deeper and more ethereal emotions of the heart. In this we are happily disappointed. Jenny appeals to the heart with irresistible power. Her "offerings" cannot be refused. One may button up his coat, and folds his arms across his breast, fancifully secure in the panoply of critical resolve, but at her first notes, the frosts of criticism dissolve, and ere the index on the dial can take ten short steps, the arms drop lax, the coat is pierced just over the heart, and she has found the "little joker" and leads it captive. Her voice, in the extreme scope from "dolce" to "fortissimo," from "andante" to "staccato," is clear, pure, natural, with no haze, no tetcam, no underdone attempt at inappreciable "bravura"—in brief, with not one moment of schooling perceptible in any single phase of its execution. And then her laugh! Ah! that is positive, palpable witchery! The "ha," "ho," in the "Echo Song" is without parallel in the entire range of things bearing a name. It alone is worth the price of admission to any who would know what a laugh really can do. We have heard a sleek coated "bull" laugh, after tossing some cornered "bear" to the tune of $10,000 in a well planted "dog;" but that laugh though glitteringly coin-like in its modulations, is yet a mere mockery to the cachination executed by sweet Jenny. The "Nightingale" is glorious, radiant, good, and the produce of an entire new "stock" in the "exchange" of song. Barnum, in giving us Jenny, has proved himself a regular "brick"—not a 4 by 8 slack-baked four dollar concern—but a smooth, 6 by 12 hard-burnt, "flaring" article, such as Tripler might well wish to put in the choicest "jam" or "coping" of the new Hall. We close our quotation by advising all who have a "V" to spare, to go and hear Jenny.

THE NEW CONTRACT between Barnum and Jenny Lind provides that Miss Lind shall sing at one hundred and fifty concerts, giving two a week, or extending through two years, in this or any country, at $1,000 per night, with one-half the receipts whenever they exceed $6,000, Mr. Barnum engaging to pay all expenses. The New York Commercial says that in all minor details Mr. Barnum has most handsomely and liberally deferred to Miss Lind's wishes.

A Tale.

Charlotte Christina Sophia de Wolfenbuttel, wife of the Czarovitz Alexis, son of Peter I., was unfortunately an object of aversion to her husband, although beautiful and amiable; in a fit of passion he gave her one day a blow, which caused her to be prematurely confined with a dead child. The Countess of Konnismarck, who attended on the princess, being aware that if she recovered she would be exposed to further acts of violence determined to declare that she had died. The Czarovitz, to whom this was agreeable news, ordered her immediate interment; couriers were dispatched to inform the Czar of the event, and all the courts of Europe went in mourning.

The princess escaped to America with an aged domestic, who passed for her father, and a female attendant. Whilst she was living in privacy at Louisiana, an officer of the name of D'Auband, who had seen her in Russia, recollected her, and made an offer of his services. Soon after, they heard that the Czarovitz was dead; and D'Auband then engaged to conduct the princess back to Russia, but she found herself happier in a private station, and declared her intention of remaining in retirement. The old domestic dying about this time, she was without any protector, and D'Auband, who had long been attached to her, offered her his hand—she accepted it. Thus she who had been destined to wear the imperial diadem, became the wife of a lieutenant of infantry.

The princess had no reason to repent her second marriage;—happy in the affection of the man she had wedded from choice, she lived in uninterrupted peace and comfort for ten years, without a wish to mingle in the splendid scenes where she had known only misery;—but D'Auband fell into ill health, and his wife anxious above all things for his recovery, proposed that they should go to France to procure the best medical advice, and try the effect of a change of climate. They accordingly embarked for his native land, and soon after he was restored to health. He then solicited an employment, in the Isle of France, where he was appointed major. The princess, however, previous to their quitting France, had been recognized by the Marshall de Saxe, who after having called on her, and heard the story of her adventures, informed his king of the discovery he had made. His majesty desired his minister of marines to write to the governor of the Mauritius, directing that every mark of distinction should be showed on Mons. and Madame D'Auband, and that they should always be treated with the highest consideration. These orders, we are told, were punctually obeyed: the princess lived in tranquil happiness in that island until 1747, when her beloved husband died; she then returned to Paris where she lived to a great age.

Cherry Brandy.—Its Humorous Effects.

The Laird of Buninnoun was very fond of his bottle. On one occasion, he was asked to dine with Lord R——, a neighbor of his; and his Lordship, being well acquainted with the Laird's dislike to small drinks, ordered a bottle of cherry brandy to be set before him after dinner, instead of port, which he always drank in preference to claret, when nothing better was to be got. The Laird thought this fine, heart-some stuff, and on he went, filling his glass like the rest, and telling his stories, and ever the more he praised his Lordship's *port*, it was a fine full-bodied wine, and lay well on the stomach, not like that poisonous claret that made a body feel as if he had swallowed a nest of pudlocks. The Laird had finished one bottle of cherry brandy, or as his Lordship called it, his "particular port," and had just tossed off a glass of the second bottle which he thought to be even better than the first, when his old confidential servant, Watty, came staving into the room, and making his best bow, announced that the Laird's horse was at the door.

"Get out of that, ye fause loon," cried the Laird, pulling off his wig and throwing it at Watty's head. "Do ye see, ye blethering brute, that I am just beginning my second bottle?"

"But maister," says Watty, scratching his head, "it's amaist twell o'clock."

"Well, what though it be?" said the Laird, turning up his glass with drunken gravity, while the rest of the company were like to split their sides with laughing at him and Watty. "I cannna be my later, my man, so reach me my wig, and let the nag bide a wee."

It was a cold, frosty night, and Watty was soon tired of kicking his heels at the door—so in a little while back he comes, and says he, "Maister, maister, it's amaist one o'clock."

"Well, Watty," says the Laird, with a hiccup—for he was far gone by this time—"it will never be any earlier, Watty, my man, and that's a comfort; so you may just rest yoursel a wee while longer, till I finish my bottle. A full belly makes a stiff back, you know, Watty."

Watty was by this time dancing mad; so after waiting another half hour, back he comes, and says he—

"Laird, Laird, as true as death the sun's rising."

"Well, Watty," said the Laird, looking awful wise, and trying with both hands to fill his glass, "let him rise, he has further to gang the day than you or me, Watty."

This answer fairly dumfounded poor Watty, and he gave up in despair. But at last the bottle was finished; the Laird was lifted into the saddle, and he rode off in high glee, thinking all the time that the moon was the sun, and that he had fine daylight for his journey home.

"Hech, Watty, my man," said the Laird, patting his stomach and speaking awful thick, "we were none the worse for that second bottle, this frosty morrin."

"Faith," says Watty, blowing his fingers, and looking as blue as a bilberry, "your honor is, may be, none the worse for it but I'm none the better: I wish I was."

Well, on they rode, the Laird griping hard at horse's mane and rolling about like a sack of meal, for the cold air was beginning to make the spirits to tell on him. At last they came to a bit of a brook that crossed the road, and the Laird's horse being pretty well used to having his own way, stopped short, and put down his head to take a drink. This had the effect to make the Laird lose his balance, and away he went, over the horses ears, into the middle of the brook. The Laird, honest man, had just sense enough to hear the splash, and to know that something was wrong; but he was so drunk that he did not in the least suspect that it was himself.

"Watty," says he, "there has surely something tumbled into the brook."

"Faith, say that," replied Watty, ready to roll off his horse with laughing, "for it's just yoursel, Laird"

"Hout, fie, fie, Watty," cried the Laird, "it surely canna be me."

"Surely, maister, it is yoursel."

"It canna be me, Watty—for *I'm here.*"

A NEW WAY TO GET RID OF A WIFE.—We announced in the Tribune of Saturday that Dr. Bassett was drowned from the South erner, on her way from Cleveland to Detroit. We did it on good authority, but it now seems there is a little romance in the story, and Dr. Bassett is still alive and kicking.

The facts, as they are related to us, are as follows: A gentleman came on board the Southerner, and purchased a ticket for himself, calling his name Morse. The clerk gave him a state room and told him he should be compelled to put another man in the room with him. All satisfactory. Mr. Morse was very indifferently dressed. In a very short time, a person very genteelly dressed, called for a ticket under the name of Dr. Bassett. The clerk gave him a berth in the state room with Mr. Morse.

On the passage up, the story was started by Morse that Dr. Basset had fallen overboard while in the act of vomiting. All credited it. After a few moments the Captain came to the conclusion that it was singular that no other person than Mr. Morse saw the accident, and some surmised foul play.

Dr. Bassett's baggage was looked for in his state room, but nothing but an old russet leather valise, with his name on it, could be found. This appeared rather singular for so genteel a traveller, who at least would require a change of linen. Thus matters remained until after the boat's arrival at our wharf, and Mrs. Bassett was telegraphed that she was a widow.

On reviewing the whole circumstances, it was concluded that Mr. Morse ought to be arrested and an investigation had. Accordingly, a warrant was obtained and an officer took charge of him. Mr. Morse and Dr. Bassett, from the story of the prisoner, are *one and the same man*, and the unfortunate plot was a stratagem to rid himself of his wife at the east. He tells the story thus: When he got the ticket he wore an old suit. As soon as he got the key of his state room, he entered at once, and placed upon his person another suit of clothes and a pair of false whiskers and went to the clerk for another ticket, as Dr Bassett, which he says is his real name. The drowning scene was got up for an eastern market, where he has a wife, and desired it for *home* consumption.

But here again is the dilemma. The Doctor is a stranger here, and the last we heard from him, he had not been able to prove that *he was himself*, or in other words, that he was the identical Dr. Basset, and the police still hold him a prisoner, until he can make satisfactory evidence that Dr. Bassett is not now a drowned man in Lake Erie.—*Detroit Tribune.*

A MOUSE STORY.—A gentleman who was exceedingly averse to that little animal denominated a mouse, was one day traveling in northern part of the State, and as night set in, put up at a country hotel. After retiring to his room, he carefully examined the corners and crevices to ascertain if there were any holes from which these little marauders might be likely to issue forth, but finding none, he divested himself of his wearing apparel, and consigned himself to the guardian care of Morpheus.

After sleeping soundly for about three hours, he again became conscious of his existence in this world of transitory bliss, but being still in a somewhat dreamy state, he had no clear perception as to what might disturb his disordered imagination. As he was thus lying, midway between sleep and consciousness, he heard something going pit-pit-pit-pit upon the table which closely approximated to the head of his bedstead on which he was sleeping.—He listened more attentively and observed very softly to himself:—

"As I live, this house is beset with those infernal mice, and there is one now gnawing at something on the table."

So saying, he slipped noiselessly out of bed as possible, and feeling for his boot, took hold of the toe part of it, and the heel up—raised, and very softly approached on tiptoe his intended victim.

When close enough to be within striking distance, he again listened, and to his delight found the noise still there, he then raised his arm, and with unerring precission, let fall the heel of his boot upon the unfortunate intruder, exclaiming—"If you haven't got it now!"

Upon striking a light to examine the body of the mangled victim, what was his horror and consternation to behold! instead of a poor little mouse, it was his own beautiful gold repeater that he had placed upon the table on going to bed, that had made the noise, and which now lay smashed and destroyed.

THE GREAT WORLD'S FAIR.—We are indebted to our Minister in England for English journals communicating some interesting details in regard to the World's Great Industrial Convention to be held in London in 1851. The buildings to be erected for this fair in Hyde-Park will, at the lowest estimate, cost a half million of dollars. Mr. Paxton, famous for his botanical works and as a builder of floral conservatories, is the chosen architect, having presented to the commissioners the most suitable plan. The edifice is to cover 18 acres, is to be one 100 feet in height, and is to contain 3 miles of tables. 1,200,000 square feet of glass, 24 miles of one description of gutter, 215 miles of cash box, and 4000 tons of iron—Two thousand men will soon be employed on the work.

The sides and roof of this immense structure will be chiefly of glass; and the structure will be so built that it may be permanent, and is estimated that at least half a million of people will visit the exhibition, in the course of the six months it is to continue, and the receipts from this source, at the probable admission price of one shilling, or twenty-four cents, per head, will give $120,000. But the funds derived from every source will fall short of the enormous expenses to be incurred, and the deficiency will, in the end, probably have to be made up by Parliament. Meetings are continually held throughout the kingdom, especially in the manufacturing districts, for the purpose of promoting the enterprise. Prince Albert is at the head of the commission of management.

The arrangements for the reception of foreign contributions are very liberal. Every facility is afforded for their convenience and safe keeping. More space in the bazaar has been allotted to the United States than to any other nation excepting France; but though we have 30,000 square feet allotted to us, we shall probably have to ask for more room.—The American agent, Mr. Thompson, writes that the State of New York alone would, if allowed, fill the entire space assigned to the country. The prizes to successful competitors will amount to at least $100,000, and will be awarded without distinction of country, by a perfectly impartial jury as can be obtained.

GOLD AND SILVER GLASS.—A new method of manufacturing ornamental glass, has lately been discovered which presents the brilliant appearance of highly polished gold and silver. This mode of "silvering" glass is a new invention, which is now being carried on by a company in London. The various articles are blown of two separate thicknesses of glass throughout, and the silver is deposited upon the two interior surfaces of the double hollow glass vessel. The silver is deposited from a solution of that metal by the reducing agency of saccharine solutions; in short, the process is entirely a chemical one. The double hollow vessels are hermetically sealed, and thus the silver deposit is protected from wear and from atmospheric influences. The brilliant silver deposit being seen through the colored glass, communicates to that substance, in a curiously illusive manner, the appearance of being entirely formed of gold or silver itself. When the glass is cut, the brilliancy of the silver is heightened; and, on the other hand, when the glass is ground, the effect of frosted silver is produced.

By staining, and by employment of variously colored glasses, the effect is modified in a variety of ways; thus, with certain yellow glasses, the effect of gold is produced; with deep green and ruby glass, colored metallic lustres, equal in effect to the plumage of birds are obtained. As every form into which glass can be blown is silvered with facility, the extent to which this beautiful invention can be carried is perfectly unlimited. The new process extends to flower vases, chimney ornaments, and, in fact, every article usually made of glass. For ornaments, it presents all the lustrous brilliancy of highly polished gold and silver, at a great reduction in cost; and for imitation jewelry and illuminations. It will far surpass anything known. In fact, the invention is at present quite in its infancy, and promises soon to fill the houses of the middle classes, usually destitute of brilliant ornaments, with cheap articles, presenting all the striking appearances of costly plate, &c. The *Ladies' Newspaper* lately gave several engravings of vases, &c., made on this new principle.

Free Banking.

According to the last report of the Comptroller of the State of New York, there are organized under the free banking system in that state 113 banks, with a circulation of 11,180,675 dollars, secured by pledges of stock and other securities in value some 800,000 more. The principal error in the system, as at first adopted, consisted in issuing bills on a pledge of real estate mortgages, leaving room for fraudulent valuations, and loss from the depreciation of property. The law now requires one half the circulation to be secured by stocks of the state of New York, or an equal portion of New York and United States stocks, and permits the securing of the remaining half by mortgages upon productive real estate.

Public sentiment in Indiana, we doubt not, will demand the adoption of some system of free banking, and none seems more likely to meet general approbation than to make our own five per cent. stocks the basis for the circulation, or rather the pledge for its redemption. These stocks will amount to $5,352,500, nearly three times the amount of the capital of our State Bank, or about fifty per cent. more than its average circulation. After exhausting our own state bonds, should more banking capital become necessary, other stocks might be substituted.

There would be no necessity of interfering with the present organization of our State Bank until the expiration of its charter, when we believe the State should withdraw her capital, disconnect herself entirely from the institution, and leave it optional with the individual stockholders to continue their organization under a free banking system or not, as they might think proper.

The opinion is prevalent and we believe it correct one too, that no man or set of men should be endowed by constitutional or legislative provision, with the right to monopolize the business of Banking. If we must have banks, and it may be doubted whether the time has yet come for entirely dispensing with them, let the business of banking be open like all others to fair and honorable competition, the Legislature contenting itself with imposing such restrictions and safeguards, as shall most effectually protect the community from loss.

With such competition, and with such restrictions, the business of banking is no more odious or discreditable than any other. We are not of those who think every stockholder in or officer of a Bank, of necessity, a swindler, or who seek to excite prejudices among the masses against the money-lender. There have been great wrongs perpetrated by the Banks, great rascalities projected under the reserved rights of a chartered monopoly, but retribution should only be visited upon the heads of the guilty. We pray, as sincerely as any one, for the down of that political millenium, when there shall be no necessity for banks or monopolies of any kind, but until that time, must content ourselves with existing their forms, and rendering them as innocuous as possible.—*Indiana Statesman.*

The Only Dissentient.—The Southern Press at Washington, "the organ of the extreme South," is the only paper that seems to despond in view of the recent action of the House. The leader of Saturday was an article from which we make the following extract:

The Texas dismemberment and New Mexico territorial bill has passed. It has passed the House by a majority of ten votes; and in our opinion it is the most calamitous event which has yet befallen this Union.

When winter comes the Legislatures of the other Southern States will assemble, and we will then see what they meant by their resolutions last winter. If they shall determine, that, in declaring their resolution to resist the Wilmot proviso, *they meant the name and not the thing*, that they will have ended the most comprehensive and memorable farce that has ever been enacted before the civilized world, and the South will have sunk to rise no more—

"Unwept, unhonored, and unsung."

But, before that becomes her fate, it is our opinion that

"Many a banner will be torn,
And many a knight in earth be borne."

☞ The Logan Eagle, published in Logansport, Cass county, comes out in favor of R. D. Owen as the next United States Senator. The editor says:

As by the returns of the late election it is very evident that the Convention has a large majority in favor of the Democrats, and also the Legislature; our party will no doubt have the pleasure of sending some one of like views with themselves. Let the choice then be a good one. Mr. Owen is just the man we want.

Manslaughter.—In St. James' Court, South Carolina, last week, George, a slave, aged eleven years, was tried for the murder of Julia, a slave, aged eight years. The case was ably argued and the jury rendered a verdict of "guilty of manslaughter."

THE CHOLERA ON THE PANAMA—*Fright-ful Scenes!*—The cholera which broke out on the steamer Panama, on her late trip from San Francisco, created great consternation, and was unusually fatal. The Boston Mail says:

Numbers were found dead in their berths in the morning, and in one instance, a person while engaged in reading the burial service over several bodies, fell to the deck, and expired. On the 21st ult., between 4 and 11 o'clock, P. M., thirteen persons were at locked, only one of whom survived till 8 o'clock the next morning. The average time from the attack until death, was about five hours. In one or two instances the person attacked survived from twenty-four to thirty-six hours.

The disease still raged on board when she reached Panama. One man had his valise in hand, was just proceeding to get into the canoe in waiting for him, when he was attacked, fell upon the deck and died. Another, who had his trunk, and was upon the gang-way plank, was attacked, returned to the ship, and died in a very short time.

After the landing at Panama, though they started immediately for Chagres, several died before the mules could be packed to convey their baggage across. At a shanties on the road three men stopped with the cholera, and died, and three more at Chagres. Not one out of the whole number attacked survived.

The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 28, 1850.

☞ Mr. V. B. Palmer, Tribune Buildings New York; Third and Chesnut Streets, Philadelphia; and Scollay's Building, Boston, is *Sole Agent* for the Sentinel in those cities; and is alone authorised to receive subscriptions advertisements, &c. on our account.

☞ We are under obligations to Hon. Jesse D. Bright, and Hon. A. J. Harlan, for valuable public documents.

Fire.—On Monday evening last, about half past seven o'clock, a barn in the rear of Messrs. Ewing, Chate, & Co's office was destroyed by fire, supposed to have been the work of an incendiary as a man was seen to get out of the window of the loft a few moments before the fire was discovered. There were several stacks of hay quite near the building, but by the exertions of the citizens, the flames were prevented from extending to them.

Congress.—We do not see anything of much interest in the proceedings in Congress this week. The bounty land bill has not yet passed the Senate; it has been amended in several particulars, and if it pass the Senate will have to be returned to the House, where it will most likely be left among the unfinished business. We do not think it will pass this session. A bill making free grants of land to actual settlers was voted down in the Senate—15 to 3.

Congress will adjourn next Monday.

Hon. E. M. Chamberlain.—We have often heard the inquiry made whether this gentleman was a candidate for the U. S. Senate.—The State Sentinel has received a letter from the honorable gentleman, in which he says,—"I am not a candidate for the U. S. Senate, nor shall I be unless the democracy bring forward my name, among others, for that high station."

The State Convention to form a new constitution will assemble at Indianapolis next Monday week, the 7th October. The convention will have a serious and sacred duty to perform, and we hope it will discharge its high trust in such a manner as to merit the approbation of the entire people of the state. Notwithstanding the weighty nature of its duties as all the leading reforms demanded by the spirit of progress which distinguishes the present age have been fully and freely discussed by the people, we do not think there will be the least necessity for a lengthy session. We therefore trust the convention will prove a *working* rather than a *talking* body, and as such will at once proceed to act upon the various measures necessary to perfect the reforms demanded by the people, instead of wasting their time, and abusing the patience of those who elected them by indulging in the too prevalent vice of making long speeches for Buncombe. All the business of the convention can easily be accomplished in six or eight weeks, if the members pursue a proper course, and the session ought not to be extended beyond that time.

The democrats, having a large majority in the convention, will be held responsible for any failure to meet the just expectations of the people in this respect; it will therefore become the duty of the democratic members to discountenance as far as possible any attempt to delay its proceedings by senseless and unmeaning speeches, or long-winded speeches. There will be many aspiring men in the convention, some of whom may probably so far forget their duty as to seek to obtain a notoriety and prominence by the indulgence of their oratorical powers, or by riding some hobby which they may think calculated to obtain them popularity in their own particular districts, or with certain classes or parties. Now this, we take it, is not the object of the convention, and any one who so far departs from his duty as to indulge in such a course ought to be discountenanced and held up to the contempt of his fellow-citizens as a faithless and unprofitable public servant. The press could do much to lessen the evil indicated in these remarks and to keep the delegates in the line of their duty, by a fearless exposure and condemnation of every one—no matter what his politics who should thus transgress. It is a duty encumbent upon them as the guardians of the public interests, and we hope they will faithfully discharge it.

Dr. Rutherford's Physiological Lecture.—We are pleased to notice the growing interest manifested by our citizens in this gentleman's admirable lectures. The audience last night was much larger than at any previous lecture, and all were highly pleased with the manner in which the subject was handled. We had no previous idea that a lecture on such an apparently dry topic could be made so interesting.

The lectures will be continued this evening, and on Monday, Tuesday, Thursday, and Friday evenings of next week. We would strongly recommend those who have not already heard this gentleman to attend this evening.

No charge is made for admittance. It is proposed to raise by voluntary subscription, a sum sufficient to remunerate the lecturer, and have the lectures free and open to all who choose to attend. The necessary amount is not yet subscribed, but we trust there is sufficient liberality among our citizens to raise the small amount requisite. Many have not yet subscribed, who we are confident would do so if they only would attend the lectures and satisfy themselves of their value. The laborer in this instance is truly worthy his hire.

☞ We observe the following complimentary notice of Dr. Rutherford, in the Toledo Commercial Republican.

"Dr. Rutherford, who so completely won the esterm of our citizens, by his able course of lectures, this spring, is now lecturing on his favorite science, at Ft. Wayne."

Arkansas Election.—All the returns are in. The Legislature stands—Senate, twenty-one Democrats and *four* Whigs. House, fifty-one Democrats and twenty-four Whigs.

From Maine to Arkansas, the Whig party with its many professions and no principles, appears to have scarcely got a foothold to stand on.

Maine Election.—The Democrats have elected their Governor, and a majority in both branches of the Legislature. Both the Whig and Democratic vote is considerably increased from last year; the Free soil vote is diminished 538 in 120 towns, comprising perhaps one-third of the State. The Congressional delegation will comprise two Whigs and five Democrats, as in the present Congress.

The result of the election is a triumph of the friends of the Union over a coalition of free soilers and whigs, for which complete success had been predicted and claimed. The sentiment prevails that whatever party unites with the free soilers will be overthrown.—Judging from the groans of the Albany organ of Sewardism that portion has received its *coup de grace* in the Empire State.

"The Union—*It must be preserved.*"—By a telegraphic report dated Washington, Sept. 23d, we learn that Edmund Burke, formerly editor of the Union has purchased the establishment, in conjunction with Mr. Overton, one of the present editors. Mr. Ritchie retires.

This a most acceptable change, and cannot fail to be beneficial to the cause of democracy. Mr. Ritchie was too strongly tinctured with southern prejudices—too much wedded to "Old Virginia,"—to publish a paper at the capital that could render efficient service to the democratic party. Mr. Burke, we are satisfied, will take more liberal and national grounds than his predecessor, and under his guidance the party will again become united and invincible. He will preserve the *Union*, which was losing the confidence of the democracy of the north, and secure the union and supremacy of the great democratic party.

More Gass.—Gov. Towns of Georgia has issued a proclamation calling a convention to meet on the 25th December next to determine what "the South" must do in view of the recent action of Congress on the California, New Mexico, and Texas questions.

"The South" will soon become as celebrated in the *gass* line as Mr Paine; and this coming exhibition will we predict prove like Mr. Paine's humbug—a great flourish, and a mighty *fizzle* out.

Erie (Pa.) Money.—We are told that attempts are being made, by certain wellknown *operators* at Milan to put in circulation the notes of this bank, in exchange for the produce of the Farmers. We know nothing of the condition of this rag factory, but from the fact of its having failed two or three times within the last fifteen years, there is at least a suspicion that it has been galvanized into life with a view to another smash. So look out.—*Norwalk Experiment.*

Spain and the U. States.—The Active Naval Movement.—The special correspondent of the Philadelphia Inquirer telegraphs from Washington in relation to orders having been dispatched to Norfolk, for the immediate fitting out of all the vessels at that station, as follows:

"Their destination is said to be the West Indies—probably Cuba, and we have various rumors afloat as to the cause. Some affirm that another Cuban Expedition is on foot, and others that Spain has assumed a tone towards the United States, which cannot for a moment be tolerated. One story is, that demands having been made by the American Minister at Madrid, at the instance of this Government, for the release of American citizens resident in Cuba, who had been imprisoned and ruined, without any evidence of a participation in the Lopez invasion—that the Spanish government had refused the required satisfaction—and hence, this movement. It is, perhaps, more precautionary than other wise.

Rapid Increase of the Revenue on the N. Y. Canal.—We find in the N. Y. Evening Post the following statement of the amount collected for tolls up to the 1st of September, and for the corresponding periods of 1848-9. It will be seen that the tolls on the canal for the month of August, 1850, compared with August, 1849, show an excess of $12,245, an increase of more than 100 per cent:

Wabash & Erie Canal, Indiana.—The tolls of the Canal for the month of August, 1850, were	$21,023 48
The tolls for August, 1849	8 777 55
Increase	$12,245 93
The tolls to 1st Sept. 1848, were	85,437 60
" 1st Sept. 1849, were	97,090 48
" 1st Sept. 1850, were	195,014 95

These returns show evidence of a rapid progress, and a proof of the importance of the Canal to western interests.

The Explanation.—Many have tried to explain Webster's apostacy as a bid for the Presidency, but that is not it. He has always been more fortunate in obtaining fees than office. Were we to affirm, on the authority of a member of Congress, who claims to know, that Webster holds $80,000 of Texas scrip, which will be increased perhaps 90 per cent, by the ten million bill, and that others from Massachusetts, Vermont, N. York, and Rhode Island, are also in the same game, we should state only what we have the best authority for saying. Read Mr. Benton's speech and get farther light on these matters.—*Portland Inquirer.*

Important Contract for the Construction of the Wabash Canal to the Ohio River.—The Trustees of the Wabash Canal have closed a contract with Samuel Forrer, Solomon Sturges, and S. R. Hosmer, of this State, to contract the Evansville division of the canal. This work is to be commenced within thirty days, and finished by the first of November, 1852. This division, from Petersburgh to Evansville, on the Ohio river, (fifty-four miles in length,) embraces thirty five miles of very heavy and expensive excavations and embankments. The line to Petersburgh was put under contract some time since and the work is in a forward state.

Commenting on the progress of this magnificent work, the Wabash & Erie Canal, and the prospect of its speedy completion, the N. Y. Evening Post says:

"The Evansville division was the last to finish the entire canal to the Ohio river. The contractors agreed to take the obligations of the trustees, payable at such dates after the work is completed as will enable them to meet the payment out of the tolls of the canal and the sales of the lands without inconvenience. The high character of the contractors, and their abundant responsibility and great experience, place the completion of this work, according to the terms of contract, beyond a question. Thus we may look at an early day to the completion of this great canal, which traverses a region of country unsurpassed in fertility by any portion of the Mississippi valley. The contract is understood to be highly advantageous to the trust. The canal is now finished and navigable from Lake Erie to Point Commerce, forty-two miles south of Terre Haute.—*Toledo Commercial Republican.*

The Nashville Convention.—The Nashville Convention, it will be remembered, adjourned to meet again six weeks after the adjournment of Congress, at the call of the president of the convention. The Charleston Mercury learns that Judge Sharkey is satisfied with the action of Congress and declines to issue his call for the re assembling of the convention.

COMMERCIAL.

Office of the Sentinel,
Fort Wayne, september 28th, 1850.

The *downward tendency* of the eastern markets has affected prices here. Wheat has declined to 65 a 68, with a prospect of a still further reduction unless a favorable change should take place at the east.

Flour 3 25 a 3 50; Oats scarce and in demand at 30 a 31; Rye 50; Barley 56 a 62; Potatoes 25 a 30; Butter 8 a 10; Eggs 08; Apples, green, 25; dried, 1 00; Peaches, green, 37 a 50; dried 1 75 a 2 00.

Toledo, Sept. 26.—Wheat 77 a 78; Flour 3 75; Corn 50; Salt 1 16.

New York, Sept. 24.—Flour, new western, 4 62 a 4 75; pure Genesee, 5 06. Corn 64 a 65.

Buffalo, Sept. 24.—Flour dull at 3 00 a 4 00. Wheat 81 a 84; Corn 52 a 53.

Proceedings of Congress.—*Important.*—The business transacted in both houses of Congress, on Saturday, was of a very important character. In the Senate, the bill to suppress the slave trade in the District of Columbia was finally passed by a vote of ayes 32 nays 19. This is the last of the compromise bills.

The House was engaged all day discussing and voting on the Tariff. And from present appearances there is some prospect of the passage by the House of a provision to favor the iron interests. The Committee of Ways and Means have reported a resolution declaring it inexpedient at this time to attempt any legislation on the subject of the Tariff. Mr. Vinton moved an amendment, striking out all after the word resolved, and inserting a resolution instructing the committee to report a bill in the following words:—

Be it enacted, &c., That the proviso of the second section of the civil and diplomatic appropriations bill, approved 10th August, 1846, shall be construed to require the appraisers in appraising all goods, wares and merchandize, imported after thirty days from the passage of this act, into any port of the United States, to adopt the average market value of similar articles in the principal ports of the United States during the year ending the 30th of June, 1846, under such general regulations to be prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury as shall prevent frauds and under valuations, and secure a uniform valuation throughout the the United States. Provided, however, that in no case shall duties be assessed on a valuation less than the market value of the article in the principal ports of the United States at the time of entry.

The proviso proposed to be construed by the above act is as follows:

"In appraising all goods at any port of the United States, heretofore subjected to specific duties, but upon which *ad valorem* duties are imposed by the act of 30th July last, entitled 'an act reducing the duties on imports and for other purposes,' references shall be had to orders and invoices of similar goods imported during the last fiscal year, under such general and uniform regulations for the prevention of fraud or under valuation as shall be prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury."

Mr. Vinton's amendment was rejected by a vote of 93 ayes to 96 nays. The resolution of the committee was also subsequently rejected by a vote of 91 to 93, and the matter was finally laid on the table by a vote of 93 to 92. Mr. Vinton's amendment is intended mainly for the benefit of the pig-iron interest, but would afford relief to other branches of manufacture. The matter will doubtless be taken up again this morning, and the friends of the amendment of Mr. Vinton, on account of the closeness of the vote entertain some hope of success.—*Baltimore Sun, Sept 16.*

Wilmot Defeated for the Nomination.—The last Bradford (Pa.) North Pennsylvanian brings us the proceedings of the Democratic Congressional Conference, in the 12th (or Wilmot) district, from which we gather the following:

"Tioga, in the regular democratic county convention, in which the friends of Wilmot participated, and were beaten nearly three to one, elected three conferees, and instructed them for Mr. Lowry, of that county, as their candidate for Congress. Susquehanna, one of the other counties of the district, having previously conceded the Congressional candidate to Tioga, the choice of the latter, being fairly and unquestionably ascertained, became, in effect, the choice of Susquehanna. Wilmot, of course, carried the Bradford conferees, the stronghold of Van Burenism in 1848, and of free-soilism now. Having but two to the four of Susquehanna and Tioga, and seeing defeat staring him in the face, he set about to find a pretext for running against the regular candidate. *Accordingly, his free soil friends in Tioga called a mass meeting and elected two conferees to oppose the two originally chosen by the regular convention, in which Wilmot was beaten nearly three to one!* The object was to exclude the regular and to get in the irregular conferees from Tioga, or else to exclude both. But the trick was too palpable, and, failing in their object, the Wilmot or Bradford conferees withdrew, leaving the four conferees from the other two counties in session; conferees regularly and fairly elected, according to the usages of Susquehanna and Tioga. They forming the regular majority, then proceeded to a nomination, when Jas. Lowry, Esq., of Tioga county, was unanimously nominated as the democratic candidate of Congress in the 12th district. He is a staunch, steady and thorough national democrat. The conferees from Bradford, with their abolition or free-soil confederates from Tioga, then nominated Wilmot as their candidate for Congress.—*Phil. Pennsylvanian.*

Government Expenditures.—For many years the Whig presses have kept up an unceasing complaint against the Democrats, (says the Hartford Times,) on account of the government expenses. In broad terms, without giving reasons, they declared the expenditures to be far too high. They grumbled continually during the Mexican war, though the maintenance of an army in a foreign land was accomplished at a surprisingly low sum—and though more was done in comparison with the amount of money expended, than any army ever before did. But it was their life to grumble—it was their main stay to *oppose*. When did the Whig party ever come up nobly to the aid of our government during a Democratic administration? When was there an appropriation made that did not meet the hostility of Whiggery?

A Year ago last March the Whig administration came into power, and we would ask *for the evidences of economy* which they have so often promised. An expenditure of *fifty ten millions of dollars* in one year, is not the kind of retrenchment which the people had a right to expect, after all the fair professions that were made to them. We are at peace with all the world now, and still the expenses amount to just about the same sum of money that they did under Mr. Polk's administration, when there was a war, and an army was supported and sustained in the midst of the enemy. The Whigs may talk of interest on a comparatively small national debt, and may twist and wriggle as they well know how, but they cannot justify their expenses, not their promises.—*Ohio Statesman.*

Boads of the Ohio Counties.—The N. Y. Eve. Post says the railway bonds of the cities and counties of our western states, particularly those of Allegheny and Pittsburgh, and of and of the counties in Ohio, have been in considerable request, with many states for French and Swiss account.

Ohio and Pennsylvania Railroad.—More than two thousand men and horses are employed upon this road, and the work done in August amounting in value to $50,000. The improvement is fast advancing towards completion.—To finish it to Massillon, without incurring a floating debt, it is said audional subscriptions of stock are required to the extent of $120,000.

Senator Benton's the Presidency.

A few weeks ago we published a rumor that the Washington Globe, now a neutral paper, was soon to pass into the hands of T. P. Blair (well known as the editor of the Globe in Jackson times,) who would support Mr. Benton for the Presidency. Mr. Benton has recently written the following to a friend in St. Louis on the subject:

Washington City, Aug. 25. 1850.

Dear Sir. The New York Evening Post, of the 17th inst., contains a letter from this place, which concerns me, and which it is right that I should notice, to prevent my friends from being led into any mistake, or doubt, with respect to my future course.

The letter says that the Democratic party intend to start a newspaper at this place, in order to re-organize the party, and to support me for the Presidency. The Post very justly remarks upon this communication, that a paper started to support any particular person for the Presidency, cannot be the organ of a party, but of an individual, and could do no good; but agrees that a new democratic paper ought to be established here. These are my opinions—a new paper for the party, not for an individual. Gen. Jackson was never more right than when he warned Mr. Polk against bringing Ritchie here, and foretold the ruin of the party if he did. Every day's experience since he was brought, has confirmed the truth of that warning, and if he remains here we shall remain ruined, and shall again lose the Presidential election, and shall deserve to lose it, because we know it. But my object in writing this note was to notice what concerned myself in that letter to the Evening Post, and to tell my friends what they ought to know, that they may not be misled by erroneous reports.

The new paper, if one is established here, is not to support me for the Presidency, or for anything else. This I have told my friends here, and those who know me, know there is nothing more to be said upon that point; so that the letter to the Evening Post, so far as it concerned me, was dead here before it was known in Missouri.

The election of Senator is considered in the hands of the Whigs and Nullifiers, and the report we have here is that the latter will join the former, and elect a Whig. If so, it will still be a victory in behalf of the Union, and will show that Missouri will not "*co-operate*" with other slaveholding states in establishing a Southern confederacy. It will also *assort* the party, and fix every man in his right place.

You have done nobly in St. Louis, (city and county,) and have deserved success if you have not commanded it, and have counted it for the time. You have shown that the antics are a small minority, not one-fifth of the party; and of those, I am told, there are not above one hundred and fifty disunion and nullification men among them, the rest who voted for them being in reality good hard money and Union men, but led astray by continual falsehoods. These deceived citizens will find out the truth of themselves during the ensuing elections, and will return to the hard money Union democracy to which they belong. So of other counties. The nullification disunion democracy are a minority, a miserable minority in every county—in some counties none at all—and of themselves able to do nothing; but by creeping into our party, and by caucus frauds, and trade to votes, have contrived to make themselves prominent, and often to rule the state, and this year to give it to the Whigs, after having first tried to give it to the Southern confederacy.—But this is about the last hand they will do us. The ensuing elections will give them their proper places in the ranks of the Whigs, and will free us from them forever, and will leave us stronger than ever.

The appeal is now decided and sustained, and the object I had in making it is accomplished. The nullification resolutions of the General Assembly are condemned; the people waked up to the reality of the plot to dissolve the Union, and the State of Missouri redeemed from the pledge to *co-operate* in it.

Yours truly,
THOMAS H. BENTON.

Mr. John Smith, St. Louis, Mo.

Arrival of Sumner from California—$1,100,000 Gold.

New York, 20th Sept.

The Philadelphia arrived this P. M., having left Chagres on the 9th inst. She brings $800,000 in gold dust, and $300,000 in the hands of passengers. Her dates from California are to the 15th Aug. The mails from San Francisco, by the Carolina, had not arrived. When the Philadelphia left Chagres, there was some few cases of the prevailing disease—fever—which, however, were confined to the native population. With proper care and attention to health, no fear need be felt by persons wishing to cross the Isthmus. No reliance can be placed in the accounts of persons passing through the placers, as they are generally highly exaggerated. It is the opinion of Mr. Gould, who resides in Chagres that by the middle or latter part of October, the sickness will have entirely disappeared, as at that time the dry season commences, and the principal cause of the unhealthiness of the place is removed.

Great Riot in Sacramento City—Several Lives Lost.—The City laid in ashes!

A terrible excitement pervades the City of Sacramento. The Senator delayed her departure for San Francisco to gather particulars. The issue is one between the squatters, or settlers and the citizens, holders of property under the Sutter titles—and a bloody issue it promises to be. Several persons are already killed and wounded on both sides.

The history and result of the affair, thus far, is briefly thus: Large tracts of ground, covering the city and vicinity of Sacramento, are held by grants from Captain Sutter, who claims under his New Helvetia Spanish grant. The settlers hold, that Cap. Sutter's grant does not cover this territory; that it belongs to the government. They have moved on and erected buildings; a suit for forcible entry and detainer is brought against them; decided in the plaintiffs' favor; a writ of restitution issued; the officer attempts to execute it; is met by a body of armed squatters, who resist him; this occurred Saturday, 19th; prior to this date an appeal to the county courts had been made by the attorneys for the settlers. Judge Willis presiding and the right of appeal denied. Exasperation of course was the effect upon the party seeking redress in the higher court. Meetings were held and resolutions were passed to resist the law. Nothing was done more by legal process from Saturday until yesterday. (Tuesday,) when some six or eight persons were arrested for rebellion or resisting the officers and the process of the court on Saturday, and two, in default of bail, incarcerated in the prison brig. One of them is McClatchy, carrier of the *Sacramento Transcript.*

To day a body of settlers repaired to the brig to release their two companions, where they met sheriff McKinney, Mayor Bigelow, and a posse who drove them from the ground but no force was used until the settlers had retreated as far east from the river, up to J. street, at the corner of Fourth, near the Crescent City Hotel, when they were overtaken and turned at bay with pistols and guns.—Forty or fifty shots were fired between the parties, and in the period of five minutes Mayor Bigelow was shot from his horse, through the body, arm, and in the face; not expected to live. The leader of the settlers, Mahloney was also shot dead.

The horses of both leaders were pierced with balls. Assessor Woodland, an auctioneer, was also killed while supporting the officers Mr. Harper, Assistant P. M., was shot in the left hand and right shoulder, and others of the same side are wounded.

Another man of the settlers was killed—shot through the body. A little girl was wounded while passing along J street; the shots flew in all directions around the corner of J and Fourth, and the blood of the wounded streamed upon the sidewalks as they were carried along. One man leading a mule along the street, was shot through the head; from the top the ball passed downward through the neck.

The greatest excitement still prevaded the city, when the boat shoved off. From six to nine hundred settlers had assembled at the corner of J. and Ninth streets, resolved to fire upon any who approached them. The city is declared under martial law, and every citizen required to enroll his name at the City Hotel.

W. W. CHAPMAN.
Of Sacramento Reading Room.

P. S.—In addition to the order for citizens to enroll their names, at the City Hotel, Lieut. Governor McDougal, also directed an order to be published, that all non-combatants keep clear of the streets, and directed a cannon, supplied with twenty-four pounds, to be placed at the foot of J street, and will, by the "Gold Hunter," take up from Benicia, by Thursday morning all the implements of war, with which he is resolved to take the enemy, and bring them to a speedy and summary trial.

W. W. C.

Very Latest—Sacramento City in Ashes.—Just as the steamer Carolina was getting under way, (about 4 P. M.) a dispatch was received on board the Pacific News office, stating that an express had just arrived, bringing the intelligence that Sacramento City had been reduced to ashes, and the squatters were receiving re inforcements of men from the mines.

From the Sacramento Transcript.

Overland Emigration to California

A great variety of estimates have been made of the probable number on the way to this country. All accounts agree that the rush this season is unprecedented. Fifty thousand is the most moderate computation, and some of the first papers in the States think 100,000 people have started on the long journey across the plains. Occasionally we hear accounts from advance parties, which are truly surprising. A Mr. Collins, late a member of the Illinois Legislature, has recently arrived in this country. He left home on the eighth of and has had a remarkably quick trip. He states that before he reached Fort Laramie he passed 8,000 teams, and after leaving that point, although he could not count, he thinks he passed twice that number of teams.

The following letter was sent to the Mayor of San Francisco:

Information of a direct and reliable character has reached us, of extraordinary suffering among the overland immigrants.

Several, who arrived a few days since, at Sacramento City, state that they saw fifteen or twenty dead bodies on the road. These came to their death from starvation. Provisions gave entirely out, and the only subsistence now left to the immense train still on their way, are mules and horses. The grasses have also given out, and even the horses and mules their only hope, are dying."

The following is an extract from a letter in the Sacramento Transcript:

"The number now on the plains is variously estimated at from 50,000 to 100,000 souls, destined to this El Dorado, the one half of whom will not reach here without suffering, and one quarter without sustaining on their animals, or enduring starvation. I have seen hundreds more than 150 miles on the other side of the sink of St. Mary's river, that were out of provisions, or had but a few pounds to sustain a miserable and wretched existence, with animals that could never reach the Desert, by reason of the scarcity of forage.

Mary's river is six or seven feet higher than it was ever known to be before; the bottoms, where the only feed grows, are almost entirely under water. Not being able, myself, for several days, to get grass on this side of the river, I hired some Indians for $15 to swim across and float some over, to keep my animals from perishing. Had I been utterly destitute of means, as thousands are, I would have suffered in that particular in the same manner. From this circumstance alone, it may be possible that three-fourths of the animals now on the plains must perish from hunger, and the immigrant, with his scanty fare, must foot it till life itself becomes a burthen.

Those who started later will fare still worse; as the season becomes warmer, feed less and provisions shorter. I saw one man with two small boys, 120 miles beyond the Sink, who had left his wagon and lost all his animals but one, and all the provisions he had was three or four pounds of rice; another with his wife and children, I overtook seventy-five miles beyond the Sink, with four horses that were just able to move with the empty wagon, the wife walking ahead, in the burning sand and scorching sun, to relieve the poor Indian animals, that were never destined to reach the Sink. I saw, on the road side, where slices had been taken out of dead horses and mules to appease the gnawing appetite of immigrants.

The Sacramento Times says:

Mr. T. A. Springer, late publisher of the Galena Advertiser, arrived on Wednesday last. He left his party at Placerville, having reached there in eighty-five days from St. Josephs, whence they started on the 29th of April. The immigration is reported generally short of provisions, but in good health. No cholera has been heard of among them, as far as Mr. S. was informed. The only sickness was a mountain fever which was seldom of a serious character.

A great difficulty encountered on their journey was the height of the rivers. About twenty miles this side of the South Pass of the Rocky Mountains, they took the Sublette Cut-off, thence the distance to Green river, fifty-two miles, was entirely without water. They found this stream very high, requiring them to raft their wagons and swim their animals.—Again at Ham's Fork of Green river, the same thing had to be done, as also at Smith's Fork, on Bear river, and Thomas's Fork.

From this point to the Soda springs, the grass was plenty and good, and the road dusty. Here they took the Hudspeth Cut off, a very mountainous route, to Raft and Goose rivers; thence to Mary's river, where their troubles commenced. The valley is almost entirely inundated with water for three hundred miles.

While they were in it, there were but three nights when they were not compelled to cut the grass for their animals in water from a foot to swimming depth, and in many instances to rope and haul it over the river.

At this place the animals gave out, and left the immigrants without the means of carrying the supply of water requisite in crossing the desert. After leaving the Humboldt, a painful scene of devastation and misery was witnessed—men who could not speak from thirst, and offering, (when fortunate to have it,) five dollars for one drink of water; animals dead and dying by the path; provisions, wagons, and every article of the traveler's necessity or comfort cast away.

Mr. Springer's party found between five and six hundred persons at the Sink of St. Mary's river on the 15th of this month. At the Carson Valley they first met provisions, a train of twenty pack mules from a house in this city, which they advised to push on to the desert. The traders here (Carson Valley) buy broken down animals at from one to twenty dollars; the emigrants are compelled to sell them at any price, being too poor to travel further. The water and grass are fine, and the animals will soon recruit, to be of use perhaps to those who arrive there a month hence.

They (Mr. S's party,) came in on the Lawson route, taking the Truckee river Cut-off from the second peak of the mountains, saving thereby about fifteen miles for pack animals.

CONGRESSIONAL.

Senate.—After the consideration of the routine business, the bill providing for the settlement of land titles in Oregon, and making donations of land to actual settlers, was taken up.

Mr. Yulee moved to strike out the section of the bill making donations of land to actual settlers, which was debated at length.

The section proposed to be stricken out, was then amended so as to donate lands only by actual settlers in future, who shall settlers in future, who shall settle in Oregon prior to the 4th of March, 1853

The motion to strike out was then withdrawn.

Mr. Mason moved to strike out a provision extending the benefits of future donations of lands to foreigners who shall have declared their intention of becoming citizens; which motion, after debate, was rejected—yeas 23, nays 26.

The bill was then reported to the Senate, the amendment concurred in, and the bill ordered to a third reading.

MARRIED,—On the evening of the 25th inst., at the 1st Presbyterian Church, by the Rev. J. G. Riheldaffer, B. C. Rowan, M. D. to Miss Barbara Lotz, all of this city.

"Oh, life is sweet, for we shall live
Our evening days in peace;
They sorrowless, say trials thine,
Our sadness in our love."

On Thursday evening, Sept. 26th, by the Rev. J. S. Large, Mr. Allen Hostetter of Ligonier to Mrs. Ann Lepurte of this city.

[Cake received with both the above notices, for which the parties will accept our thanks and best wishes. May they find the nuptial state one of unmixed joy and happiness; and if not free from its *responsibilities* may they at least escape its trials and cares.

At Newark, Ohio, on the 19th inst., by the Rev. Mr. Wiley, Maj. William H. Line, of this city, to Miss M. S. Heeley, of the former place.

On Tuesday morning, the 24th inst., by the Rev. Thos. Anderson, Mr. Alfred Hubbell to Rosamond Duston of Peru, Ohio.

New Goods at the Old Store!

C. A. GREY has just received a full supply of

Dry Goods, Groceries,
Queensware, Hardware, &c.

His stock this season is much larger than usual, and having been purchased for Cash, he feels confident that he can give his friends better bargains than are to be had at any other establishment in the place.

His DRY GOODS includes Broad Cloths, Cassimeres, Satinets, Jeans, Linseys, and other goods suitable for the approaching cold weather. Nor have the ladies been neglected: they will find a beautiful assortment of good, serviceable, and fashionable Dress Goods, of all kinds; such as Calicoes, Ginghams, Delaines, Mohairs, &c. A few pieces of the favorite Ebenezer Blue Calico. A large stock of Hosiery, Gloves, Mittens, Wm Jets, German Woolen Shoes, Yarn, &c.; Brass Vines, Kossuth, and California Hats; Cloth, and Plush Caps; Boots and Shoes, &c.

A large and beautiful assortment of QUEENSWARE. Tea and Table sets, Pitchers, Dishes, Bowls, Cups and Saucers, &c. of various styles and qualities, all *cheap! cheap!!*

HARDWARE.—A general assortment.—Butts and Screws, Latches, Locks, Knives and Forks, Trace and Log Chains, Nails, &c. &c.

GROCERIES.—A full supply of fresh Family Groceries. Oatmeal, Lentils, Prunes, Pearl Barley, &c. &c.

Sept. 27, 1850. 3m13

Huntington Co. Probate Court, N. v. term, '50

Petition to Sell Lands, Filed Sept. 21, 18.0.

John Hoover, Administrator of the estate of Geo. Hale, dec'd, vs. Michael Hale, Andrew J Crawford, Mary M. Crawford, Sam'l Hale, John Hale, Jacob Hale, Henry Hale, and the unknown heirs of Geo. Hale, deceased.

WHERAS it has been made appear to the undersigned, that Michael Hale, Samuel Hale, John Hale, Jacob Hale, and Henry Hale, are non-residents of the State of Indiana; therefore it is ordered by the undersigned, Clerk of the Huntington Co. Probate Court, in vacation, that said several non-resident defendants be notified of the pendency of a petition, by the above named plaintiff filed against the above defendants, by publication in the Fort Wayne Sentinel, a newspaper in general circulation in said county, for three consecutive weeks.

JOS. WILEY, Cle & H. P. C.

Sept. 28, 1850. [$3 10] 3w13

NOTICE TO THE

Tax-payers of Allen County

THERE has been assessed for the financial year, 1850, the following taxes, to wit:

For STATE PURPOSES, a poll tax of 75 cents on each male resident, over 21 years and under 60 years of age, and 33⅓ cents on each $100 valuation of real and personal property;

For COUNTY PURPOSES, 25 cents on each $100 value of real and personal property;

For SCHOOL PURPOSES, 10 cents on each $100 valuation of real and personal property;

For ROAD PURPOSES, 25 cents on each $100 of valuation of Town Lots, and 2½ cents per acre on Land.

The following Townships have levied, on each $100 valuation of real and personal property, the following taxes, to wit:

Wayne Tp.,	18 cts,	Eel River Tp.	4 cts,
Washington,	5	Cedar Creek,	4½
St. Joseph,	6	Adams,	6
Perry,	10	Aboite,	15
Maumee,	10	Pleasant,	12
Milan,	5	Scipio,	8
Lake,	7	Lafayette,	30
Jefferson,	9		

The following school districts have each levied a tax of 15 cents on each $100 value of real and personal property, to wit:

Dist. No. 2 and 4,	Springfield township,	
"	8, St. Joseph	"
"	7, Perry	"
"	4, Madison	"
"	5, Marion	"
"	2 and 4, Jefferson	"
"	8, Eel River	"
"	5, 4 and 9, Cedar Creek	"
"	1, Aboite	"
"	1, Lafayette	"
"	4, Wayne	"

All taxes for the current year, not paid on or before the 1st of January, 1851, will be subject to 10 per cent penalty, and 6 per cent. per annum interest. Lands and Town Lots delinquent for taxes for the year 1849, and former years, will be advertised for sale on or about the 1st of Nov. 1850, after which the costs of advertising will be charged.

T. T. D'KAY, Treas. A. C.

Fort Wayne, Sept. 23, 1850. 6w13

AHEAD OF THE EQUINOCTIAL STORM!

OLD No. 3

IS again up to time, in tip top order, with another GREAT STOCK of all kinds of

Fall & Winter Goods:

such a Stock as you often read of in the Gazettes, but seldom see with the naked eye. It is

One of THE Stocks,

just as big as they get them up East.

THE GREAT COTTON BUCK

is not dead; the darkies of the South have not sung his death song. In proof of the fact, you can buy

Sixteen Yards of Heavy, Yard wide Cotton Cloth for One Dollar!

Goods are dog cheap. No use of talking about it—they speak for themselves. CASH PRICES at all times strictly adhered to.

Cash for all kinds of PRODUCE.

MOSES DRAKE, Jr., *Capt.*

Sept. 14th, 1850.

Fort Wayne Bank Ft. Wayne, September 24, 1850.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the regular Annual meeting of Stockholders of the Branch at Fort Wayne of the State Bank of Indiana, for the election of seven Directors, for said Branch, on the part of said Stockholders, for the year ensuing, will be held at the Banking House of said Branch, in Fort Wayne, on the first Monday of November next, between the hours of ten and six of said day.

6w13 H. McCULLOCH, Cashier.

FARMERS' HOTEL.

(LATE WASHINGTON HALL.)

Corner of Columbia & Barr-sts. FORT WAYNE.

JACOB RECKLER, having the above well known and old established Tavern, and fitted up and furnished anew, is prepared to entertain travellers in the most comfortable manner, and on the LOWEST TERMS.

The TABLE will be well supplied with the choicest the country affords, served up in the best style. The STABLING is extensive and convenient, will at all times be plentifully supplied with hay and grain, and under the charge of a careful and attentive hostler.

As no pains will be spared to secure the comfort and convenience of all who give him a call, the proprietor confidently hopes to receive a share of the patronage of the travelling community,—to merit which will ever be his study and aim. Sept. 23—3w13

CLOTHING STORE.

I Inform my friends and customers that I have now on hand a large assortment of WINTER CLOTHES, which I warrant to be well made, as they are done under my own inspection. I sell them at the very cheapest prices, as

Waistcoats, from	$1 25 to	$3 00
Pantaloons, "	1 50 "	4 00
Coats, "	3 00 "	10 00

Farmers will please to give me a call.

At Mr. Fellinger's G. THIEME.
Phenix Block, Calhoun-st. 3w12

Cutlery Manufactory,

ON CALHOUN STREET, THREE DOORS SOUTH OF THE PALO ALTO HOTEL.

FREDERICK SEIGWALT returns his thanks for the liberal support he has received and respectfully informs the public that he is prepared to make Knives, Scissors, Carpenter's Tools, and every description of Cutlery to any pattern desired. He will also GRIND Razors, Scissors, Surgeon's Instruments, &c.

Locks repaired and Keys fitted; Silver and Brass Plating; Turning in Wood Brass, Ivory, Mop, &c.; and all descriptions of Jobbing, Altering, and Repairing done in a workmanlike style.

MILLERS PICKS dressed and tempered and warranted to stand better than those dressed by any other man in the country. For proof of this he refers to the millers at the City Mills, Empire Mills, and other mills in this vicinity.

Having worked in some of the most celebrated Cutlery manufactories in Europe, he feels confident of giving entire satisfaction to all who may favor him with a call

Fort Wayne, Sept 21, 1850 3m13

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Boot and Shoe Store.

THE undersigned feeling most grateful for the liberal patronage heretofore extended him, would again most respectfully announce to the Ladies and Gentlemen of Fort Wayne and surrounding country that he is now receiving his

FALL & WINTER STOCK,

and among

On Commission.

A Choice lot of Liquors which will be sold low —at wholesale—including Brandy, Rum, Gin, Whiskey, Port and Sherry Wines, &c., &c. The attention of dealers is called to these Liquors, as they must and shall be sold soon, and at unusually low rates for cash.

Sept. 7. WALES & McMULLEN.

GO IT, BOOTS!!

NOW receiving at the Boston Boot and Shoe Store, the best, cheapest, and most fashionable

Full Stock of Boots and Shoes

ever seen in Indiana. It comprises between 200 and 300 cases of superior

Stoga, Kip, and Calf Boots,

Brogans, Shoes, &c., &c., business on almost immeasurable lot of

Ladies', Misses', and Children's Wear,

Gaiters, Buskins, Excelsiors, Walking Shoes, &c., &c.

In addition to the above, we have on hand, and are constantly manufacturing a large stock of

Home Manufactured Boots & Shoes

of the best quality, either as regards stock or workmanship, which we will sell

50 per cent. lower than usual!!

Men's Good Kiper Boots, from $1 25
" Home-made " 1 75, sold elsewhere at 2 50
" Men's Eastern Shoes, from 63 cents!
" Home made " 1 25, sold elsewhere at 1 75
Man's Kip Boots, 1 50
Do. do. do. Home-made, 2 25, sold elsewhere at 3 50
Calf Boots and Shoes, proportionably low
Ladies Calf Shoes 37½
Ladies', Youth's, Misses', and Child-ren's Boots, Gaiters, Shoes, &c. every style and variety, of New York, Philadelphia, and Boston manufacture, 25 per cent. lower than ever before sold in Fort Wayne.
Men's Best Rubber Over-Shoes, at 1 00
Ladies' " " 85
Misses' and Children's " proportionably low.

These are the RETAIL PRICES. A liberal DISCOUNT will be made to WHOLESALE PURCHASERS.

Sole & Upper Leather, &c.

A Large Stock of Spanish Sole at 15 cts. a pound.

Slaughter and Oak Sole; Thick Upper; Kip French, Jersey, German, Eastern, and Domestic Calf. Linings, Binding, Findings, &c., &c. at unprecedented low rates.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS can purchase here on better terms than in eastern cities, and will therefore find it to their advantage to give us a call. Our retail customers will find our present assortment larger and better and

PRICES MUCH LOWER

than ever before. The stock is heavy, and to insure its rapid sale it will be offered CHEAP!

T. P. ANDERSON & Co.

Fort Wayne, Sept. 7, 1850.

PROSPECTUS

OF THE

INDIANA STATE SENTINEL.

THIS old established newspaper was purchased by the undersigned on the 1st of June last, and it is the intention of the old proprietors, by its largely increased circulation and more able and the almost universal commendation of the press strengthen the belief that it can merit the approval of the Democratic party and the people. The Editorial Department is conducted by William J. Brown and National Intelligencer—the latter as Assistant and local Editor.

In politics, it will be thoroughly and radically democratic, and will establish the principles of the great national democratic party, unmixed with any *new-fangled* or *ultra* whatever. Its mission will be to proclaim truth, and combat error, to preserve the Union of the States and the Union of the democratic party. It will endeavor to allay sectional prejudices, and to cultivate that spirit of unity, and justice, which is the true basis of our national Union. It will be the organ of the party and not of any man, clique, or faction. It will be firm and decided in the advocacy of its principles, but courteous and respectful to its political opponents. It will know no enemies but the enemies of Democracy.

In addition to political, the Sentinel will always contain the latest foreign and domestic news, literary matter and commercial intelligence. A competent and faithful correspondent will be employed at Washington, whose pen will be engaged in communicating the important events from the National Metropolis.

During the Sessions of the CONVENTION and LEGISLATURE full and faithful reports of the debates and proceedings will be given.

The business and financial department will be conducted by the undersigned, to whom all communications on that subject must be addressed.

AUSTIN H. BROWN.

TERMS.

THE INDIANA STATE SENTINEL is printed with entire new material, on paper of a superior quality, and can always target amount of reading matter than any paper in the State.

The SEMI-WEEKLY EDITION will be printed every Wednesday and Sunday, and three times a week during the Session of the Convention and Legislature, at Four Dollars per annum, payable in advance.

The WEEKLY EDITION will be published every Thursday at the following low rates.

One copy, one year,	$2 00
Three copies "	5 00
Five copies "	8 00
Ten copies " (include),	10 00
One copy, six months,	1 00
One copy, three months,	50

☞ *The money in all cases to accompany subscriptions.*

Any person sending a Club of Ten, with cash, at the rate of $1 00 each, shall have a copy *gratis* for one year. For a greater number than ten, the gratuity will be increased in proportion.

All Post Masters are requested to act as Agents, and, as such, by a recent decision of the Department, they are authorized to frank letters for the benefit of subscribers.

AUSTIN H. BROWN.

Indianapolis, Sept. 4, 1850.

Daily Indiana State Journal.

THIS paper will be published Daily, (as well as Weekly) during the sessions of the Constitutional Convention and of the Legislature.

As the people will make a great interest in the proceedings of, and debates in, the Convention, we shall send some hour of the talented and experienced stenographer to present them in our columns, in full as possible. Persons desiring to preserve these debates for future reference, will do well to subscribe for the Daily Journal, as he size will be a convenient one for binding, and in no other way can the same amount of reading be so simply procured.

The "Daily" will be sent during the session of the Convention and the Legislature for two dollars, or, during the session of either the Convention or Legislature, for one dollar.

The price of the "Weekly" during the session of both bodies will be, to single subscribers, one dollar, or during the session of either, fifty cents.

Payments in all cases to be made in advance. Address

JOHN D. DEFREES.

MEDICAL COLLEGE OF OHIO.

SESSION OF 1850-'51.

THE Thirty first Annual Session of this Institution will open on the first MONDAY in November next, and close on the 1st of February, under the following arrangements:—

H. Willis Bailey, M. D., Professor of Anatomy.
John Locke, M. D., Professor of Chemistry and Pharmacy.
J. M. Lawson, M. D., Professor of Physiology and Pathology.
T. O. Edwards, M. D., Professor of Materia Medica and Therapeutics, and Medical Jurisprudence.
R. D. Mussey, M. D., Professor of Surgery.
Hayden G. Rives, M. D., Professor of Obstetrics and the Diseases of Women and Children.
John Bell, M. D., Professor of Theory and Practice of Medicine.
John Davis, M. D., Demonstrator of Anatomy.

☞ The following branches will be included in the course: Anatomy, Chemistry, Pharmacy, Physiology, Pathology, Materia Medica, Therapeutics, Medical Jurisprudence, Medical Library, Surgery, Obstetrics, Diseases of Females, Diseases of Children, Practical Medicine, and Physical Diagnosis.

☞ The Dissecting Rooms will be opened for Dissection on the first of October.

☞ Clinical Lectures, on Medicine Surgery, will be delivered at the Commercial Hospital throughout the week.

OCTOBER LECTURES.

A course of Lectures will be delivered by the Faculty (free of charge), commencing on the 1st of October, and embracing the following subjects: Anatomy and Physiology of the Senses; Diseases of the Eye; Medical and Elementary Botany; Functional and Organic Diseases of the Uterus; Medical Jurisprudence; Physical Diagnosis.

☞ Also, Clinical Lectures in the Commercial Hospital.

FEES—For a full Course of Lectures, $84; Matriculation and Library Ticket, $5; Dissecting Ticket, $8; Graduation Fee, $30; Hospital Ticket, $5.

☞ Board (including the expenses of room, fuel, and lights) can be obtained at from $2 to $3 per week.

Further information may be obtained by addressing the Dean.

L. M. LAWSON, M. D.,
Dean of the Faculty.

South side of Sixth st., bet. Walnut and Vine.
Cincinnati, July, 1850. sept.11—3w11

FORT WAYNE

Classical & Mathematical Academy.

THE exercises of this school will be resumed on Monday, September 16th.

A class of girls will be received.

Sept. 7. JAMES GREER.

The Farmers' Depot

Is again in Full Blast, and those who want anything had better call soon.

OFF & SCHWEGMAN are now receiving an unusually large and well assorted stock of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

particularly suited to the wants of this section of country; it includes all the newest styles and most approved fabrics of

DRY GOODS,

such as Broad Cloths, Satinetts, Cassimeres Pilot Cloths, Coat Blankets, Jeans, Tweeds, &c. Gingham, De Laines, Alpacas, Parmattas, Worsted Plaids, &c. Calicoes, Muslins, Drillings, Flannels,—in short a little of everything, and a good deal of most sorts. As to prices, we are not in the habit of bragging, but we must be allowed to state that goods can be bought cheaper of us than almost any other place in the Western Country. For example, we have a fine article of

Calico at 5 cents a Yard!

" muslin, warranted fast colors, 6d
Splendid Sheeting at 6d.
Alpacas from 25 cents!!!

everything else in the same proportion.

Bonnets; Cloth, Silk, Plush, and Fur Caps; Ladies' Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, &c.; Gents' undermentioning—all kinds, from fine Calf to coarse Stogy; Children's do. A full stock.

READY MADE CLOTHING.

A good assortment of well-made winter Clothing, such as Beaver and Pilot Overcoats; Cloth, satinett, Blanket, and Jeans Coats; Cassimere, Cloth, Satinett and Jeans Pants; Vests, all sorts and sizes; Roll Wool Jackets; Cahoes, Shirts, Drawers, &c., &c.

Groceries, Hardware, Queensware, Books, Stationery, Nails, Glass, &c.

In short, a full stock of everything called for in this part of country. Purchasers cannot fail to be suited; they will find just the goods they want, and can have them almost at

THEIR OWN PRICES.

All kinds of Produce taken in exchange for Goods at cash prices. Cash paid for Wheat.

Sept. 10, 1850. 3t

SHAWLS.—Long, Plaid Worsted, Black Cashmere and Merino, Stradilla, and Rob Roy Shawls—good articles and lower than ever.

Sept. 10. OFF & SCHWEGMAN.

Take Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given to all the subscribers of stock, and all others interested in making the Fort Wayne & Goshen Turnpike, or Plank Road, over the new road in Allen, Whitley, and Noble counties, are respectfully solicited and requested to subscribe and pay in to the Treasurer of said company, within sixty days from this date, 10 per cent. Cash, on all stock heretofore subscribed, or to be hereafter subscribed, whether in money, labor, materials, or otherwise; and special subscriptions in money are respectfully solicited to build a steam saw mill, five miles from this place, on Peter Cavigan's premises, on said road, and the Board of Directors have appointed myself, and others, a committee to contract for the building of said mill, and to permanently locate said road to the Whitley county line, which work has as yet been delayed for the want of funds. If the money to build the mill can be raised, my word for it the road will be speedily commenced and finished in this county, and that done, the other part will soon be made, and, instead of having to wallow and roll in mud and mire, the public can travel with comfort and pleasure. I therefore hope that all concerned and interested will lend a helping hand for so desirable an object.

Notice is also hereby given to the stockholders of said Fort Wayne & Goshen Turnpike or Plank Road Company, that an election will be held at the house of David Wolf, in Whitley county, on the first Tuesday in December next, agreeable to law, of nine directors for said company, for the ensuing

The Directors of said Company are hereby notified that a meeting will be held at the house of H. Wolf, on Friday, the 11th day of October, at 10 o'clock A. M., to transact business for said company; also, those who have subscription books in their possession are respectfully requested to use every exertion in their power to procure all the cash and other subscriptions, and report to said meeting.

By order of the Board of Directors.

JOHN SPENCER, Pres't.

Dr. Geo. W. Sheldon, Treas.

Fort Wayne, Sept. 18, 1850. 11w12

☞ The Albion Observer will please copy this notice and oblige their sub editors.

Another Arrival of New Goods.

AND MORE COMING!

WALES & McMULLEN have just received from Cincinnati a considerable assortment of

DRY GOODS,

Groceries, Hardware, Queensware,

&c., &c., and are daily expecting a full stock from New York, when they will be able to accommodate their friends and the public with everything in their line the wants of the country require. The stock of Dry Goods has been carefully selected with reference to this market; and it will be found to include all the

Latest Styles and Best Fabrics

now in vogue, and will be offered at the smallest possible advance on first cost, as we do a cash business exclusively, and can therefore afford to sell at less profit than others who have to account for the heavy losses of the credit system. We are determined

NOT TO BE UNDERSOLD

by any establishment in the state. It is needless to particularize our articles. Purchasers are invited to call and examine for themselves. We have on hand a large stock of

Stoneware, Woodenware, &c.

☞ COUNTRY PRODUCE taken in exchange for Goods.

Sept. 7, 1850

50 Barrels superior VINEGAR; 25 bbls MOLASSES,—for sale cheap for Cash.

Sept. 7. WALES & McMULLEN.

Domestic Manufactures.

WE have now on hand a good assortment of WOOLEN GOODS, such as

CLOTHS Cassimeres, Satinetts, Tweeds, Blankets, Flannels, &c.

which we will dispose on as liberal terms by

WHOLESALE

to Merchants as can be obtained East or at home. Merchants wishing to purchase will find it to their advantage to call at our Woolen Manufactory and examine our stock.

We will exchange any of the above articles for WOOL or FLAXSEED.

Aug. 30, 1-50. RUDISILL & WOLKE.

GRINDSTONES.—The real grit—a large lot for sale cheap.

Aug. 31. OFF & SCHWEGMAN.

PAILS.—Farmers who want a good 3 hooped Pail, can find it at the Farmers' Depot.

OFF & SCHWEGMAN.

Medical Books.

A FEW NEW STANDARD WORKS.

TURNER'S CHEMISTRY,
Carpenter's Physiology,
Churchill's Midwifery,
Dunglison's Medical Dictionary,
Pereira's Treatise on diseases of Children,
Pancoast's Writer,
Elements of Surgery,
Bell and Stokes' Practice.

HEUSTIS & STOPHLET.

Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given to the subscribers of of the Fort Wayne & Bluffton Turnpike Company, that 15 per cent of the capital stock of said company, or three 75-100 dollars each share thereof, will be called for at the end of 60 days from the date hereof (which will be on the 31st of October next), payable to the Treasurer of the company at his office in the city of Ft Wayne.

THOMAS W. SWINNEY, President.

PETER P. BALLEY, Treasurer.

Fort Wayne, Ia., Aug. 31, 1850. 4d0

"Of those for whom we fond emotions cherish,
Secure the shadow are the substance parish."

D. ANDREWS, Daguerrian Rooms over D. Smith's corner of Columbia and Calhoun streets, having lately returned from the east with a carefully selected assortment of

CASES, PLATES AND CHEMICALS,

possessing superior instrument, and a knowledge of all the latest improvements in the Art; all those desirous of having

LIKENESSES

taken, may rely on having them executed in a superior style and at prices lower than ever offered in this place.

Ladies are recommended to wear dark colors when sitting for their likenesses—especially avoiding light blue or purple.

Full and careful instruction given in the art; apparatus and materials furnished 10tf

Drugs and Medicines.

SAML. H. SHOAFF having this day bought the entire stock in trade of Drugs and Medicines, &c. belonging to J. B. Shoaff, would respectfully say that his predecessor's former low prices will continue; as I intend to have a new and complete stock in a few days, I invite the attention of Physicians and the generally to give me a call at the Old Stand under the Odd Fellows' Hall, Calhoun street, Ft. Wayne.

Sept. 7. 10tf.

TO THOSE INTERESTED.

NOTICE.—Have this day sold my stock of Drugs and Medicines to Samuel H. Shoaff, and as I expect to leave this place soon, I am indebted to me to call and settle with me at the old stand. J. B. SHOAFF.

Fort Wayne Sept, 2, 1850.

New Stock of Fall Goods

AT THE CHEAP CASH STORE.

B. MASON has just received a general assortment of new

Fall and Winter Goods,

to which he respectfully invites the attention of the ladies and gentlemen of Fort Wayne and the surrounding country. It is needless to particularize—it may be sufficient to say the assortment is GENERAL, and selected with a peculiar view to accommodate the tastes & wants of all classes in this section of country. It includes

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

of all varieties and the newest styles—such as Merinos, Alpacas, Cashmeres, Calicoes, &c. &c. Also, Ribbons, Trimmings, Fancy Articles of every description, Sheetings, Shirtings, Flannels, Linseys, &c.

Broadcloths, Satinetts, Jeans, Tweeds, &c.

Also, Shoes and Boots, Hats and Caps, Ladies and Children's Gaiters, Shoes, Lace Boots, &c. Together with a full supply of

Groceries Hardware, Queensware, Nails, Glass, &c.

Persons wishing to purchase are desired to call, as they will find everything they want, and can purchase at the very lowest prices. Not determined to maintain the reputation of my establishment, as

"THE CHEAP STORE,"

and will not be undersold by any Store in the West. Buyers will therefore study their own interests in buying of me.

Fort Wayne, Aug 23, 1850.

FIRST ARRIVAL OF FALL GOODS.

MRS. DYKES has just received a general assortment of Fall Goods, of the newest styles, including beautiful English and American Calicoes, French Ginghams, White Quilts, &c., &c., and a general variety of articles suitable for the approaching season. Further supplies will be regularly received until the close of navigation. Aug. 17, 1850.

BOOKS! BOOKS!

JUST RECEIVED, and for sale at C. L. HILL'S Cheap Bookstore, Calhoun street:

Splendidly Illustrated Works.—Life of Christ and the Apostles, Paul and Virginia, Vicar of Wakefield, Rasselas, Poems by Amelia, Tupper's Proverbial Philosophy, Hayden's Family Bible, Hemans' Poetical Works, Byron's, Byron, Rome, Shakespeare (40 illustrations), Pollock, Cowper, Mrs. Hemans, Hoffman, Cook, and Langdon, Life and Beauties of Shakespeare.

Historical.—Russell's Europe, Hildreth's United States, Rollin's Ancient History, Josephus, Border Warfare in New York, Gibbs's Ancient History, Robinson's History of England, Macaulay's History of England, vols. 1 and 2, Frost's Wonders of History, School Histories.—Hale's United States, Robinson's Outlines, Willson's United States, Wilson's United States, Alison's History of Europe.

Biographies, Travels, &c.—Celeon's Life and Times of Clay, Life and Voyages of Americus Vespucius, Heroes of the American Revolution, Signers of the Declaration of Independence, Headley's Washington and his Generals, " Life of Cromwell, Bunyon's Washington, Headley's Life of Gen Scott, Life of Gen Jackson, Life of Gen. Taylor, Marion, Greene, Putnam, Life of Gen. Lafayette, Robespierre, Life and Writings of DeWitt Clinton, What I saw in California, Lynch's Red Sea and Jordan

Scientific, Religious, Law, &c.—Lieber's Architect, last edition Benjamin's Architect, Knapp's Mechanics' Assistant, Jones's Millwright's Guide, Harlan's Medical Pocket Book, Young's Mathematical Dictionary, Saxon Lumber Architecture, Gillespie's Roads and Railroads, Landowner's Manual, Dick's Works, Barnes' Notes, entire series, Fowler's Phrenology, Combe's do., History of Wonderful Inventions, Dorsey's Med. Dictionary, Shew's Hydropathy, do. Water Cure Manual, Colby's Water Cure in Chronic Diseases.

School Books.—Of every kind used in the country: German, French, Latin, Italian and Spanish Grammars, Readers, &c.

Children's Books.—An extensive and beautiful lot—including all the most popular Juvenile Publications.

Fort Wayne, Aug. 31, 1850. 9

THE INDIANA STATESMAN.

THE undersigned will commence the publication of a Weekly Newspaper with the above title, at Indianapolis, on or about the 4th day of September, 1850.

The paper will be devoted chiefly to the Domestic and Foreign intelligence of the day, Agriculture and the Arts, while its Miscellaneous department will be filled with the choicest gullings from the works of eminent writers. Our aim will be to make it a welcome visitor to the Counting room, the social circle and the quiet fireside.

Politically, the STATESMAN will contain the principles, organization and usages of the democratic party, endeavoring by all honorable means to promote its harmony, unity, and success.

A weekly summary of Congressional and Legislative reports and of the proceedings of the Constitutional Convention, will be given during the sittings of these respective bodies.

Our experience in the Newspaper publishing business leads us to the belief that we can make such a sheet as will meet the wants of a large portion of the reading public; but its usefulness necessarily greatly depends upon the amount of patronage bestowed upon it. Those of our friends, then, who will be active in forwarding their own interests as subscribers and procuring others, will lay us under obligations.

☞ Editors in this State who will give this prospectus a few insertions or favorable notice editorially, will receive our thanks, and payment in kind as opportunity may offer.

TERMS.—The Statesman will be published every Wednesday morning, on a double medium sheet, at the following prices:

Office and City subscribers,	$2 00 per annum
Single subscription by Mail,	2 00 " "
Three copies,	5 00 " "
Seven copies,	9 00 " "
Ten copies,	10 00 " "
Single copy during the session of the Convention,	50
" " " Legislature,	50

☞ Any person procuring 10 subscribers and remitting $10, will receive the eleventh copy gratis.

☞ No paper will be sent by mail without payment in advance.

☞ A limited amount of Advertising will be received at fair rates.

☞ Persons addressing us will please pay their postage.

Indianapolis, Aug. 8, 1850. ELLIS & SEANN.

F. R. THOMPSON,

GROCER,

Commission and Forwarding Merchant.

ALSO,

Dealer in all Kinds of Grass Seeds.

No. 290 MAIN STREET,

BETWEEN SIXTH AND SEVENTH STREETS,

CINCINNATI, OHIO. 6ypd

Doyle's Line.

A Daily Line will run through to Toledo, direct, without stopping at the Junction, on and after August 15th, 1850.

GEO. W. HOSKINSON, Agt.

Cash for 30,000 Bushels of Wheat

WE will pay Cash and the highest market price for 30,000 bushels Wheat—or any lesser quantity—delivered at our Warehouse, on the eastern basin.

Aug. 3. COMPARET, HUBBELL & Co.

Indiana Land Agency.

THE subscribers, having greatly extended their operations in this and the other business in all its various branches and tender their services to the public for the *Sale of Lands, Investigation of Titles, Payment of Taxes, Procuring of Patents*, and other services pertaining to a thoroughfare and

GENERAL LAND AGENCY.

They are provided with numerous and accurate Maps of different counties, and of the State—have personally visited the greater portion of Northern Indiana—have numerous and carefully compiled descriptions, and are prepared to furnish extensive and thorough information with regard to the ownership, and, location, and value of Lands, which will be afforded gratuitously to all who desire such information.

They offer for sale

Large Tracts of Valuable Land,

well adapted to farming purposes, situate as follows:

	Acres.		Acres.
Allen County	18,706	Noble County	9,817
DeKalb "	7,921	Whitley "	8,894
Steuben "	2,389	Huntington "	5,924
Lagrange "	1,905	Wabash "	7,703
Kosciusko "	7,454	Miami "	1,982
Blackford "	9,774	Carroll "	1,920
Jay "	1,080	Cass "	2,640
Wells "	9,830	Fulton "	1,920
Adams "	2,905	Marshall "	1,309
Elkhart "	1,720	White "	1,549
Fountain "	2,848	Montgomery "	1,760
Putnam "	1,897	Clinton "	1,837
Porke "	1,525	Marion "	1,020
Boone "	1,960	Porter "	2,220

The above lands will be sold for cash, or a part cash, and the remainder on liberal credit. Title indisputable.

They also offer for sale several valuable

Improved Farms,

in the counties of ALLEN, HUNTINGTON, NOBLE, and WABASH, and a large number of

TOWN LOTS

in the towns of FORT WAYNE, HUNTINGTON, LAGRO, WABASH, PERU and MARION.

Prompt attention will be given to all communications from persons desiring to purchase.

Office at the "INDIANA LAND AGENCY," on Calhoun Street.

HOUGH & DAY.

Fort Wayne, July 22, 1850. y6

Town lots for sale.

THE proprietors of the INDIANA LAND AGENCY offer for sale the following lots in Fort Wayne, viz:

HANNA'S ADDITION.	COUNTY ADDITION.
Lot No. 63	Lot No. 48
" " 80	" " 49
" " 81	" " 73
" " 131	TABOR'S ADDITION.
" " 141	Lot No. 3
" " 196	" " 22
" " 344	" " 30
" " 348	ROCKHILL'S ADDITION.
" " 530	Lot No. 48
" " 538	" " 61
" " 561	" " 65
EWING'S ADDITION.	" " 85
Lot No. 1 Block No. 27	" " 118
" " 4 " " 97	" " 119
" " 8 " " 97	" " 120
" " 9 " " 91	OLD PLAT.
" " 4 " " 26	Lot No. 98
" " 5 " " 98	" " 53
" " 8 " " 201	" " 92
" " 4 " " 32	" " 89

Out Lot No. 8, Hanna's Addition, ½ Acre.

The above are offered *low* for Cash, or on a liberal credit. HOUGH & DAY

Fort Wayne, July 22, 1850.

SELECT SCHOOL.

THE second quarter of Miss S. J. Mansfield's Select School for girls commenced on Wednesday, the 10th inst. She devotes her attention to all the branches of a thorough English education, including the higher Mathematics, Natural and Mental Philosophy, Chemistry, Botany, &c. Having had very considerable experience in her profession, she hopes by strict attention to merit a liberal share of patronage.

Common English branches, per quarter, $2.50
Higher " " 3 00

Fort Wayne, July 17, 1850. 3—tf

C. L. HILL'S BOOK STORE

REMOVED to Watson Wall & Co's old Stand, on Calhoun st., next door to P. Kinsie.

C. L. HILL informs the public that he has removed to Watson Wall & Co's old stand, where he will be happy to see his old customers, and give them his usual good bargains in Books, Stationery, Fancy Articles, &c.

Having a BINDING Establishment attached, he is prepared to bind works in a good, substantial manner, and after the latest styles.

Call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

June 26, 1850.

CITY MARKET.

THE Subscriber has fitted up a meat market on Calhoun street, one door south of Mrs. Dikes's store, in the store room formerly occupied by R. C. Filson, where he keeps constantly on hand, the

BEST MEATS

the country affords. A word to the farmers:—You that fatted FAT CATTLE, Calves, Sheep, and Hogs, can get the highest market price, in Cash by delivering them to the subscriber.

HARRISON ROBERTS.

July 6, 1850. H-1

NOTICE.

THE Bookselling and Stationery Business heretofore conducted by Stophlet & Co. will hereafter be continued under the firm of Heustis & Stophlet. A. C. HEUSTIS.

SAM'L STOPHLET.

Post Office Building.
Fort Wayne, July 8, 1850 } 1

BRISTOL BOARDS, Perforated Paper, Drawing Paper, &c., &c., just received.

HEUSTIS & STOPHLET.

HYMN BOOKS.—Methodist and Presbyterian New & Old School Presbyterian do.

HEUSTIS & STOPHLET.

GERMAN BIBLES and Testaments; French do. do.

HEUSTIS & STOPHLET.

just received.

GENUINE SALERATUS!

A good supply constantly on hand of a first rate article, *made in the good old way*—at *wholesale only*—at the old stand, next door to Messrs. Hill & Orbison's, by

F. H. TYLER.

Fort Wayne, July 17, 1850. 3

To Farmers.

THE fair market price in CASH will be paid by the subscribers for any quantity of wheat delivered at the Stone Mills on Samuel Edsall. Receipts cashed by Orff & Schwegman, at our old stand on Calhoun street.

S. & W. S. DSALL.

July 29.

N. B. Particular attention paid to grinding Grists for Farmers. SAMUEL EDSALL.

CITY MILLS.

CLINTON-ST., NORTH SIDE OF CANAL.

THE subscribers will purchase any amount of WHEAT at the highest market rates. They are prepared and ready to FLOUR promptly any quantity of Wheat, on the most reasonable terms.

Farmers who have *Custom Work or Grists* to grind will always find one or more Run of Stones in readiness for this purpose.

All kinds of *Bread Stuffs* and *Mill Feed* at all times for sale.

HOAGLAND & COMSTOCK.

Ft. Wayne, Aug. 3, 1850. y6

Sand and Gravel.

All persons are forbid taking sand or gravel from North side of the St. Mary's, on the land known as the WALLER PROPERTY. The land has been greatly damaged by trespasses, and the owner, J. B. Vernon, is determined to enforce his rights.

Application to purchase the land west of the bridge, where the Slaughter House stands, can be made to the subscriber.

July 25, '50. JOSEPH K EDGERTON.

PRODUCE WANTED.

ALL kinds of Produce—Corn, Oats, Butter, Eggs, Ginseng, Deer Skins, &c., for which the highest rates for goods.

ORFF & SCHWEGMAN.

Aug. 17.

MISSIONARY MAPS.

BIDWELL'S large Map of the World, Eastern Asia, China, Sandwich Islands, and East Indies—well calculated for Schools, being on the largest scale, with all the subdivisions, names of towns, rivers, &c. correctly marked. Also, showing all the missionary stations, &c. &c. Just rec'd.

C. L. HILL.

Aug. 3, 1850.

Cash paid for Wheat.

THE very highest market price paid in CASH for any quantity of WHEAT, at the Farmers' Depot.

ORFF & SCHWEGMAN.

CALICOES.—A beautiful assortment of Fall and Winter styles.

Aug. 31, 1850. ORFF & SCHWEGMAN.

FRESH ARRIVAL OF

NEW BOOKS

At C. L. HILL'S Cheap Bookstore, Calhoun st. South of P. Kinsie's, Fort Wayne.

C. L. HILL has just received a large and splendid stock of NEW BOOKS, which he can sell at unusually low prices. It includes every variety of School Books in use in this place; some splendid editions of Standard Poets; Bibles, Prayer Books, Histories, Scientific and Miscellaneous Works, Novels, &c., &c. Also, a large stock of

Cap, Letter, and Note Paper

Envelopes, Ink, Gold and Steel Pens, Fancy Stationery, Music and Musical Instruments, &c. A choice lot of

BLANK BOOKS,

&c., &c. All of which are offered at but a trifle above Eastern Prices.

COUNTRY DEALERS supplied at Wholesale Prices. Aug. 23, 1850.

New Hardware.

THE Subscriber has this week received a new stock of HARDWARE, and having greatly increased his assortment is prepared to supply any demand in the way of hardware.

To Mechanics he offers extra inducements in the way of

TOOLS,

and can furnish any variety of no doubted quality.

Purchasers of STOVES will find as great a variety as can be found in the West, without any exception.

Scythes, Snathes, Cradles, Shovels, Spades, Hay and Manure Forks, Hoes and Axes,

in every variety and of the most approved patterns.

DOOR LOCKS and LATCHES of new patterns, with a general assortment of

BUILDING MATERIALS.

He has also added to his business a

NEW TIN SHOP,

and is prepared to do any work in *Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron*, on the most favorable terms.

Dealers in the above Goods are respectfully invited to call before purchasing.

June 1. y48 HORACE DURRIE.

Iron and Nails.

JUST RECEIVED, Round and Square Iron 3-16ths to 2 inches; Flat Bar do., of all sizes; Hoop and Band do., of all sizes; Oval Nail Rod, a superior article; a large lot for sale.

HORACE DURRIE.

Note Paper and Envelopes.

A large and splendid lot of various descriptions on and and for sale.

C. L. HILL.

HAVANNA SEGARS.

A Choice lot of Havanna Segars, consisting of Principos, Cazadores, La Normas, Yaras, spotted Lastres Coronas, &c., &c. For sale at

C. L. HILL'S Book Store.

BONNETS.—French Lace, Gimp, Lace, Pearl Straw, Straw, and Leghorn Bonnets; Leghorn Flats and other Misses' Bonnets; Boys' Birdseye Hats, &c., &c.

ORFF & SCHWEGMAN.

New Light!

JUST received, a New BURNING FLUID that gives a superior light without danger of exploding; also a small assortment of LAMPS For sale by HORACE DURRIE.

CONVEYANCING.

THE subscribers give special attention to the drafting of Deeds, Mortgages, Leases, and other legal instruments.

JOHN HOUGH, Jr., *Commissioner of Deeds for New York, Ohio, and Massachusetts.*

WILLIAM F. DAY, *Notary Public. Also, Commissioner of Deeds for the following States:—Vermont, Connecticut, Maine, N. Jersey, Pennsylvania, Maryland, North Carolina, Florida, Alabama, Kentucky, Louisiana, Tennessee, Mississippi, Missouri, Illinois, Iowa, Wisconsin, and Michigan.*

Holding the above appointments, they have peculiar facilities for taking the proof and acknowledgments of Deeds and other instruments, to be used in this and other States.

HOUGH & DAY.

Fort Wayne, Ia., July 20, 1850.

20,000 lbs. Wool Wanted

AT THE

FORT WAYNE

Woollen Manufactory.

RUDISILL & WOLKE return their thanks to the public for its liberal patronage they have received, and respectfully inform them that they have made large additions to their Machinery of the newest and best kinds, and having obtained skillful workmen from the east, are now prepared to take any quantity of wool in the fleece and manufacture it into

CLOTHS, Cassimeres, Satinetts, Flannels, Blankets, &c.

we rated as good, if not better, than any other establishment in the west. Wool will be worked on shares, or taken in pay for goods. They have also on hand

4,000 YARDS OF WOOLEN GOODS

which they offer for sale or in exchange for wool on the most liberal terms.

WOOL CARDING

We have two double and two single carding machines ready for operation and will do any amount of Custom Carding in the best manner and on the shortest notice. Persons to expect good rolls must have their wool well cleaned and free from burrs, and to every eight pounds of wool one pound of clean lard, otherwise the price of lard will be charged extra. All wool brought in the above condition will be warranted to be well carded. Price for Carding is 5 cents per pound; wool will be received in pay for carding at price will be according to quality. Directions should be given when wool is brought whether the pay is to be Cash or Wool.

CLOTH DRESSING AND DYEING.

We are also prepared to do any amount of Country Cloth Dressing and dyeing, on the shortest notice, and in the best workmanlike manner.

RUDISILL & WOLKE.

Fort Wayne, April 27, 1850. y44

LINSEED OIL.

We have also on hand the article of Linseed Oil by wholesale or retail; and the highest price in Cash or Oil will be paid for Flaxseed.

RUDISILL & WOLKE.

Fort Wayne, April 27, 1850. y44

Saleratus Manufactory.

THE undersigned being now engaged in the manufacturing of SALERATUS on the most approved principles, can fill orders for any quantity, and of a *quality far superior* to the article made in the place. He begs to call the attention of dealers about the canal line and surrounding country, to his establishment, as he is now able to compete with any other, and is determined that the quality and price of his article shall be such as to make it to the interest of buyers to deal with him; he would therefore invite the trade to call and examine quality, price, &c. before purchasing elsewhere. Orders attended to with dispatch.

Office on the canal, south side, east of Hanna's Block.

OSCAR BLAIN.

Fort Wayne, March 23, 1850. 38tf

WANTED.—At the Book Store of the subscriber, on Calhoun st., 10,000 pounds Beeswax and Ginseng, for which the highest market price in CASH will be given.

C. L. HILL.

July 27, 1850.

SHOES, GAITERS, &c.—Just received at No. 3, a nice assortment of Ladies', Misses' and Children's Gaiters, Excelsiors, Buskins, Walking Shoes, and Slippers—cheap and good.

April 29, 1850. M. DAAKE Jr.

JOY TO THE AFFLICTED!

GENUINE ORIGINAL

W. B. FARRELL'S CELEBRATED ARABIAN LINIMENT.

THE high reputation of this extraordinary medicine, in the cure of many diseases of Horses and Cattle, has attracted the attention of the whole farming community. Many of the most learned Physicians, Farriers, and Horse Keepers of the country have given their testimony in its favor, and it is now extensively used in most of the Livery and Sale stables of our principal cities with never failing success. It is six years since I first offered this article to the public, and although counterfeited by many, the Original and Genuine stands high above all the Lotions and Ointments ever introduced in this or any other age of the world.

On the Human System it is used with the most astonishing success in all kinds of Rheumatism, or loss of Muscular Power, and all other diseases of the Muscles and Joints, Numbness, Stiff Complaint, Big Head, Founder, Spavin, Splint, Hard Tumors, Galls, Chafes, Spraining, Bruise, Scratches, Old Wounds, or Cuts, and fresh sores, Sore Eyes, Hollow Horn, and all Inflammatory diseases.

A host of testimonies of cures the most wonderful and extraordinary can be seen by reference in the pamphlets with the agents.

FROM THE MEDICAL FACULTY.—*Copy of a Letter from my Agent at St. Louis, Missouri*

Mr. W. B. FARRELL: Dear Sir, You will please send us another supply of your Arabian Liniment. The quantity you left with us is nearly all sold. I think a large quantity can be sold in this city, as every person that has used the liniment speaks of it in the highest terms of praise.

Yours, with respect,

Dr. E. FARRELL.

St. Louis, Mo., April 27, 1849.

BURNS, SORES, ACHES AND PAINS.—Mr. James Landis, living on Jefferson street, Chicago, March 18, 1850, says:

Your Arabian Liniment is now our Family Medicine. We use nothing else for Burns, Sores, Aches and Pains. Our neighbors prize it as highly as we do. Send me a dollar's worth by the bearer.

STILL MORE WONDERFUL!

I, Daniel B. Schellinger, of Westchester township, Porter county, Ind., having been afflicted with Hernia or Rupture, for twenty years, so badly that I could not work more than half my time. I have tried tons pain and everything that I thought would give me relief, but found nothing until I tried your Arabian Liniment. I have used one bottle and found great relief. In ten minutes after I rub the application I can go to work, as it keeps the bowels up. I believe I have now got the last bottle your agent, Mr. Williamson, had on hand. I would be satisfied to pay $10 for it if I could not proc

CIGARS! CIGARS!

50,000 IMPORTED Cigars, warranted of the best brands that can be found, and at cheap as you can buy them in New York. H. B. REED.

VALUABLE

Mill Property for Sale.

THE undersigned offers for sale his Mill Property situate on the Elkhart River, in Noble County, Indiana. 40 miles north west from Fort Wayne and the Wabash and Erie Canal.—The property is now improved with a SAW-MILL, and Head Gates for GRIST and other MILLS. The Dam is one of the best in the country, and has been built only two years, but during that time has withstood without the slightest injury as usual freshets that caused more or less damage to all other dams on the river. The supply of water is unfailing, and sufficient with the head of 7½ feet of driving 2 runs of 4½ feet stones. Saw Mill and Woollen Mill at all times, and during most of the year almost any amount of machinery could be propelled.

The Saw Mill has recently been put in first rate order, and is considered one of the best in the west. Logs in any quantity of the best kind, such as Poplar, Black Walnut, Ash, Oak, and Cherry, can always be obtained.

The property is situate in the midst of a thickly settled country, where mills are much needed and water power scarce, thereby insuring to the owner a monopoly of the milling business of the country, if well managed.

In connection with the mill and water power, will be sold

160 ACRES OF LAND

on which the mill is situated, together with Timber get out for the erection of a Flouring Mill.

For particulars as to the construction of the dam, amount, durability, and value of the water power &c. inquire of M. S. V. BYRD, Millbright, Fort Wayne.

A. B. MILLER.

For particulars apply, (if by letter post paid,) to THE editor of Fort Wayne Sentinel.

Fort Wayne, Ia. August 18, 1849. 17

The Hoosier Statesman (Weekly) just sent 3 month at the usual account to this office.

For Sale.

THE commodious Brick STORE and Ware house, eligibly situate on Columbia street and the canal, known as the Niagara Store, and occupied by A. B. MILLER. For terms, inquire on the premises or at the Sentinel office.

August 4, 1849. 16

Palo Alto Hotel.

THIS establishment is now fitted up in superior style for the accommodation of travellers and others. The subscriber will spare no pains to give satisfaction to all who may favor him with their custom. His Table will at all times be furnished with the best the market affords. Having a careful ostler, travellers may be assured their horses will be well attended to. A large and convenient Wagon Yard has recently been fitted up for the accommodation of teamsters, drovers, &c. His charges will be moderate to suit the times.

GEORGE MAYER.

October 13, 1849. 15y

Marble Monuments & Tombstones.

THE subscriber has on hand a large supply of the above articles, of the best QUALITY which he will sell very low. ☞ All persons wishing anything in that line are particularly requested to call and examine for themselves before purchasing elsewhere.

CUT STONE OF ALL KINDS.

Principal Yard on the Canal, west of Ewing's Warehouse and Boat Yard. Finishing Shop in Pearl-st. Street, in Block between H. B. Hond's Drug Store and Hill, Orbison & Co's warehouse.

JAMES HUMPHREY.

Fort Wayne, March 30, 1850. 39

Removal.

THE BOSTON SHOE STORE has been removed to the premises lately occupied by Loufsky, west of Aylsworth & Borden's store, we shall be happy to see our old customers and as many new ones as want anything in the *Boot and Shoe Line. Leather, Findings, &c.* We are prepared to sell at wholesale or retail to low as any establishment in the West.

May 24, 49. T. P. ANDERSON & Co.

A NOVELTY IN THE TRADE!

Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods.

AND READY MADE CLOTHING

AT WHOLESALE, BY THE SAME HOUSE!

REEDY, MOULTON & PLEMPTON, Importers and Jobbers, 47 Broadway, New York, are now receiving from Europe an extensive assortment of FOREIGN DRY GOODS, which they offer for sale, on Credit, or for Cash, by the piece or package; also, a very extensive assortment of DOMESTIC DRY GOODS, to which they invite the attention of Merchants, upon the same terms.

The stock of READY MADE CLOTHING is entered in the second story of our extensive warehouse, and is under the direction and control of our associates in this department, under the firm of DAVENPORT & GARDNER, who are practical Tailors, and have had a long experience in this branch.

Our Stock of Dry Goods and Ready Made Clothing is unrivalled for the extent of its assortment, and cheapness and style of the fabrics which are designed for the West and South-ern trade.

New York, June 10, 1850. 3m51

Engines! Engines!

THE undersigned respectfully informs the public that he is now prepared to manufacture at his Foundry in this city, **ENGINES** of all sizes and patterns, and after the most approved styles. Persons wishing Engines will do well to give him a call before making permanent arrangements elsewhere. JAMES STORY.

Fort Wayne, July 14, 1849. 2

UNRIVALLED ATTRACTION!

NEW BOOK STORE.

South West Corner of Main and Calhoun Streets, Post Office Buildings.

GREAT BARGAINS!

THE undersigned have just received and now for sale, at a bargain, one of the largest and best selected stocks of

Books and Stationery

ever brought into Indiana, consisting of Miscellaneous and School Books, of every variety and description; also, all kinds of

Stationery and Fancy Articles.

ATTENTION.—We would say to those wishing to make purchases in our line, either a

WHOLESALE OR RETAIL,

give us a call, and examine for yourselves before purchasing elsewhere, and our word for it, you shall go away feeling a *richer* if not a *better* man.

TO POST MASTERS. We are prepared to form to post masters, at a short notice, post bills, paper, and all other materials used in this business. So send on your orders.

REMEMBER!—There is a tide in the affairs of men which, taken at the flood, leads on to fortune. Do you wish to get into the current? Then call at Stophlet & Co.'s, and save your money.

Don't forget the place, Corner of Main and Calhoun-sts, Post Office Building.

OUR MOTTO—*Quick sales and small profits.*

☞ RAGS taken in exchange for trade.

STOPHLET & Co.

Fort Wayne, May 13 1850 y46

Great Excitement in California

AND GREAT BARGAINS

At the California Store, Calhoun st., Ft. Wayne.

SELLING off at cost for CASH,—Wholesale or retail. We intend to change our trade to one kind—Groceries and Provisions. Country Merchants, call and see.

N. B. FARNS and WILD LANDS for sale; inquire at the CALIFORNIA STORE, Corner of Calhoun & Pearl sts., Fort Wayne.

June 1, 1850. J. C. BOWSER & Co.

Undertaking.

THE undersigned are now prepared to attend on Funeral occasions as they keep READY MADE COFFINS of all sizes and different qualities; viz. Mahogany, Walnut and Cherry, flat and raised lids; also, covered with Black Cloth or Silk Velvet if desired. They will be able to furnish the same promptly and lower than the usual rates. Strict attention will be paid to Funeral Hones, causing no delay.

☞ *A Hearse and good Carriage furnished, free of charge.*

Room on Calhoun st. near the Spencer House.

JOHN M. MILLER,
LOUIS PELTIER.

Fort Wayne, June 1, 1849. y48

CONSUMPTION

is all Christianized and civilized countries, has caused a larger proportion of deaths than any other malady that afflicts the human family; and, until within a few years, there has not been any certain remedy to stop the devastation of that destroyer. But now—

BRANT'S INDIAN PULMONARY BALSAM

conts very many of the most strongly marked and developed cases of PULMONARY CONSUMPTION—*and, unbelieved cases of advanced and diseased* LUNGS—such HOPELESS cases as were never before cured by any other medicine, so strongly, *people were* some of the afflicted persons, as to have been pronounced by physicians and friends to be ACTUALLY DYING. Some, who had their lungs-tubes made LOSS been cured, on the lung; others, who it was said would not live another day, are now as well and hearty as they ever were.

It possesses all the cleansing and purifying virtues nearly as powerful and active as the preparation which we call

BRANT'S INDIAN PURIFYING EXTRACT.

The Balsam differs from the Extract, because it possesses several medicines which are peculiarly adapted to, and are essentially necessary for, the cure of

COUGHS AND CONSUMPTIONS,

and all diseases of a pulmonary character—such diseases as usually prove so fatal under ordinary treatment, when they attack the

Breast, Throat, Lungs, and Heart.

This BALSAM HEALS AND CURES ULCERS in the LUNGS, and elsewhere internally, as certainly and easily as the PURIFYING EXTRACT cures and heals ulcers externally. This Balsam cures NINE cases of *Coughs and Consumption* out of TEN, after all other remedies have *failed to do good.*

Thousands of Consumptions

and *Chronic Coughs* abundantly prove its unfailing efficacy in such diseases, and its undoubted curative power, and soothing, healing properties, in the following complaints and diseases, viz. BALSAM in cases, *Bleeding at the Lungs, Pain in the Breast and Side, Night Sweats, Nervous Complaints, Palpitation of the Heart, Violent Inflammation, Dysentery and Summer Complaints in Children and Adults*, and all FEMALE WEAKNESSES.

CONSUMPTION.

A DYING WOMAN CURED!

We state this cure, to prove the POWER TO SAVE LIFE, when this BALSAM is used, even after the persons to whom it is prescribed by *physicians and friends to be in the last stages of disease—actually DYING—and, in this case, so PAR GONE, that the network and cavern-like LUNGS were lost!!* For the positive evidence of this case, and the *respectable* and undoubted proof of all the circumstances and facts, we refer to our Pamphlets.

This cure was effected on Mrs. ZIBA DYKEMAN, of *Bellville, Sun Spot, Sandusky County, N. Y.* We can prove, beyond a doubt, many others, equally remarkable, and have evidence of cases of *Coughs and Consumptions CURED*, which were pronounced incurable by SKILFUL PHYSICIANS.

A DOCTOR CURED!

DR. J. W. FRENCH, *of Hillsdale, Hillsdale county, Michigan*, about the 1st of January, 1849, wrote as follows: "I have been in the regular practice of medicine in this place for nine years, and have been obliged to quit the practice of my profession in consequence of ill health. I was extensively affected with a Chronic *Disease of the Lungs*, as to convince me that I may not, CONSUMPTION, not doubt. I coughed almost incessantly, night and day, and had every pain and soreness in my chest, side, and breast. I tried the remedies recommended by the most skillful of the profession, all to no effect, excepting the nausea and debilitating effect of the same. I was prejudiced against patent medicines, and have no faith now in them generally. But I was induced—in my extremity, more than from faith, to try a bottle of BRANT'S INDIAN PULMONARY BALSAM; and I do here acknowledge, for the benefit of the afflicted, or to know, it may serve, that I am now free from cough, soreness of the chest, and pain, and now consider and pronounce myself a well man."

Dr. French is now a respectable druggist at Hillsdale

FITS, FITS, FITS.

Messrs. J. B. LIPPINCOTT & SON, respectable merchants in *Hollisport, Sullivan county, Pennsylvania*, wrote to us, May 12, 1849, stating, among other BENEFITS, which had resulted from the use of BRANT'S INDIAN PULMONARY BALSAM, that one of their customers had just informed them that her child, which had been subject to FITS for several years, was cured by the use of *BRANT'S BALSAM.*

Would soon be in a Grave.

Mr. WILLIAM D. JENNINGS, a merchant at *Perryville, Jefferson county, Ohio*, wrote to us, October 2, 1848, as follows: "Last year I was taken down with a severe cough, and I thought I would have died. I tried every thing I could hear of, without effect, until I tried BRANT'S INDIAN PULMONARY BALSAM, which I purchased of Mr. WILLIAM CROCKER, at an adjoining town. He said Mr. Crocker had sold more of the BALSAM than all other physicians and medicines, put together, for the last year of that unusually severe season. Convinced, I had taken first bottle, I was so much better, I was so destroying and debilitating the body, that he was a mere skeleton. He was given up by his physicians and friends, and was not expected to survive. But even in this last extremity, strange and incredible as it may seem, he is living, and is now in good health, for he takes of BRANT'S INDIAN PULMONARY BALSAM, and the medical science has raised him from a grave, so that she is now going about and attending to her domestic affairs and duties. Many strangers, relatives, and it is very evident, that she is indebted to BRANT'S BALSAM for her recovery from a long, severe, and dangerous sickness, and for friends and neighbors could be that medicine invaluable."

RAISED FROM THE GRAVE.

Messrs. PRATT & FOSTER, *merchants of West Cornwall, Conn.*, said *BRANT'S BALSAM* had effected cures of such hopeless cases of CONSUMPTION in their town, that none no other consumptive could be sold there; that it had sealed graves, of from all the graves that they knew of, and that friends said MUST DIE! One gentleman, in particular, was so far gone, that his physician told him it was useless to do any more for him. He was so low, he could not turn in bed, but BRANT'S BALSAM—GOT WELL—and is now as well as ever he was!

Many Consumptions Cured.

Mr. S. H. CLARK, merchant, *Clyde, Wayne county, N. Y.*, wrote to us, February 24, 1849, that BRANT'S MEDICINE, including BRANT'S BALSAM, had cured a man of *Consumption*, in his town, after all other medicines had failed to do good.

LUNGS BLEED—MUST DIE!

Mr. S. S. TERRY, *merchant, Byron, Genesee county, N. Y.*, wrote, August 31, 1848, that BRANT'S MEDICINE, including BRANT'S BALSAM, had cured a man of *Consumption*, in his town, after all other medicines had failed to do good. When he commenced taking Brant's Medicine, he could not raise his hand to his mouth! He bled at the lungs, and every symptom seemed to indicate that he must die; but, astonishing to all, he is now able to labor, and ride all over the country. He used only five bottles. It has also cured a young lady of *Consumption* in Orleans county, which her friends gave up as desperate and past help."

Mr. MILLER, a merchant of the same place, has certified to the truth of the above statements.

WAS BELIEVED PAST CURE.

Mr. CORNELIUS H. SMITH, *merchant, Collins Centre, Erie county, N. Y.*, on January 16, 1849, said: "Your BRANT'S INDIAN PULMONARY BALSAM and BRANT'S FIRE-WEED EXTRACT are nearly all sold, and I want immediately another supply, for they will prove rapidly, and give better satisfaction, than all the other medicines we have in store. The Pulmonary Balsam has raised a lady here from a bed of dangerous and severe sickness, which all the doctors had given up as incurable. They said she must die with *Consumption of the Lungs*. After all had pronounced her case HOPELESS, she commenced taking *BRANT'S BALSAM—and lives to tell it!*"

CHRONIC DYSENTERY,

and SUMMER COMPLAINTS, in *children or grown persons*, cured *without any failure whatever.* Also—

CHOLERA INFANTUM.

No mother need ever mourn the death of her child by that child-destroying complaint, when Brant's Balsam is within reach—"BRANT'S PULMONARY BALSAM" be administered to the child. It should, however, be used *in time*, be used *in time as a large poison* as the directions on each bottle prescribed, and the complaint is checked.

☞ *All Letters and Orders must be addressed to*—

WALLACE & CO.,
106 Broadway, New York.

For sale by HUGH B. REED, Fort Wayne.

Also, by the following:

N. Payne, Auburn.
J. B. Hanna, Hunterstown
J. D. Johnston, Gettysburg.
Bowen & McDowell, Bluffton.
John Davis, Huntington.
Tullis, Baker & Co., Columbia.
S. T. Chesney, Albion.

☞ JUJUBE PASTE.—Four Boxes best Lemon Jujube Paste, for sale in quantities to suit purchasers. Please call and examine at

JAMES B. SHOAFF'S,
under Odd Fellow's Hall.

Look Here!

COLERICK & WITHERS have several choice pieces of Land in St. Joseph Township in Allen County, which on early application can be purchased lower than ever before offered in that quarter. Call on them at the Court House.

Jan 12, 1850. 28-tf.

A Large quantity of Russian hound Country Records can be found at No. 2 Hanna's Block. 31

BLANK DEEDS, Blank Subpoenas, Executions, and etc for sale by C. L. HILL.

POULE COMBLING, WILLIAM HOOD, ALFRED WOOD.

Conkling, Wood & Co.

North side of Court Street, east of Broadway,

CINCINNATI, O.

MANUFACTURERS OF

Pure White Lead,	Paris Green,
No. 1 Do.	Chrome Green,
Red Lead,	" Yellow,
Litharge,	" Red,
Putty,	Chinese Blue,
Whiting, Ground dried,	Assorted colored Paints
Paris White,	in Oil,
Cider Vinegar.	

WE have adopted the most approved method, as practised by the Eastern Manufacturers, in manufacturing White Lead, and will warrant it equal to any made in the United States. Will warrant the quality of each article we manufacture to be as good as can be procured, and to give entire satisfaction.—Offered at the lowest prices on usual time or discount for Cash.

☞ *Cash paid for* CASTOR BEANS & FLAX SEED.

January 19, 1850. y29.

Drugs and Medicines.

THE undersigned is constantly receiving new Drugs and Medicines, which he offers at the usual low prices. His stock consists in part of

Quinine	Colonel	Piperine
Epsom Salts	Jujube Paste	Ext. Logwood
Dr'ctnl nutmeg	Ink (superior)	Inks &c.

JAMES R. SHOAFF,
Calhoun street, at the Big "Flying Sign."

NEW STOCK OF

Genuine Wines and Liquors

AT THE

WHOLESALE LIQUOR STORE.

S. BEAL returns his thanks to the public for their liberal patronage, and respectfully informs them that he has just received a heavy stock of

Genuine Wines and Liquors,

which he can manfully recommend as far superior to any thing ever before offered in the market. Those in want of choice articles of pure old *French Cognac Brandies, Port Wine, Rum, Gin, &c.*, for Medicinal use, warranted genuine and pure as imported, which he offers lower than has been paid for the adulterated articles usually sold in the market.

Common and Domestic Liquors, Cordials, &c., at very low rates.

His stock includes

Old Alex. Seignette Brandy	dark pale	Pure Juice Port Wine	
" " "	"	Burande's	" "
J. J. Dupuy	"	Other brands"	"
Peach	"	Sherry	"
Several fine Domestic	"	French Malaga	"
Old Cherry	"	Rosieve	"
Jamaica Rum		Madeira	"
St. Croix "		Kinsel	
Old Holland's Gin		Snap's Rectified Whisker	
Rose	"	Old Rye	"
Wheeler's	"	East India Bitters	
American	"	Stoughton	"

He has recently enlarged his accommodations, and is now prepared to furnish any quantity of superior,

DOUBLE RECTIFIED WHISKEY

at the lowest prices.

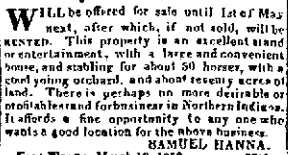
Also, *Decanters, Tumblers, Bottles, Loaf Sugar, &c.* All Brandies, Wines, and Glass will be sold from

20 to 50 per cent. Cheaper

than has ever been sold in this market.

Persons wanting any quantity from a quart to a barrel—of Wines or Liquor will do well to call, as they may depend on every article being exactly what it is represented, and at the lowest rates at all times.

Dec. 1, 1849. y—21.



J. F. HILL. J. W. ORBISON.

HILL & ORBISON,

(Successors to Hill, Orbison & Co.)

Forwarding & Commission MERCHANTS.

FORT WAYNE, IA.

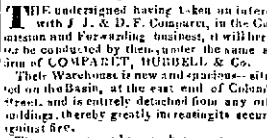
☞ *Liberal advances made on Produce.* ☜

REFERENCES:

E. Haskell & Co. } *Toledo!*
Smith, Robinson & Co. }
Collins, Brown, & Co. }
Peckham & Scott. }
Field & King, } *New York.*
Kirk & Lawton, *Piqua, Ohio.*
Ayres & Tuttle, }
Kent, Pease, & Co. }
Kimberley, Pease & Co. *Buffalo*
C. McKennell & Co. *Cincinnati.*
John Rutich, *Dayton*,
H. S. Mason, *Troy, Ohio.*

Fort Wayne, September 16, 1848.

J. J. COMPARET. M. W. HUBBELL. D. F. COMPARET.



Forwarding & Commission.

THE undersigned having taken an interest with J. J. & D. F. Comparet, in the Commission and Forwarding business, it will hereafter be conducted by them, under the name and firm of COMPARET, HUBBELL & Co.

Their Warehouse is new and spacious—situated on the Basin, at the east end of Columbia street, and is entirely detached from any other buildings, thereby greatly increasing its security against fire.

They are prepared to purchase or store grain, and their facilities are not surpassed by those of any other establishment in town. Particular attention will be paid to the Commission Business, and it will be conducted on the most liberal principles.

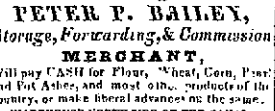
SALT always on hand at the lowest rates.

N. B.—Cash paid for any quantity of good Black Walnut Lumber. M. W. HUBBELL.

REFERENCES:

Kent, Pease & Co., *New York.*
N. Lee, Cashier, *Albany*
J. & C. Hitchcock, } *Buffalo.*
Jno. Hollister, }
H. McCulloch, Cashier, } *Fort Wayne.*
Wilford Smith, }
Brownlee, Pandleton & Co. }
Brown & Dodd, } *Toledo.*
Peckham & Scott, }
Jno. C. Butler & Co., } *Cincinnati.*
Johns Hull, }

Fort Wayne, May 8, 1850 t45.



PETER P. BAILEY,

Storage, Forwarding, & Commission

MERCHANT,

Will pay CASH for Flour, Wheat, Corn, Pearl and Pot Ashes, and most other products of the country, or make liberal advances on the same.

WAREHOUSE NORTH SIDE OF THE CANAL,

FORT WAYNE, Ia.

REFERENCES.

Allen Hamilton, President Branch Bank, *Fort Wayne.*
Hugh McCulloch, Cashier " " " "
Samuel Hanna, " " " "
Jesse L. Williams, Chief Engineer, W. & E. Canal.
B. Smith & Co., *Toledo.*
E. Haskell & Co., " "
Collins, Brown & Co., " "

Valuable Tavern for Sale

At Huntertown, 12 Miles North of Fort Wayne, on the Plank Road.

WILL be offered for sale until 1st of May next, after which, if not sold, will be RENTED. This property is an excellent stand for entertainment, with a large and convenient house, and stabling for about 50 horses, with a good yoining orchard, and about twenty acres of land. There is perhaps no more desirable or profitable stand for business in Northern Indiana. It affords a fine opportunity to any one who wants a good location for the above business.

SAMUEL HANNA.

Fort Wayne, March 18, 1850. 36tf.

THE "GREAT"

Indiana Land Agency

CORNER

THE undersigned has been appointed an agent to sell all of the lands in Northern Indiana owned by the "*Knightstown and Mellyville Rail Road Company.*"

As this company is successfully operating on the *High* pressure system on their road, they have resolved to put their lands on the *Low*; and have authorised sales to be made at *Two Dollars per acre*, on five years' credit; thus giving every one a rare chance to own a farm.

Emigrants can be accommodated with four or five sections in one locality if desired.

The undersigned has also on sale large tracts of other lands in this, and adjoining counties, and is giving better bargains, and more of them, than is generally known; as he is entirely too modest to pull himself, and is not disposed to pay any one to do it for him.

April 6, '50. [tf40] F. P. RANDALL.

500 Ounces Farr's Quinine, warranted pure, for sale at a reduced price.

Nov. 17, 1849. H. B. REED.

BRUSHES.—A very large assortment of White Wash, Shoe, Marking, Painting, Flesh, Paint, Dusting, &c., for sale very cheap.

Oct. 9, 1849. H. B. REED

MOSES DRAKE, Jr.

3, JONES' BLOCK, FORT WAYNE, IA

DEALER IN

Domestic & Fancy Dry Goods

GROCERIES,

Crockery, Hardware, Iron, Steel, Nails, Glass, FLOUR, SALT, *Fish, &c.*

Also, the best Northern Sole and Upper LEATHER, just received. All of which are offered at the lowest prices.

SALERATUS at wholesale or retail.

CASH at all times paid for WHEAT.

Fire Proof Paint.

RECEIVED a large supply of all the color of the article, to which we would call the attention of those desirous of making use of all the means to prevent loss from fire, for sale cheap by H. B. REED.

FOR SALE,

A First rate THRESHING MACHINE, new and in good order. Cost $250 in Rochester New York. Liberal terms will be given.

R. BRACKENRIDGE, Jun.

Fort Wayne, June 29, 1849. 152

H. B. REED'S

Drug and Medical Circular

TO

Druggists, Physicians, Merchants, Manufacturers, Artists, and Dealers generally.

HAVING just returned from the eastern cities with a very large stock of fresh and genuine

Drugs and Medicines,

and all other articles in his line, and believing that he can sell them on as low terms as they can be purchased at any other place in the west, he would respectfully call the attention of his customers and traders generally to an examination of his stock, amongst which will be found

300 ounces Farr's Quinine, (at a reduced price.)	100 do Balsam Copaiva,
250 do Pipirina.	2 cases Hagerman.
200 lbs. Powdered Red Bark.	50 lbs Confitrides,
500 do Yellow do do	36 do Ext. Colocynth comp.
100 oz Morphine sulph & Acet	50 do Cream Tartar,
150 lbs. Blue Mass English,	50 do Rhubarb Powders.
100 lbs. Calomel	300 do Gum Arabic,
100 do Powdered Ipecac	40 do Gum Gamboge,
300 do " Rhubarb	100 do " Camphor,
75 do Rose " Turkey, Russia and East India.	100 do Precip. Carb. Iron,
10 do Nitrate Silver,	Gumm Extract Liquorice,
100 do Powdered Jalap,	100 lbs. Sulphate of Quinine,
400 do Aloes Socotrine,	75 do Red Precipitate,
1000 do Sweet Spirits Nitre,	200 do Pink Root,
50 do Jamaica Ginger,	250 do Sarsaparilla Hard,
100 lbs Burgundy Pitch Tar,	1000 do Epsom Salts,
500 do Gum Camphor,	2000 do Sulphur,
300 do Cloves,	10 Carboy Spirits Nitre,
300 do Red Squills,	10 " Aqua Ammonia,
	6 " Sulphuric Ether,
	5 bbls Olive Oil.

Chemical Preparations.

Chloroform,	Muriatic Quinine,
Strychnine,	Acetate "
Oxidum Argenti,	Citrate "
Iodide Sulphur,	Tannate "
" Arsenic,	Citrate " and Iron,
" Iron,	Tannate Iron,
Prussic Acid,	Oil Valerian,

Together with all the new preparations in use.

Perfumery and Fancy Articles.

Lubin's Extracts,	Artists' Paints,
Fancy Smelling Bottles,	Tow do
Bandoline,	Violin Strings,
Philocomho,	Chess Men and Boards,
Olephines,	Note and Letter Paper,
Toilet and Shaving Soap,	Envelopes, Pen Nibs,
German Cologne,	Paper, Sand.

Brushes, Hair, Flesh Tooth, Nail &c., &c., a large assortment of everything in the line.

PAINTS, OILS, &c.

600 kegs white Lead, pure no. 1	nish and Japan Dryer,
200 lbs do do dry,	1500 lbs Red, Brown,
500 do Red do do	10 bbls Sperm Oil,
5000 do Litharge,	10 do Adams,
1000 do English Venetian Red,	10 do Linseed,
5000 do Spr. Whiting, bbls & kegs	5 do winter Sperm Oil,
2000 do Putty in bladders,	300 lbs Sp. Pt. Indigo,
500 do Paris Green Dry,	90 Reams Sand Paper,
500 do do do in Oil,	150 lbs Rose Pink,
500 do Chrome Green dry & mixed,	500 do Gold Size,
150 do " Yellow,	8 bbls Alcohol,
10 bbls Linseed Oil,	10 do Cider Vinegar,
10 do Spirits Turpentine,	5 do Castor Oil,
6 do Varnish, Copal Varnish,	4 do Ground Ginger.

ALSO,

300 Boxes Druggists' Glass Ware, Vials, Bottles 150 do Window Glass all sizes, city discount.

Fort Wayne, Dec. 22, 1849. y25.

Abdominal Supporters.

JUST received a huge supply of all the most approved styles supporters, Trusses, and Shoulder Braces, for of a very young.

Nov. 17, 1849 H. B. REED.

LOCKS.

A full assortment of Locks and Latches, just received and for sale cheap at

April 27, 1850. D. W. OAKLE'S.

READ! READ!! READ!!!

Huff's Pulmonary Balsam

TRIUMPHANT,

AFTER the skill of several physicians had been baffled for ten years. Notice the date of this letter.

Vernon, Ia., Dec. 5, 1849.

MR. C. ESY—Dear Sir: I take pleasure in certifying that I have used Huff's Pulmonic Balsam for Coughs, Colds, &c., with the happiest effect.

My mother was cured of a severe Pulmonary disease, which had baffled the skill of several physicians, FOR TEN YEARS, with TEN BOTTLES of the Balsam.

I regard it as one of the best medicines now in use for Pulmonic Complaints, and as such would recommend it.

T. K. JOHNSON,
Editor & Proprietor of Vernon, Ia., Democrat.

The proprietor has so much confidence in the virtue and efficacy of this inestimable medicine, and it has proved entirely successful in so many desperate cases, that he

VOLUNTARILY GUARANTEES,

that if no relief is obtained, after using it strictly according to directions for 24 or 36 hours, THE MONEY WILL BE CHEERFULLY REFUNDED upon the bottle being returned; and all agents are hereby authorised TO DO THE SAME.

Price $1 per bottle; 6 bottles for $5.

For sale, wholesale or retail, by

JAMES B. SHOAFF,
47 Sole Agent for Allen Co.

BLANK BOOKS, &c., &c.

JUST RECEIVED,—a large and splendid assortment of BLANK BOOKS of every kind and size. Also, Blank Deeds, Notes, Executions, &c., &c. for sale cheap.

Good Writing Paper at $1,75 per ream. Call at No. 2 Hanna's Block. C. L. HILL.

MUSLIN DE LAINES, Grandilla, Soie de Foie, &c., &c., newest spring fashions, just received.

MRS. DYKES.

LADIES' SHOES.

WHITE Satin Slippers, White Kid do. Patent Leather, Kid, Morocco and Leasing Shoes, Buskins, and Gaiters; Children's Shoes, &c., &c. A new and full assortment.

MRS. DYKES

R. SUTHERLAND,

TIN, SHEET IRON & COPPER WARE MANUFACTURER

AND

Dealer in Stoves.

RETURNS his most grateful thanks to his numerous friends and the public for the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed on him, and respectfully informs them that he has now on hand a large varied

Parlor,

COOKING

AND

Box

STOVES,

of the most approved varieties, which he is determined to offer at such prices as will make it an object for those wanting Stoves to give him a call.

He particularly directs attention to a new and beautiful article of

Air-Tight, Self-Regulating Parlor Stoves,

on an entirely new principle, which by means of a self acting valve will always keep the room at any required temperature.—For neatness, convenience and economy of fuel, this stove is unequalled by any in the market.

He also received a full supply of

Tin, Sheet Iron, & Copper,

which he will make to order on the most reasonable terms. A general assortment of TIN WARE kept on hand. Jobbing Mending, &c., promptly attended to.

Shop, on Columbia Street, one door east of C. A. Grant's Store, No. 18.

Fort Wayne, Nov. 24, 1849. 21

ISTHMUS HOTELS.

CHAGRES, CRUCES, } AND } GORGONA, PANAMA.

THE IRVING HOUSE,

At CHAGRES, Wallace W. Williams, assisted by Hugh Miller.

THE PANAMA RAILROAD HOTEL,

At GORGONA, under the management of A. B. Miller and J. F. Conger.

THE AMERICAN HOTEL,

At CRUCES, under the management of E. H. Folger and Hugh Miller, Jr.

THE UNITED STATES HOTEL,

At PANAMA, under the management of Adrian B. Miller.

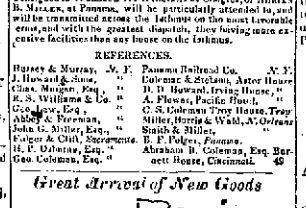
MERCHANDIZE

Consigned to WALLACE W. WILLIAMS at Chagres, or ADRIAN B. MILLER, at Panama, will be particularly attended to, and will be communicated across the Isthmus on the most favorable terms, and with the greatest dispatch, they having more extensive facilities than any house on the Isthmus.

REFERENCES.

Hussey & Murray,	N. Y.	Panama Railroad Co.	N. Y.
J. Howard Stone,	"	Coleman & Stetson, Astor House	"
Chas. Munger, Esq.,	"	B. D. Howard, Irving House,	"
E. S. Williams & Co.	"	A. Flower, Pacific Hotel,	"
Gen. Lowe, Esq.,	"	C. S. Coleman Troy House, Troy	
Abbott & Freeman,	"	Miller, Herrick & Webb, N. Orleans	
Smith & Miller, Esq.,	"	Smith & Miller,	"
Folger & Cliff, Sacramento.		B. F. Folger, Panama.	
H. P. Dolanton, Esq.	"	Abraham B. Coleman, Esq. Merchant House, Cincinnati.	49
Geo. Coleman, Esq.	"		

Great Arrival of New Goods



SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF

NEW GOODS!!

PURCHASED IN NEW YORK.

AYLSWORTH & BORDEN have received at the CHEQUERED CASH STORE a large and splendid assortment of

Spring and Summer Goods,

direct from New York, which they are determined to sell the citizens of Allen and adjoining Counties cheaper than they can be bought at any other store in this or any other western town.—Their stock is very large and well selected, and feeling confident they can please *now* as well as *old customers*, and the public generally, they invite *every body* to call and examine for themselves. The rest of our stock is bought with a view to WHOLESALE as well as Retail; and we would here say to the Country Merchants that want to replenish their stocks, that we will sell them for Cash as cheap as they can buy in Cincinnati, adding freight, &c.

Their stock consists in part of French and English Wool dyed Cloths; Beaver do.; Tweeds; Black and Fancy Cassimeres; Satinetts, all styles and prices; Kentucky Jeans; Fancy Tweeds; Plain and Fancy Satin and Marseilles Vestings; Gents' Linen Drills, white and plain; Riding Cord, and Beaverteen. One hundred pieces Cottonades, and all kinds of summer wear for Men and Boys; Farmer Drills and Burlaps; Nankeens, Blue Drills, &c.

LADIES' DRESS GOODS

We particularly invite the attention of the Ladies to our assortment of Dress Goods, as we think we can suit every variety of taste. SIX HUNDRED PIECES Fancy Blue and Orange and Mourning Prints; French and English Chambray Ginghams; Plain and Fancy French and Embroidered and Mourning Lawn. Lots of fine Dress Goods, consisting in part of Linen Bareges, Fines Chambrays, Linen Lustres, Linen Ginghams, Changeleon and changeable Lustres, Tycunets, plain, dotted and Embroidered; and Swiss Muslins.

BONNETS.—French Lace, Florence Braid, English and common Straw, Misses' Bonnets, and Leghorn Flats.

HATS.—Fashion Silk and Fur Hats, Leghorn Hats, of all styles and prices; Petal, China Pearl, Canada, and Palm Leaf Hats.

BOOTS & SHOES.—Domestic Manufactured Coarse and Kip Boots, Brogans, and Women and Children's Lace Boots, received from New York; also a beautiful stock of Ladies' Slippers, Buskins, Exceelsios, Gaiters, new styles; Walking Shoes, and lots of Children's Shoes.

All kinds of Yankee Notions, at wholesale or retail; Groceries, Queensware, Wall Paper, Window Shades, &c.

All kinds of approved COUNTRY PRODUCE taken in exchange for Goods, at *Cash Prices*—Don't forget the place, "CHEQUERED" STORE No. 27, Columbia Street. One thing is certain, we are determined to sell our Goods cheap, and sell them for pay. Our motto is, now, Cash or Produce in hand, or no sale.

Fort Wayne, April 27, 1850. y43

Wholesale Paper Warehouse.

C. L. HILL, Stationer, Calhoun Street, Fort Wayne, has made arrangements to be in the constant receipt of

Writing, Printing, and Wrapping Paper,

of all sizes and qualities; Bonnet Board, Card Board, Bristol Board, Perforated Board, Drawing Paper, &c.; which he will be enabled to sell at wholesale at Cincinnati prices, adding transportation. He also offers all kinds of

BLANK BOOKS,

Records, Day Books, Ledgers, Journals, Dockets, Memorandums, Pass Books, &c., &c., lower than ever before sold in this state.

Country Dealers, County Officers, and others, can be supplied at this establishment on this most favorable terms.

RAGS taken at the highest market price in exchange for Paper or Books.

They are Coming!

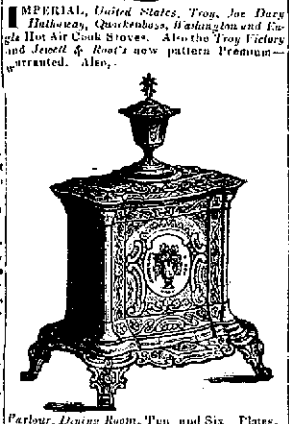
M. DRAKE has the choicest lot of FALL and WINTER GOODS ever seen in these diggins, on the way from New York. Some beautiful CALICOES, &c.—the dandaze guard—have already arrived. The main army may be expected in a few days; and then look out for such bargains as will be well calculated to astonish the weak minds of the vulgar.

Old No. 3 can't and shan't be beat!

Sept. 7. 10

STOVES &c.

IMPERIAL, *United States, Troy, Jac Dary Halloway, Quakenhaus, Washington and Eagle* Hot Air Cook Stoves. Also the *Troy Victory* and *Jewett & Root's* new pattern Premium—warranted. Also,



Parlour, Dining Room, Tea and Six Plates, all sizes, from 13 to $15.

Also a new and beautiful article, called *Dining Fire Grates*, for burning wood or coal, and affording all the pleasures of a fire-place.

The above assortment is the largest and best selected ever brought to this market, and are offered at wholesale or retail on the most reasonable terms.

HARDWARE,—A large addition has been made to our stock, and cannot fail to give satisfaction in quality and price.

TIN WARE—A heavy stock on hand and ready for orders. Jobbing in Sheet Iron, Copper or Tin Plate done to order and with promptness and dispatch.

Old Copper, Ginseng, Beeswax, Rags, &c. taken in exchange for goods.

N. B.—Country merchants who want from 10 to